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62,73 MOONS'NURSERIES

Nurserymen since 1767 ★ FEB 8 8 1922 ★ U.S. Design of Aminima HARDY TREES and PLANTS for EVERY PLACE and PURPOSE 1922



Pages 1 - 13 14 - 26 27 - 30 31 - 45 46 - 63 36 - 64 - 68 67 - 75 76 - 78 79 - 80 MODN'S HARDY TREES & PLANTS for EVERY PLACE & PURPOSE 1922

	Pages
Introduction	. 1-13
Evergreens	. 14 - 26
Evergreen Shrubs	27 - 30
Shade Trees	31 - 45
Flowering Shrubs	46 - 63
Roses and Vines	. 64 - 66
Old-Fashioned Flowers (Perennials)	67 - 75
Fruit Trees	. 76 - 78
Complete Index	79 - 80

PENNSYLVANIA which is 1 mile from Trenton. N.J.



Nurserymen Since 1767

NE hundred and fifty-five years ago O the Moon Nursery Industry was established in America. In 1767, James Moon (great-great-grandfather of the President of our company) was engaged in selling fruit trees at a location but seven miles distant from our present site. Each generation since has been Nurserymen, a continuous succession of Nursery endeavor

that we believe to be unequalled by any other concern. The advent of improved facilities for distribution enabled Mahlon Moon, in 1849, to establish at Morrisville, more extensive

nurseries than had hitherto been practicable. This nursery was continued by Samuel C. Moon, until his death in 1911, shortly after which it was amalgamated with our own.

The Glenwood Nursery, or the original enterprise of this company, was established in 1872 by Wm. H. Moon, who in 1890 organized the company which at present bears his name.

This little bit of history shows the background of our presentday business. The accumulated experience of all these years, coupled with the up-to-date ideas with which we constantly endeavor to keep pace, we believe to be of vital interest and benefit to those who avail themselves of our facilities.



pear tree from James Moon's nursery in Sand still hearing fruit 146 years later. This and still bearing fruit 146 years later. is one of the trees covered by the accompanying copy of invoice, showing its cost to have been one shilling.

After all, you are not so much interested in our history as in our ability to serve you in the future, and this is our great purpose.

Sales of trees are recorded in James Moon's account book nine years earlier than this entry, which is shown because it covers the tree pictured above. The currency used was that of England, which circulated in "The Colonies" during the Revolutionary years in which these early sales of trees were made. The nursery of James Moon was probably among the first in America. Each succeeding generation of Moons have been nurserymen. have been nurserymen.

Is Moon's Nurseries the Place for Me to Go for the Trees and Plants I Need to Beautify My Lawn?

I WANT THRIFTY, VIGOROUS STOCK, well-developed and with abundant root systems. I want them

true to name and so carefully handled and packed that they will reach me in perfect condition. That MOON'S NURSERIES can and do answer these requirements would be evident to you either through a visit to our Nurseries or by asking any one who has planted MOON'S stock.

We cordially invite you to inspect our nurseries and to drive over our 400 acres devoted to the arowing of ornamental plants.

In our extensive assortment you would see plants from Asia, Europe and different parts of our own continent. With so many varieties from which to choose, there are plants available for any place and for any purpose for which you need them. As you drive about you would notice how splendidly the plants live up to your requirements of vigor, because of the natural fertility of our soil and the fertilizer used; of symmetry, because of ample spacing in the Nursery rows and by the systematic pruning given; and of root-power, due to frequent root-prunings and transplantings. These costly processes are necessary to insure for you the sum-total of satisfaction you rightfully demand. Ours is a most favorable soil for Evergreens. Its clay-like consistency holds a ball of earth well, thus preserving intact the vital fibrous feeding roots.

AT THE PACKING HOUSE you would note how carefully the plants are handled as the various orders are assembled, and how they are protected from the drying breezes. The careful packing, which is a feature of MOON'S NURSERIES often commented upon by distant customers, is performed with such free use of labor and materials you would wonder how we do it and yet make no charge for it as some Nurseries do.

TO REACH OUR NURSERIES by automobile from New York or Philadelphia, follow the Lincoln Highway to Morrisville, Pa., and turn north on Pennsylvania Avenue. By rail over the Penna. R.R. take express trains to Trenton, N. J., from either New York or Philadelphia. Connect at Warren and Hanover Streets, Trenton, for Newtown or Lambertville cars, which pass our entrance ten minutes distant. Or, if we know of your coming we will have a conveyance to meet you at the station. By "The Reading," alight at Yardley, Pa. Trenton bound trolleys pass our Nurseries.



Moon's Make it Easy to Have a Beautiful Lawn

HAVE YOU HESITATED ABOUT BEAUTIFYING YOUR LAWN because you hardly knew how to go about

it? The proper selection and arrangement of plants in some cases does take more time and study than some busy folks can find to give to the subject. Just what plants to use to screen your (or your neighbor's) clothes yard from the house; to give your lawn seclusion; to relieve the bare look of the house foundation—these are among the problems that perhaps confront you. We have endeavored to make this book as helpful as possible and we feel confident the lists, descriptive matter and illustrations will point the way to the solution of many problems. Some, however, cannot be dealt with in generalities.

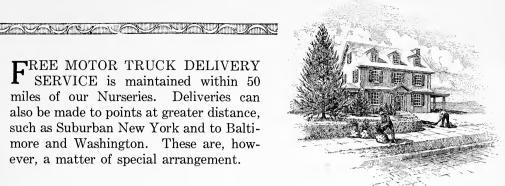
FOR THE SOLUTION OF INDIVIDUAL PROBLEMS we maintain a staff of men, well trained in plant adaptabilities and arrangements. They will gladly give you our ideas on plant selections and arrangements, together with estimate of cost. This is done in either of two ways:

PERSONAL CALLS to go over the problem right on the lawn can often be made within a radius of 50 miles of our Nurseries. Also included in the zone where this service can be arranged are Northern New Jersey, suburban New York generally; Bethlehem, Allentown and environs, suburban Philadelphia and Wilmington; Washington, Baltimore and adjacent Maryland and Virginia.

MOON'S LETTER AID SERVICE is offered to patrons at more distant points. Through it we are able to give you much the same service as is rendered through a personal call, for with a detailed description of your problem, a sketch showing dimensions and existing features and a photo or two if available we can readily visualize it, and give you our ideas and estimate.

PROFESSIONAL LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS should be engaged where the location of walks, drives or pergolas and the like are involved, or where extensive landscape improvements are contemplated. We are acquainted with many of the best Landscape Architects throughout the country to whom we will gladly refer you upon application.

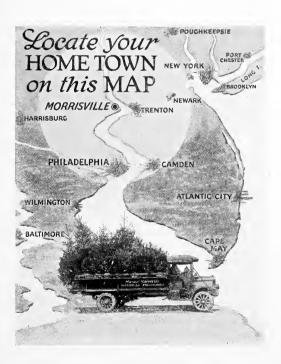
FREE MOTOR TRUCK DELIVERY SERVICE is maintained within 50 miles of our Nurseries. Deliveries can also be made to points at greater distance, such as Suburban New York and to Baltimore and Washington. These are, however, a matter of special arrangement.



ONG DISTANCE SHIPMENTS to - enthusiastic, satisfied customers the country over are made daily during the shipping season. MOON'S resources and facilities are available to all, no matter where located.

ETTING THE PLANTING DONE is another matter in which MOON'S can help you. Frequently we can furnish, at a stated rate, a superintendent to see to the arrangement and planting of the stock. To nearby points laborers from among our regular employees can occasionally be supplied. Then, too, we are acquainted throughout the country with Gardeners to whom we can refer you when planting at more distant points is involved.

THUS MOON'S CO-OPERATE WITH YOU, sharing your planting 1 problems and helping you, to the end that your home grounds may be a spot of beauty, and a joy and a comfort to you which only comes from Trees and Flowers.



Locate your home town on this map. If it is in the light shaded area, free motor delivery of most orders is possible. Beyond this area, the delivery of orders of sufficient size is a matter of easy arrangement.



Our Business Methods Moon's Guarantee

VERYONE knows that transplanting of Trees or Shrubbery is attended with some risk. Nurserymen can do much in the culture and handling of their product to minimize this risk, but quite as much responsibility for success or failure of nursery

stock to grow, depends upon the planting, the care and the weather conditions it encounters over which the Nurseryman has no control.

> THE WM. H. MOON COMPANY AGREES to resupply f. o. b. their nurseries at one-half the original price paid any plants sold at the within published prices, that may die within one year from date of invoice from causes other than abuse or neglect. Two reservations are made: 1st, that the account be paid within 30 days from date of invoice, and 2nd, that in the event we shall not have in stock at the time for replacement plants like those originally supplied or are prevented by strikes, quarantines, or other conditions beyond our control from making shipment of plants needed for replacement, then we are to apply the amount of credit to which the customer is entitled toward the purchase of other plants that he may at the time select and which we can supply.

STATE CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION accompanies each shipment, assuring its freedom from Insect Pests and disease. We further guarantee that stock supplied shall be true to name and up to grade and quality ordered.

REDUCED PRICES THIS YEAR prevail on many items throughout our collection. Further reductions are given "per 10" and "per 100" on most varieties offered. Thus 5 or more plants of any one size and variety will be supplied at the rate per 10; 25 or more of one size and variety at the rate per 100; and where a rate per thousand is given, 250 of one size and variety at the rate per thousand.

Personal selection of the stock at our nurseries is invited, and when selections are so made the stock will be furnished at current prices excepting in cases of special or unusual specimens which will be charged for according to their individual value.

NO CHARGE IS MADE FOR PACKING on stock purchased at within prices or for delivery to freight depots or express offices at Morrisville or Yardley, Pa. or to Trenton, N. J. Plain and explicit shipping instructions are requested with relivery order naming. mode and route for forwarding. Otherwise we will use our own judgment. Perennials should always be shipped by express; other stock may travel either by express or freight; excepting that shipments of over 300 lbs. will not be accepted by the express companies and hence must travel by freight.

DISCOUNT OF 2% WILL BE ALLOWED upon receipt of payment within ten days from date of bill. No credit accommodation is expected to extend beyond 30 days. Financial references are required of persons opening accounts.

Ask the Man Who Has Planted Moon's Trees

AUGUST KUPKA Mar. 18, 1919. December 21, 1921. The Wm. H. Moon Co., Morrisville, Ps. Moon's Nurseries, Morrisville, Pa. Gentlemen: Gentlemen:-I thank you for your letter of the 19th stating that you will replace the unsatisfactory Koster Spruce and Douglass Fir which you sent me this fall, My several orders were placed with your company on the supposition that I could not find a more reliable concern with which to deal. I am not August Ke disappointed in my belief, for elthough some of the stock you sent me was not what it ought to have been you have readily made satisfactory adjustment. The two evergreens in question were a great disappointment and I am gratified that you are going to make the matter Our shubbery planting is about complete for the present so it is not likely I shall have occasion to place any substantial orders for some time, but I shall order from you what I may need and will probably have opportunity I shall expect the evergreens in the Spring. F.A.STUART COMPANY MARSHALL, MICHIGAN Very truly yours, PROPRIETORS STURMES DYSPENSIA PARIETS STURMES DYSPENSIA PARIETS STURMES CHARCON LOZENDES STURMES CHARCON LOZENDES April Fourteenth New JERSEY SENATE The Wm. H. Moon Co., Morrieville, Pa. I enclose herewith check, \$1,607.76 in mount I enclose herewith check, \$1,607.76 in mount for your motion dated, \$32,80.

payment of your cash discrt. \$32,80. William H. Moon Company. Gentlemen:-Your inquery to me relative to the plants I am pleased to advise you that the trees, use, etc., have been received in excellent distance. sold & delivered by your Company, has pleased me more than I can tell you. condition.

I wish to thank you for your attention to
I wish to thank you that I appreciate the
yorder and assure you that it appreciate the
care exercised by you in packing the various items,
and the prompthess of delivery. You appear to have an interest in your plar their growth & condition after you have Parted *1th them, this is unueval. Kindly credit my account with er Kindly credit my account with er remittance and acknowledge receipt. If I am in the market again, will buy from very truly yours, The plants arrived in perfect condition & F.A.STUART, a. D. Costor Secty. have done eplendidly. I as a pleased customer. William Highe These letters are typical of many which we receive each season, and which attest to the quality of the plants supplied, to the care with which they are prepared for shipment, and to our dependability when it comes to the matter of adjustments. Enjoy these same pleasant business relations by entrusting us with your orders.

What to Plant and Where to Plant It

What to Plant and Where to Plant It					
Group Numbers in Which Varieties	1. HEDGE PLANTS.				
Again Appear 5, 6, 7, 15	Deciduous Page Acanthopanax pentaphylla. Aralia 46 Berberris Thunbergii. Japan Barberry 47 Ligustrum, any of the varieties. Privet 55 Stephanandra flexuosa 58 Spirea Van Houttei. Van Houtte's Spirea 59 Syringa, in variety. Lilaes 60 Hibiscus, any of the varieties. Althea 53 Fagus sylvatica. Beech 37 Fagus heterphylla. Fern leaf Beech 37				
	Evergreens				
2, 17 5, 18 2, 16, 17 9 2, 5, 16, 17 5, 9, 18	Thuya, in variety. Arborvitæ 25, 26 Azalea Amoena. Evergreen Azalea 28 Pseudotsuga Douglasii. Douglas Spruce 21 Retinospora Squarrosa. Silver Retinospora 23 Tsuga Canadensis. American Hemlock 26 Ilex Crenata. Japanese Holly 29				
	2. SCREEN OR BORDER PLANTINGS. Evergreens				
16, 17 16, 17 1, 16, 17 9 1, 9, 17 1, 9, 17 1, 9, 17 1, 5, 16, 17	Biota Orientalis. Chinese Arborvitæ 15 Abies. Nikko and Veitchii Fir. 14, 15 Pinus—Red, White and Austrian Pine 21 Pseudotsuga Douglasii. Douglas Spruce 21 Retinosporas. Tall growing varieties 22, 23 Thuya Occidentalis. American Arborvitæ 25 Thuya Pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arborvitæ 25 Thuya Reedii. Reed's Arborvitæ 26 Tsuga Canadensis. Hemlock 26				
17 5, 12 1, 17 13	Acer Ginnala. Siberian Maple				
6, 7, 11, 15 11 5, 8, 12 4 5, 6, 15 5 1, 6, 11, 15	Baccharis halimifolia. Groundsel Bush				
5 5 7 5 7	3. PLANTS FOR GROUND COVERS. Pachysandra Terminalis. Japanese Spurge. 72 Vinca Minor. Myrtle. 66 Lonicera Halleana. Hall's Honeysuckle. 66 Hedera Helix. English Ivy. 66 Rosa Wichuriana and its Hybrids. 65				
	4. PLANTS FOR WET OR MOIST PLACES. Deciduous Trees				
8 12 8, 12 13 12 12 12 10, 11,'15	Betula nigra syn. rubra. Red Birch. 34 Acer Rubrum. Red Maple. 33 Liquidambar Styraciflua. Sweet Gum. 39 Liriodendron Tulipifera. Tulip Tree. 39 Nyssa sylvatica. Sour Gum. 41 Quercus bicolor. Swamp white Oak. 43 Quercus Phellos. Willow-leaved Oak. 44 Platanus Oriental Plane. 42 Salix, in variety. Willows. 44 Taxodium Distichum. Bald Cypress. 44				
5 5 5 5 5 2, 8 6 6 5 5 5, 7	Azalea Vaseyii				
	5. PLANTS FOR SHADY PLACES.				
9 9 9 9, 18	(Perennials will be found listed under Group 19) Evergreen Shrubs Buxus, in variety. Boxwood. 29 Rhododendrons, in variety. 30 Kalmia Latifolia. Mountain Laurel. 30 Leucothoe Catesbaei. 30				

Group Numbers		
Which Varietie Again Appear	es F	age
4, 9, 18	Azalea, in variety	28
9, 18 1, 9, 18	Ilex Crenata. Japanese Holly.	$\frac{27}{29}$
9,18	Abelia Grandiflora Ilex Crenata. Japanese Holly Pieris Japonica (Andromeda). Ilex opaca. American Holly.	$\frac{30}{29}$
3		23
2, 6	Evergreens Juniperus Virginiana, in variety. Cedars	17
9	Pinus Montana Mughus. Mugho Pine	20
1, 9 1, 2, 16, 17	Taxus, in variety. Yews	$\frac{24}{26}$
9	Juniperus Pfitzeriana. Pfitzer's Juniper	16
	Deciduous Shrubs	
12 1, 6, 7, 15	Amelanchier canadensis. Shad Bush Acanthopanax pentaphylla. Aralia	46 46
1,4	Azalea, in variety. Benzoin Aestivale. Spice Bush	47
4	Cephalanthus occidentalis. Button Bush	47 48
13 2, 12	Cercis Canadensis. Red Bud	48 36
2, 12	Cornus florida. Flowering Dogwood. Cornus florida rubra. Pink Flowering Dogwood.	36
4 1 6 8 9 11 12		48 47
4	Hamamelis Virginiana. Witch Hazel	52
9, 15	Cledita Aminoria. Pepper Busii. 15 Berberris. Barberry in variety. Hamamelis Virginiana. Witch Hazel. Hydrangea Arborescens. Hypericum Aureum. St. John's Wort. Ligustrum Ibota and Regelianum. Ibota and Regel's Privet. Hydrangea Quercifolia. Oak-leaved Hydrangea. Forsythia Intermedia. Golden Bell.	54 55
1, 2, 6, 11, 15	Ligustrum Ibota and Regelianum. Ibota and Regel's Privet.	55 54
2, 9	Forsythia Intermedia. Golden Bell.	52
4		55 63
8, 9 7, 8, 15	Vaccinium Corymbosum. High Bush Blueberry Rhodotypus kerrioides. White Kerria	58
7, 8, 15	Symphoricarpus, in variety. Lonicera Tatarica, in varieties. Bush Honeysuckle.	61 56
2, 12	Viburnum, in varieties	62
	6. PLANTS FOR DRY PLACES.	
	Evergreens	
9, 18 18	Juniperus canadensis. Canadian Juniper	16 16
9	Juniperus Pfitzeriana. Pfitzer's Juniper	16
11, 18 2, 5	Juniperus Sabina. Savin's Juniper	17 17
9	Pinus mughus. Mugho Pine	20
0 7 44 45	Deciduous Shrubs	4.77
2, 7, 11, 15 1, 5, 7, 15	Baccharis halimifolia. Groundsel Bush	47 46
1, 5, 8, 9, 11, 12	, 15 Berberris Thunbergii. Japan Barberry. Ligustrum, in variety. Privets	47 55
2, 7	Lonicera Morrowii. Japan Bush Honeysuckle	56
4 7	Potentilla fruticosa Lonicera Fragrantissima. Fragrant Bush Honeysuckle	56 56
5, 7, 9, 11, 18	Yucca filamentosa. Adam's Needle (Evergreen)	30
	7. PLANTS FOR SANDY BANKS.	
	Deciduous Shrubs	
2, 6, 11, 15	Baccharis halimifolia. Groundsel Bush	47 46
1, 5, 6, 15 2, 6, 15	Acanthopanax pentaphylla. Aralia Lonicera Morrowii Japan Bush Honeysuckle	56
2, 6 11	Lonicera Fragrantissima. Fragrant Bush Honeysuckle	56 56
5, 8, 15	Myrica cerifera. Wax Myrtle Symphoricarpus racemosus. Snowberry	61
5, 8, 15 4, 5	Symphoricarpus vulgaris. Coralberry. Zanthorrhiza apiifolia. Yellow Root.	61 63
5, 6, 9, 11, 18	Yucca filamentosa. Adam's Needle (Evergreen)	30
9	Vines	65
3 3	Rosa Wichuriana. Memorial Rose	66
	8. SHRUBS FOR WINTER EFFECTS.	
	Shrubs With Attractive Fruits	
1, 5, 6, 9, 11, 12	15 Berberris Thunbergii Japan Barberry	47
	Callicarpa. Beauty Fruit.	47
5, 7, 15 5, 7, 15 2, 12 2, 12	Callicarpa. Beauty Fruit. Symphoricarpos racemosus. Snowberry. Symphoricarpos vulgaris. Coralberry. Viburnum Opulus. High Bush Cranberry. Viburnum Wrightii. Oriental Viburnum	61 61
2, 12	Viburnum Opulus. High Bush Cranberry	62 62
1, 2, 6, 11, 15	Ligustrum Ibota. Ibota Frivet	55
5, 9	Rhodotypus Kerrioides. White Kerria	58
2, 4	Shrubs With Attractive Twigs or Bark Cornus Siberica. Siberian Dogwood	49
2, 4	Cornus Stolonifera Aurea. Golden-twig Dogwood	49
2, 4	Cornus Amomum. Silky Cornel	49 49

Group Numbers in Which Varieties Again Appear		
		age
4	Acer pennsylvanicum. Moosewood	$\frac{32}{34}$
4, 12	Liquidambar styraciflua. Sweet Gum	39
	9. PLANTS FOR FOUNDATION PLANTING.	
	Deciduous Shrubs. Dwarf Varieties for Edging Beds	
1, 5, 6, 8, 11, 12, 15	6 Berberris Thunbergii. Japan Barberry	47
5	Deutzia gracilis. Dwarf Deutzia Hypericum, in variety. St. John's Wort.	51 55
5, 8	Hypericum, in variety. St. John's Wort. Rhodotypus Kerrioides. White Kerria.	58 60
	Spirea Bumalda. Pink Flowering Spirea. Spirea Anthony Waterer. Crimson Flowering Spirea.	60
1, 5, 11, 15	Spirea Thunbergii. Thunberg's Spirea	59 55
	Deciduous Shrubs. Medium Growing Varieties for Backgrounds	
1 92	Spirea, tall varieties	59 51
2, 5	Spirea, tall varieties. Deutzia, tall varieties. Deutzia Forsythia intermedia. Golden Bell.	52
11 5, 11	Hydrangea grandiflora sterilis. Hydrangea Hills of Snow	54 54
2 ['] 1, 12	Philadelphus coronarius. Mock Orange	57 58
1, 14	Evergreens for Foundation Planting	50
	Biota aurea nana. Berckman's Golden	15
18	Biota conica. Green Chinese Biota	15 5, 17
18 18	Picea Gregoriana. Gregory Spruce. Picea Maxwelli. Dwarf Spruce.	18 18
5, 6, 11, 18	Pinus mughus. Mugho Pine	20
1, 2	Retinospora, in variety. Japan Cypress	., 23 24
1, 2	Taxus, în variety. Yews	, 26
F 10	Broad-leaved Evergreens	
5, 18 5, 18	Azalea, in variety Abelia Grandiflora	28 27
1, 5, 18 5	Ilex creata. Japan Holly. Ilex opaca. American Holly.	29 29
5	Kaimia latilolla. Mountain Laurei	30
5, 18 5, 18	Leucothoe Catesbaei Pieris Japonica	$\frac{30}{30}$
5 5	Rhododendrons, in variety Buxus, in variety. Boxwood Viburnum rhytidophyllum. Evergreen Viburnum	30 29
5	Viburnum rhytidophyllum. Evergreen Viburnum	62
	10. TREES FOR STREET AND AVENUE PLANTING.	
	City Streets	
15	Acer Platanoides. Norway Maple	32
15 4, 11, 15	Gingko biloba. Maiden Hair Tree. Platanus orientalis. Oriental Plane.	$\frac{38}{42}$
11, 12 11, 12	Quercus Coccinea. Scarlet Oak	43 44
11, 12	Tilia vulgaris. European Linden	45
	Ulmus Americana. American Elm.	45
	Street Trees for Suburban and Country Planting All of the above varieties may be used for country streets and in addition:	
12 11, 12	Acer Saccharum. Sugar Maple	$\frac{33}{44}$
, 	Tilia Americana. American Linden	45
	11. PLANTS FOR SEASHORE PLANTING.	
	Evergreens	
5, 9, 18		29
2, 5, 6 5, 6, 9	Ilex Crenata. Japan Holly. Juniperus Virginiana, in variety. Cedars. Juniperus Pfitzeriana. Pfitzer's Juniper.	17 16
6, 18 2, 16, 17	Juniperus Sabina. Savin Juniper Picea Canadensis. White Spruce Pinus nigra austriaca. Austrian Pine.	17 18
16, 17	Pinus nigra austriaca. Austrian Pine.	21
5, 6, 9, 18 16, 17	Pinus mughus. Mugho Pine. Pinus Resinosa. Red Pine	$\frac{20}{21}$
	Deciduous Trees	
4, 10, 15	Platanus orientalis. Oriental Plane	42
4, 10	Quercus, in variety. Oaks	, 40
2, 6, 7, 15	Deciduous Shrubs Baccharis halimifolia. Salt Bush	47
2, 6, 7, 15 1, 5, 6, 8, 9, 12, 15	Berberris Thunbergii. Japan Barberry	47 53
1, 2 5, 9	Hibiscus, in variety. Althea. Hydrangeas, in variety	54
1, 2, 6, 11, 15 6	Hydrangeas, in variety. Ligustrum, in variety. Privet. Myrica cerifera. Wax Myrtle.	55 56

	What to Plant and Where to Plant It—Continued	
Group Numbers in Which Varieties	12. PLANTS WITH BRILLIANT AUTUMN FOLIAGE.	D
Again Appear 4, 10, 11 4, 10 10 2, 5 4, 8 13	Quereus, in variety. Oaks. 4 Acer Rubrum. Red Maple. Acer Saccharum. Sugar Maple. Cornus Florida. Flowering Dogwood. Liquidambar Styraciflua. Sweet Gum Oxydendrum arboreum. Sorrel Tree. Sassafras varifolium. Sassafras	Page 4, 45 33 33 39 41 44
5 1, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, 15 1, 9 2, 5, 8	Deciduous Shrubs Amelanchier Canadensis. Shad Bush. Berberris Thunbergii. Japan Barberry Berberris Illicifolia Crataegus. Hawthorns Rhus, in variety. Sumacs. Stephanandra flexuosa Viburnum, in variety.	46 47 47 50 58 58
2 5 2, 5, 12 4 12	13. FLOWERING TREES. Crataegus. Hawthorns, in variety. Magnolia, in variety. Malus. Flowering Crabs, in variety. Aesculus Hippocastanum. Horse Chestnut. Cerasus. Flowering Cherries. Cereis canadensis. Red Bud. Cornus Florida. Flowering Dogwood, in variety. Fraxinus Ornus. European Flowering Ash. Gleditsia Triacanthos. Honey Locust. Koelreuteria paniculata. Varnish Tree Liriodendron Tulipifera. Tulip Tree. Oxydendrum arboreum. Sorrel Tree. Sorbus Aucuparia. Mountain Ash. Sophora Japonica. Pagoda Tree	50 40 41 34 35 48 36 38 39 41 44 44
2 2 2	14. RAPID-GROWING PLANTS FOR QUICK EFFECTS. Deciduous Trees Acer dasycarpum. Silver Maple	32 32 42 42
	15. PLANTS FOR ADVERSE CITY CONDITIONS. Deciduous Trees	
10 14 10 1, 10, 11	Acer Platanoides. Norway Maple. Ailanthus glandulosa. Tree of Heaven. Gingko biloba. Maiden Hair Tree. Platanus orientalis. Oriental Plane.	$\frac{32}{34}$ $\frac{38}{42}$
2, 6, 7, 11 1, 5, 6, 7 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12 9, 5 1, 2, 6, 11 2, 7, 8	Deciduous Shrubs Baccharis halimifolia. Groundsel Shrub. Acanthopanax pentaphyllum. Aralia. Berberris Thunbergii. Japan Barberry. Hypericum Aureum. St. John's Wort. Ligustrum, in variety. Privets. Lonicera Morrowii. Bush Honeysuckle. Symphoricarpos, in variety.	47 46 47 55 55 56 61
2, 11, 17 2, 11, 17 2, 17 2, 11, 17 2, 11, 17 1, 2, 17 1, 2, 17 2, 9 5, 9 5, 9 5, 9 1, 2, 5, 17	16. EVERGREENS FOR SPECIMEN PLANTING. Abies homolepis. Nikko Fir. Abies cephalonica. Cephalonian Fir. Abies concolor. White Fir. Abies Nordmanianna. Nordman's Fir. Abies Nordmanianna. Nordman's Fir. Abies Veitchii. Manchurian Fir Picea canadensis, syn. alba. White Spruce. Picea orientalis. Oriental Spruce. Picea orientalis. Oriental Spruce. Picea pungens. Colorado Spruce. Picea pungens. Colorado Spruce. Picea pungens glauca. Colorado Blue Spruce. Picea pungens var. Kosterianna Koster's Blue Spruce. Pinus cembra. Swiss Stone Pine. Pinus nigra austriaca. Austrian Pine. Pinus resinosa. Red Pine. Pinus strobus. White Pine. Pseudotsuga canadensis. Douglas Spruce. Retinospora, in variety (except dwarf forms). 2 Sciadopitys verticellata. Japanese Umbrella Pine. Taxus baccata. English Yew. Taxus baccata aurea. Golden English Yew Taxus cuspidata. Japanese Yew. Tsuga canadensis. Hemlock Spruce. Tsuga Seiboldii. Japanese Hemlock.	$\frac{23}{24}$

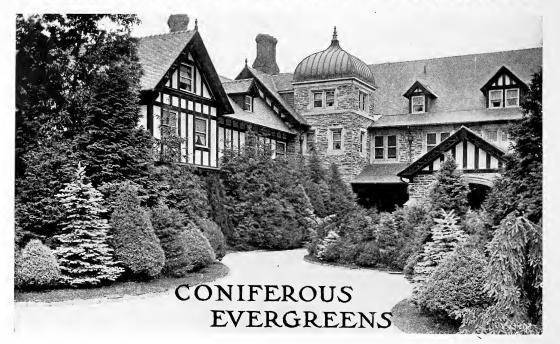
	17. TREES ADAPTED FOR WINDBREAKS.	
Which Varieties Again Appear	Evergreens	Page
2, 16 , 2 1, 16 2, 11, 16 3, 11, 16 4, 2, 16 4, 2, 16 , 2 , 2 , 2 , 2, 5, 16	Abies, Nikko and Veitchii. Picea alba, excelsa and orientalis. Pinus Austriaca. Austrian Pine Pinus Resinosa. Red Pine Pinus Strobus. White Pine Pinus Stylvestris. Scotch Pine Pseudotsuga Douglasii. Douglas Spruce Pseudotsuga Douglasii. Douglas Spruce Thuya occidentalis. American Arborvitæ Thuya Reedii. Reed's Arborvitæ Thuya Pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arborvitæ Tsuga Canadensis. Hemlock Spruce Deciduous Trees	14, 15 18 21 21 21 21 21 21 25 26
2 1, 2 2, 14	Carpinus. Hornbeam	$\frac{35}{37}$ $\frac{42}{42}$
	18. ROCK AND ALPINE PLANTS.	
	Evergreens	
5 5, 9 6, 6, 9	Juniperus Sabina. Savin Juniper Juniperus Japonica. Japanese Juniper. Juniperus Japonica. Japanese Juniper. Juniperus tamariscifolia. Tamarisk Juniper. Juniperus Communis. Canadian Juniper. Juniperus Communis. Canadian Juniper. Picea excelsa Gregoriana. Gregory's Dwarf Spruce Picea Maxwellii. Maxwell Spruce. Pinus mughus. Mugho Pine Retinospora gracilis nana. Dwarf Japan Cypress. Taxus cuspidata brevifolia. Japan Dwarf Yew Taxus repandens. English spreading Yew.	17 17 16 16 18
	Evergreen Shrubs	
5, 9 1, 5, 9 1, 5, 9 5, 9	Abelia grandiflora. Bush Arbutus. Azalea, in variety. Japanese Evergreen Azalea. Calluna vulgaris. Heather. Cotoneaster, prostrate forms. Cotoneaster Daphne Cneorum. Daphne. llex Crenata. Japanese Holly. Leucothoe Catesbaei. Leucothoe.	28 27 28 27 29
	Perennials A series Destro Miller	07
	Agrostemma Coronaria. Dusty Miller Alyssum Saxatile var. Compactum. Golden Tuft Aquilegia, in variety. Columbine Arabis alpina. Rock Cress. Armeria Maritima. Sea Thrift Aubrietia Deltoides. Purple Rock Cress. Campanula Carpatica. Carpathian Harebell Cerastium Tomentosum. Snow-in-Summer Dianthus Plumarius, in variety. Grass Pinks. Gypsophilla Stevenii. Dwarf Baby's Breath Heucheria sanguinea. Alumroot. Iberis Sempervirens. Hardy Candytuft Iris, Siberian and German varieties. Lysimachia Nummularia. Myosotis Palustris. Forget-me-not. Phlox Subulata, in variety. Moss Pink Phlox Ovata syn. Carolina. Mountain Phlox Plumbago Larpentæ. Lead Wort. Primula Veris. English Cowslip Saxifraga Crassifolia. Saxifrage Sedum, in variety. Sempervivium. Houseleek Statice Latifolia. Sea Lavender Thymus Serohyllum var. Coccinea Tunica Saxifraga 19. PERENNIALS FOR PARTIALLY SHADED LOCATIONS.	68 69 69 69 70 71 72 72 74 74 74 75 75 75
	Aquilegia, in variety. Columbine Anemone. Wind Flower Astilbe. Meadow Sweet Coreopsis lanceolata. Coreopsis. Convallaria Majalis. Lily-of-the-Valley Delphinium. Larkspur Digitalis. Foxglove Dicentra spectabilis. Bleeding Heart. Eupatorium, in variety. Ferns. Hardy. Funkia, in variety. Plantain Lilies. Hemerocallis. Day Lilies. Hypericum. St. John's Wort. Linum perenne. Perennial Flax Lobelia cardinalis. Cardinal Flower. Myosotis palustris. Forget-me-not. Papaver. Poppies. Phlox divaricata. Perry's Variety. Primula veris. English Cowslip Saxifraga Crassifolia. Saxifrage. Viola. Tufted Pansies.	68 68 70 70 70 70 70 71 71 71 72 72 72 74 74

What to Plant and Where to Plant It—Continued

Elain Dinne	D
Edging Plants Alyssum saxatile var. compactum	Page 68
Cerastium tomentosum. Snow-in-Summer	68 69
Centaurea Montana, in variety. Perennial Cornflower. Chrysanthemum Hybridum. Shasta Daisy	69 69
Arabis Alpina. Rock Cress. Armeria, in variety. Sea Thrift. Cerastium tomentosum. Snow-in-Summer Centaurea Montana, in variety. Perennial Cornflower. Chrysanthemum Hybridum. Shasta Daisy. Dianthus Plumarius, in variety. Pinks Funkia, in variety. Plantain Lilies. Gaillardia grandiflora. Blanket Flower Geum coccineum. Iberis sempervirens. Hardy Candytuft. Myosotis palustris. Forget-me-not. Phlox subulata. Moss Pink. Primula veris. English Cowslip. Saxifraga Crassifolia. Saxifrage Sedum Sieboldi. Statice latifolia. Sea Lavender. Medium Growing Plants	70
Funkia, in variety. Plantain Lilies	70, 71 71
Geum coccineum	$\frac{71}{71}$
Myosotis palustris. Forget-me-not	$\begin{array}{c} 71 \\ 72 \end{array}$
Phlox subulata. Moss Pink	$\frac{74}{74}$
Saxifraga Crassifolia. Saxifrage	$\frac{1}{25}$
Statice latifolia. Sea Lavender	75 75
Medium Growing Plants Achillea Ptarmica. The Pearl Anemone Japonica, in variety. Anthemis Tinctoria. Golden Marguerite. Aquilegia, in variety. Astilbe, in variety. Meadow Sweet Caryopteris mastacanthus. Blue Spirea Campanula, in variety. Bell Flowers. Dianthus barbatus. Sweet William Dicentra Spectabilis. Bleeding Heart Digitalis gloxinæflora, in variety. Forgloves Eupatorium, in variety. Gypsophila paniculata. Baby's Breath Helenium Riverton Beauty. Hemerocallis, in variety. Day Lilies. Hypericum. St. John's Wort. Iris. German, Japanese and Siberian Lychnis Viscaria fi. pl. Lysimachia Clethroides Peonies, in variety. Phlox paniculata. Platycodon Grandiflora. Balloon Flower Rudbeckia purpurea. Rudbeckia purpurea. Rudbeckia Newmanii Salvia Azure. Blue Sage. Sedum spectabilis. Stone Crop. Heliopsis Pitcheriana. Veronica longifolia var. subsessilis. Valeriana coccinea.	
Achillea Ptarmica. The Pearl	67 68
Anthemis Tinctoria. Golden Marguerite	68
Aguilegia, in variety Moadow Sweet	68 68
Caryopteris mastacanthus. Blue Spirea	69
Campanula, in variety. Bell Flowers	$\frac{69}{70}$
Dicentra Spectabilis. Bleeding Heart	70
Eupatorium, in variety. Foxgloves.	70 70
Gypsophila paniculata. Baby's Breath.	71
Hemerocallis, in variety. Day Lilies	$\frac{71}{71}$
Hypericum. St. John's Wort.	71
Lychnis Viscaria fl. pl.	$\frac{72}{72}$
Lysimachia Clethroides	72 73
Phlox paniculata	74
Platycodon Grandiflora. Balloon Flower	$\frac{74}{75}$
Rudbeckia Newmanii	75
Salvia Azure. Blue Sage Sedum spectabilis. Stone Crop	75 75
Heliopsis Pitcheriana	71
Valeriana coccinea	75 75
Tall Growing Perennials for Backgrounds	
Achillea Eupatorium. Fern-leaved Yarrow	67 68
Asters, in varietyBoltonia Asteroides. False Chamomile.	69
Anchusa Italica var. Dropmore	$^{67}_{70}$
Anchusa Italica var. Dropmore. Delphinium, in variety. Larkspur. Digitalis Gloxinaeflora. Foxgloves.	70
Helianthus. Hardy Sunflowers	71
Hollyhocks, single and double Liatris elegans. Blazing Star	71
Monardia didyma splendens	$\frac{72}{72}$
Phlox, tall varieties	74 75
Monardia didyma splendens. Phlox, tall varieties Rudbeckia laciniata fl. pl. Golden Glow Thalictrum Glaucum	75
TREES WITH WEEPING HABIT.	
Evergreen Trees	
Abies pectinata var. pendula. Weeping European Silver Fir	$\frac{15}{18}$
Picea excelsa pendula. Weeping Norway Spruce. Picea pungens Kosteri. Weeping Koster's Blue Spruce Tsuga canadensis Sargentii. Sargent's Weeping Hemlock.	19
	26
Deciduous Trees Betula alba var. laciniata pendula. Weeping Cut-leaf Birch	34
Cerasus japonica var. rosea pendula. Japan Flowering Cherry. Cornus florida pendula. Weeping White Dogwood. Fagus sylvatica pendula. Weeping European Beech.	35
Fagus sylvatica pendula. Weeping White Dogwood	$\frac{36}{37}$
Fagus sylvatica pendula var. Riversii. Rivers Weering Eeech	37 39
Fagus sylvatica pendula var. Riversii. Rivers Weering Eeech. Morus alba pendula. Tea's Weeping Mulberry. Salix babylonica. Weeping Willow. Salix elegantissima. Thurlow's Weeping Willow.	44
Salix elegantissima. Thurlow's Weeping Willow	44 44
PLANTS WITH ODD OR BRIGHT-COLORED FOLIAGE.	7.7
Acer platanoides var. cuculatum. Crimp-leaved Maple	32
Acer platanoides var. Reitenbachii. Leaves blood-red in Summer	32 32
Acer platanoides var. Schwedleri. Leaves bright red in Spring	33
Fagus sylvatica heteraphylla. Fern-leaved Beech.	$\frac{37}{37}$
Fagus sylvatica heteraphylla. Fern-leaved Beech. Fagus sylvatica var. purpurea. Purple or Copper Beech. Fagus sylvatica rosea marginata. Tri-color Beech. Fagus sylvatica var. Riversii. River's Purple Recch.	37
Fagus sylvatica var. Riversii. River's Purple Reech Prunus pisardii. Purple-leaved Plum	$\begin{array}{c} 37 \\ 42 \end{array}$
1 mino pion alle 1 m pe-leaved 1 min	







N this group are contained some of the most valued plants for landscape effects. Only a personal familiarity with the various plants in our collection could give you an adequate idea of the variety of color effects they present. There are deepest and lightest greens, bright and sombre golden tints, and soft steelgreys and blues. The diversity of habit of growth in this class provides truly "a plant for every place and purpose"-some for the limited areas of foundation plantings or for bed and border uses, others as screens, hedges and windbreaks and for group and specimen plantings. Many of the larger growing varieties, because they endure shearing, are adapted for use along with the more dwarf types.

For Winter cheer Evergreens are unexcelled. bright, warm foliage is always a welcome note in the

The Firs—Abies

HE Firs are mostly quick-growing, hardy Evergreens, of pyramidal form, and symmetrical outline. Some of the most ornamental tall-growing Evergreens are contained in this group, and the beauty of many of these varieties is best displayed when they are used as specimens-though they are also valued for mass plantings.

101 mass plantings.
SILVER CORK-BARKED FIR. ABIES ARIZONICA (M). Slender habit, silvery green foliage. Interest ing cream-colored, corky bark.
ing cream-colored, corky bark. Eac $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. \$6.0 2 to 3 ft. 8.5
CEPHALONIAN FIR. ABIES CEPHALONICA. (M Develops a conical form, with rigid, dark gree needles. Best suited for plantings south of Nev
York. Each Per 1 1½ to 2 ft. \$3.50 \$25.0 2 to 3 ft. 5.00 40.0

Evergreens are bright and cheery the year round. The warm green of their foliage cuts the keen edge of Winter and theyare greatlyappreciated in that season.

landscape, but with the branches arched and laden with snow, the deep green needles standing out in contrast, they present a picture of indescribable beauty.

In our assortment are varieties for all the uses outlined above. We would particularly call attention to a fine stock of specimens 8 to 20 feet high which we have been years in raising and which are capable of producing immediate effects upon your lawn.

The following key is designated to assist in the selection of Evergreens of the different types which are best suited for the location in which it is desired to plant them:

Varieties marked (L) usually attain a height of 60 ft. or over at maturity; (M) 30 to 60 ft.;(S) 10 to 30 ft.; (D) 4 to 10 ft.; (VD) below 4 ft.

"var." indicates a variety of the last named species.

PARNASSUS FIR. VAR. APOLLINIS.	(M). Symmet-
rical growth with dark green r	needles: appearing
best as a specimen. Somewhat	hardier than the
parent type.	Each Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$6.50 \$50.00
4 to 5 ft	9.00 65.00
5 to 6 ft	12.00 90.00
6 to 8 ft	16.00 125.00

CILICIAN FIR.					
spreading nat	ure. Ne	edles	lustr	ous gr	een. Its
beauty best di	isplayed	when	used	indivi	dually, or
in open groupii	ngs.		F	Cach	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft			\$	2.50	\$20.00
2 to 3 ft.					30.00
3 to 4 ft				5.00	40.00

NIKKO FIR. ABIES HOMOLEPIS, SYN. BRACHYPHYLLA. (L). A native of Japan with quick, rather open growth and dark green needles. We especially. recommend it as one of the best of the Firs.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$3.50	\$30.00	
3 to 4 ft	5.00	40.00	\$350.00
4 to 5 ft	6.00	50.00	450.00
5 to 6 ft	8.00	65.00	
6 to 7 ft	10.00	85.00	
7 to 8 ft	14.00		





WHITE FIR. ABIES CONCOLOR. (L). Soft, glaucous green foliage. Especially hardy and generally develops into a beautiful specimen.

	Each Per 10
1½ to 1½ ft	\$2.50 \$20.00
1½ to 2 ft	3.50 30.00
2 to 2½ ft	5.00 42.50
2½ to 3 ft	7.50 60.00
3 to 4 ft	10.00 75.00
4 to 5 ft	15.00
5 to 6 ft	20.00
6 to 7 ft	25.00
7 to 8 ft	30.00



The Nordmann's Fir makes a wonderful individual specimen with needles a deeper, more lustrous green than most Evergreens. We offer a stock of splendid trees that should develop for you as this tree has on a lawn at our Nurseries.

WESTERN BALSAM FIR. ARIES LASIOCARPA. (M). Dark green needles, broad, spreading nature and											
fairly rapid growt		adapted	for group								
plantings.	Each	Per 10	Per 100								
2 to 2½ ft	\$3.00	\$22.50									
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	4.00	30.00									
3 to 4 ft	5.00	40.00	\$300.00								
4 to 5 ft	6.00	50.00									

NORDMANN'S FIR. ABIES NORDMANNIANA. (L). Thrives under city conditions. Its wide needles, lustrous dark green above, with silvery under-surface, and its dense habit of growth produce a particularly rich effect.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft	\$2.50	\$20.00	
2 to 2½ ft	4.00	35.00	\$300.00
2½ to 3 ft	6.00	50.00	400.00
3 to 4 ft	9.00	75.00	
4 to 5 ft	12.00		
5 to 6 ft	17.50	140.00	
6 to 7 ft	22.50	200.00	

EUROPEAN SILVER FIR. ABIES PECTINATA	
Rapid, rather open growth. Needles gloss	y green
above, silvery white beneath. Each	
1½ to 2 ft\$2.50	\$17.50
2 to 3 ft 4.00	30.00
3 to 4 ft 5.00	

WEEPING EUROPEAN SILVER FIR.	VAR. PENDULA.
	T3 1

21/2	to to	3	ft																	Fac \$7.5	0
5	to	6	11	į٠.				٠		٠										15.0	0

VEITCH'S SILVER FIR. ABIES VEITCHII. (L). Narrow outline. Needles silvery beneath, making an effective contrast when the branches are up-

turned by the wind.			
·	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$4.00	\$35.00	\$300.00
3 to 4 ft	5.00	45.00	
4 to 5 ft	7.00		
5 to 6 ft	9.00		
7 to 8 ft	15.00		
8 to 10 ft	20.00		

The Chinese Arborvitæ—Biota

ORE delicately cut foliage, arranged in perpendicular fronds, distinguish these plants from the better known Arborvitæ which they closely resemble. They are useful in foundation and group plantings and for producing formal effects. Not dependably hardy North of New York.

CHINESE ARBORVITÆ. BIOTA ORIENTALIS. (S). Columnar habit. Best adapted for bed or border plantings where its light green foliage lends a pleasing note of contrast.

				Each	Per 10	Per 100
2	to a	3	ft	\$2.00	\$15.00	
3	to 4	4	ft	3.00	25.00	\$200.00
4	to 8	5	ft	4.50	40.00	300.00
5	to 6	6	ft	5.50	45.00	400.00
6	to 8	3	ft	7.00	60.00	
10	to 1	12	ft	20.00		

VAR. AUREA CONSPICUA. (S). Narrow, pyramidal growth. Golden foliage, suffused with green.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft	. \$3.00	\$25.00
2 to 3 ft	4.50	40.00
3 to 4 ft	6.00	50.00
4 to 5 ft	7.50	

BERCKMAN'S GOLDEN ARBORVITÆ. VAR. AUREA NANA. (D). A favorite little, globe-shaped plant. Perpendicular fronds with golden edgings produce a striking effect. Each Per 10 Per 100

1 to 1¼ fi	\$2.50	\$20.00	
$1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	3.00	25.00	
1½ to 2 ft	3.75	32.50	\$300.00
2^{-1} to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	5.00	40.00	
· -			

COMPACT ORIENTAL ARBORVITÆ. VAR. COMPACTA. (D). Formal, compact habit. Fresh, bright green foliage. Each Per 10 1½ to 2 ft..... \$3.50 \$30.00 2½ to 3 ft.... 5.50 50.00 to 4 ft...... 7.50

VAR. CONICA. (D). Symmetrical, bushy tree of slow growth. Beautiful, dark green foliage.

			Elach	Per 10
11/2	to 2	ft	\$3.00	\$25.00
		ft		35.00
3	to 4	ft	6.00	50.00

ROLLINSON'S GOLDEN BIOTA. VAR. ELEGANTISSIMA. (S). Of narrow, pyramidal outline. Foliage effect golden in summer, bronze in winter. Valuable for color contrast in mixed Evergreen plantings.

			I	Cach Per 1	10
2	to 21/2	ft	\$	4.50 \$40.0	00
		ft		6.00 50.0	0(
3	to 4	ft		8.00 70.0	00
4	to 5	ft	1	0.00 85.0	0(
5	to 6	ft	1	2.50	



300000000000000000



The Cedars—Cedrus

MT. ATLAS	SILVER	CEDAR.	CEDRUS	ATLANTICA
		ately, pyra	ımidal hab	oit. Tufted
light blue	ioliage.			Each

																							Each
8	to.	10	ft																				\$20.00
	•			 	٠.	٠.	•	٠.	•	•	٠.	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	Ψ=0.00
10	to	12	ft	 															,				27.50

CEDAR OF LEBANON. CEDRUS LEBANI. Associated with sacred writings and biblical places. A picturesque, broad-headed tree with dark green foliage.

	Each
8 to 10 ft	\$25.00
10 to 12 ft	30.00
12 to 14 ft	40.00

The Oriental Yew—Cephalotaxus

CHINESE YEW.			
Upright, spread			
2 to 3 inches	long. Goo	d for partially	$_{ m shaded}$
places.			

•	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft. spread	\$12.50	\$100.00
4 to 5 ft spread	17.50	

The Chamæcyparis

CHAMÆ	CYPARIS N	NOOTKAT	ENSIS.	VAR.	GLAUCA.
SYN.	THUYOPSIS	BOREALIS.	VAR.	GLAUC	A. (S).

	Each	Per 10
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	 \$3.75	\$32.50
3 to 4 ft	 7.00	60.00

The Cryptomeria

. Lовы сом	IPACTA.
somewhat	open,
·like foliage	, light
Lacii	Per 10
\$8.50	
12.50	100.00

The Cypress—Cupressus

6 to 8 ft.....

LA	WSON'S (M). pendulo	A us	bea bra	uti nel	iful hes		ev F	er o	gı lia	ee ge	en	ha	vi	ng	: :	gr	aceful,
	and of a	a gi	rayıs	sh-g	gre	en	c	olo	or.								Each
	4 to 5 f	t										 					\$7.50
	5 to 6 f	t															10.00
	7 to 8 f																17 50

The Junipers and Cedars—Juniperus

HIS group embraces a wide diversity of foliage color, form, and size. Varieties may be found here for individual planting, formal effects, groups, borders, or mass plantings on rocky slopes and sand-

CHINESE JUNIPER. JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS. (S). Pyramidal habit with particularly ornamental light

green foliage.		
5	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft	\$10.00	ባበ በበቃ

DROOPING CHINESE JUNIPER. VAR. PENDULA. (S). Spreading branches, pendulous at the ends.

			Each
4 to 5 It	 	• • • •	 8.00

PFITZER'S JUNIPER. VAR. PFITZERIANA. Vase-shaped, spreading growth and light green foliage producing a beautiful, soft effect. Extremely hardy. Thrives under city conditions.

11/1/00/0	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft. x 1½ to 2 ft. broad	\$5.00	\$45.00	
2 to 3 ft. x 2 to 3 ft. broad	7.00	60.00	\$550.00
broad	10.00	90.00	
3 to 4 ft	12.50	110.00	

banks. The Junipers possess great vigor, and when once established will thrive under the most adverse conditions-in bleak and barren locations; at the seashore; in low damp grounds; poor soils, etc.

GOLDEN CHINESE JUNIPER. VAR. AUREA. (D). Though comparatively short lived, it is valuable because of its showy golden foliage. Each 5 to 6 ft..... \$12.50

TRAILING JUNIPER. VAR. PROCUMBENS. (VD). For use in rock gardens and as a ground cover on banks or terraces, in which latter place it should be planted in colonies. Each Per 10 Per 100 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. spread. . $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. \$1.75 \$15.00 \$125.00 2.50 20.00 2 to 3 ft...... $\bar{3}.50$ 30.00

CANADIAN JUNIPER. JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS. SYN. CANADENSIS. (VD). Valued for the same uses as the above. Light green foliage, and spreading growth. Good also for naturalistic plantings.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
$1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$1.50	\$12.50	\$100.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	2.00	16.00	125.00

Have you read the introductory pages? They are full of interest to the plant lover.



The entrancing approach to the home of E. P. Earle, Montclair, N. J. Designed by Edmund K. Brown, Landscape Architect, and executed with our products. Dwarf Junipers, Mugho Pines, Dwarf Spruces and Dwarf Yews, are suited for producing an effect like this, and are invaluable for spots where plants "that will stay small" are wanted.





DOUGLAS DWARF GOLDEN JUNIPER.		
CANADENSIS AUREA. SYN. DOUGLASII.	(VD).	
Golden form of the Canadian Juniper and		
in the same ways. Valued also for color co	ontrast	Ċ
in bed and border plantings.		
T 1 D 10	D 100	

1 to 1¼ ft	Each	Per 10	Per 100
	\$1.50	\$12.50	\$100.00
$1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	2.00	16.00	125.00

DWARF SWEDISH JUNIPER. VAR. SUECICA NANA. (D). Compact, bushy, somewhat formal outline, with bluish-green foliage. Good for bed plantings.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 to 1¼ ft	\$1.75	\$13.50	
11/4 to 11/2 ft	2.75	22.50	\$175.00
1½ to 2 ft	3.50	30.00	
2 to 2½ ft	4.50	40.00	

JUNIPERUS EXCELSA. VAR. VENUSTA. (S). Hardy, compact, columnar type with steel-gray foliage.

Very distinct and desirable.

Each Per 10

4	to	5	ft										\$7.50		
			ft												
6	to	7	ft		٠.		 						12.50	\$110	.00

JAPANESE JUNIPER. JUNIPERUS JAPONICA. (D).
Bushy, spreading growth, with light green foliage.
For group and border planting.

				Lacn	Per 10
11/2	to	2	ft	\$3.00	\$25.00
2	to	21/2	ft	4.50	35.00
			ft		
5	to	6	ft	10.00	
7	to	8	ft	17.50	
8	to	10	ft	22.50	

GOLDEN JAPANESE JUNIPER. VAR. AUREA. (D). Dwarf spreading nature. Its bright golden foliage adds color variety to the foreground of mixed Evergreen plantings.

	_							Each
1½ t	ю <u>2</u>	ft	 		 		 	\$4.00
2 t	0 3	ft	 ٠.	٠.	 • • •	• • • •	 • • • •	5.50

SAVIN JUNIPER. JUNIPERUS SABINA. (VD). A vase-shaped, somewhat upright plant with deep green foliage. Valued for rockeries, groups and borders in combination with other low-growing Evergreens.

			Lacn	rerio	rer 100
1	to 11/4	ft	\$1.25	\$10.00	
11/4	to 1½	ft	1.75	14.00	
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to 2	ft	2.50	20.00	\$150.00
2	to 3	f t	3.75	32.50	

TAMARIX-LEAVED JUNIPER. VAR. TAMARISCIFOLIA. (VD). Low, spreading, with delicate bluish-green foliage. For rockeries and foregrounds.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 1½ ft. spread	\$3.00	\$25.00
1½ to 2 ft. spread	5.00	40.00
2 to 3 ft. spread	7.50	

RED CEDAR. Juniperus Virginiana. (M). Our native Red Cedar, useful as formal specimens, or in groups and for producing naturalistic effects.

		Each	Per 10
2 to 3	3 ft	\$2.50	\$20.00
3 to 4	4 ft	3.50	30.00
4 to	5 ft	4.50	40.00
	6 ft .	6.00	50.00
	7 ft	7.00	60.00
7 to 3	8 f t	9.00	75.00

GOLDEN VIRGINIA CEDAR. VAR. ELEGANTISSIMA (M). Slender outline with light golden foliage.

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft	\$8.00	\$70.00
6 to 7 ft	10.00	85.00
7 to 8 ft	12.50	100.00

BLUE VIRGINIA CEDAR. VAR. GLAUCA. (M). Formal, slender type most nearly corresponding to the classic Cypress. Distinctive glaucous foliage.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft	\$17.50	\$150.00
10 to 12 ft	22.00	

GLOBE JUNIPER. VAR. GLOBOSA. (VD). Very hardy, dwarf and compact, with bright green foliage.

_	Each	Per 10
1 to 1½ ft	\$2.75	\$25.00
1½ to 2 ft	4.50	40.00
3 to 4 ft	10.00	

KOSTER'S JUNIPER. VAR. KOSTERII. (S). Glaucous foliage and erect, rather loose, open growth, presenting a graceful appearance. Its blue seed vessels are an added feature.

4 to	5 ft	 	\$10.00

VAR. SCHOTTII. (S). Distinct light green foliage. Habit columnar and formal.

	Bacii	161 10
7 to 8 ft	\$14.00	
8 to 10 ft		\$150.00
0 10 10 11	11.50	. \$190.00

VAR. CANNARTII. (S). Pyramidal form. Dark green foliage with abundant showy blue berries.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft	\$6.50	\$55.00
5 to 6 ft		70.00



Dean's House, Princeton Graduate School, (Beatrix Farrand, Landscape Architect) about which much of our stock has been used. The large Retinosporas and Arborvitæs as well as several other Evergreens that we offer are suited for sentinel planting and for use wherever specimens and groups for immediate effects are desired.





The Spruces—Picea

THESE trees are probably better known and more widely planted than any other family of Evergreens. They are almost universally reliable mature rapidly, and live to a ripe old age. The tall growing varieties are most effective as screens, while other varieties in group plantings and as individual specimens are equally good. Because of the arrangement of the branches on the upright-growing sorts, these trees catch and hold the snow in a most graceful manner, producing beautiful winter landscapes.

ALCOCK'S SPRUCE.			
Slender spreading br			
above, silvery-blue	beneath,	producing	valuable
color contrast.			-

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft	\$3.50	\$30.00
3 to 4 ft	6.00	50.00

WHITE SPRUCE. PICEA CANADENSIS. SYN. ALBA. (L). Grayish-blue foliage. Does well near the seashore and in northern latitudes. Effective as a specimen or in screens and windbreaks.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
4 to 5 ft	\$5.00	\$42.50	\$375.00
8 to 10 ft	17.50		
10 to 12 ft	30.00		
12 to 14 ft	40.00		
14 to 16 ft	60.00		

DWARF WHITE SPRUCE. VAR. NANA. (VD). Foliage, gray-green; outline attractive. Particularly good in bed planting.

		Lacn	Per 10
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		\$5.00 6.00	\$45.00
- 00 -/2	 	 0.00	

NORWAY SPRUCE. PICEA EXCELSA. (L). The best known Spruce. Fine as a specimen, for screens and windbreaks. As a sheared hedge it becomes almost impenetrable.

	•	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
11/	to 2 ft	\$1.50	\$12.50	\$100.00
2	to 3 ft	2.25	20.00	
8	to 10 ft	17.50	140.00	
10	to 12 ft	27.50	220.00	
12	to 14 ft	40.00	350.00	

TIGER-TAIL SPRUCE. VAR. ELATA. (S). A grotesque tree with long, slender branches growing at awkward angles.

												Eacn
7 to	8 ft	 										\$12.50
8 to :	10 ft	 ٠.						•				15.00

GREGORY SPRUCE. VAR. GREGORIANA. (VD). Useful wherever a dwarf Evergreen of dense, compact form is wanted. Dark green color.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
$1 \text{ to } 1\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4} \text{ to } 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft}$	\$2.50	\$20.00	
1 to $1\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3.50	30.00	\$250.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \text{ ft.} \dots$	5.00	40.00	
1½ to 2 x 2 to 3 ft	6.00	50.00	450.00
2 to 3 x 2 to 3 ft	10.00		
$3 \text{ to } 4 \times 3 \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.}$	17.50		

MAXWELLI'S SPRUCE. VAR. MAXWELLII. (VD). Exceedingly dwarf and compact, with bright green needles. Adapted for very limited areas.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 in	\$3.00	\$25.00
8 to 10 in	4.00	35.00
1 to $1\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	7.00	
1 to $1\frac{1}{4}$ x 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	10.00	



It is in Winter especially, their branches laden with newly-fallen snow, that Evergreens are most appreciated. Are you planting your lawn so that you can enjoy such a scene as this next Winter from your own cozy armchair by the crackling fireplace?

INVERTED SPRUCE. VAR. PENDULA. (S). Possesses a contorted habit of growth with its pendulous or drooping branches. Planted in groups on large lawns or in parks the effect is most striking and

unusuai.	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft	\$20.00	
10 to 12 ft	30.00	\$250.00
12 to 14 ft	40.00	350.0 0
14 to 16 ft	50.00	

VAR. PYGMÆA. (VD). Densely branched type, much used in beds of mixed Evergreens. Each Per 10

$1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$ to 2 x $1\frac{1}{4}$			$$25.00 \\ 40.00$
DVDAMIDAL CDE	HCE WAR	D	(3.5)

PYRAMIDAL SPRUCE. VAR. PYRAMIDALIS. (M). Columnar in form. A rapid grower and useful for screens in limited areas.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
8 to 10 ft	\$15.00	\$125.00	\$1000.00
10 to 12 ft	20.00	150.00	1250.00

REMONT'S SPRUCE. VAR. REMONTII. dwarf variety of broad pyramidal growth. Each 1 to 1¼ ft..... \$3.00

SERBIAN SPRUCE. PICEA OMORIKA. (L). Distinct and ornamental, of dense and narrow outline.

Shining dark green needles.	Each	Per 10
1½ to 1½ ft	\$2.00	\$15.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3.00	27.50
2 to 3 ft	4.00	35.00

Plant a row, or some groupings, of the Evergreens listed in group 17, page 12 in the way of prevailing Winter winds so that their force will be broken before they reach the house. You will find such a planting a good investment in coal bills saved, and a source of added beauty and consequently of added value to your property. value to your property.





EAS	STERN	OR ORIENTA	AL SPRU	CE. PICE	A ORIEN-
	TALIS.	(L). Compact	and shap	ely, one of	our best
	Evergre	ens for specim	en or grou	ip planting	. Short.
	dark, lu	strous needles.	Each	Per 10	Per 100
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to	2 ft	\$2.00	- 01 -0	- 01 100

	,		ous mooures.	Lacii	rerio	rer 100
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	ft	\$2.00		
	to	3	ft	3.00	\$25.00	\$200.00
3	to	4	ft	4.00	35.00	300.00
4	to	5	ft	5.50	45.00	
	to	12	ft	30.00	250.00	
12			ft		350.00	
14	to	16	ft	50.00	400.00	

ΡI							Pyran					
	rigid	, l	igh	t-gr	een	nee	$_{ m edles.}$	Att	ractiv	re I	but	com-
	para	tive	ely	rare	€.		Each		Per 1	0	Pe	r 100
	11/2	to	2	ft			\$3.00		\$25.00	0		
							5.00		40.0	0	\$3	50.00
	3	to	4	ft.			7.00					
	4	to	5	ft.			-10.00		75.00)		
	5 -	to	6	ft			15.00		125.00	0		
	8	to	10	ft.			25.00					
	10	to	12	ft			40.00					

COLORADO SPRUCE. PICEA PUNGENS. (L). Foliage varies from light green to blue. One of the favorite Spruces and one which we especially recommend. Hardy and symmetrical.

			\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
11/2	to 2	ft	\$3.00	\$25.00	
2	to 21/2	ft	4.50	40.00	\$350.00
		ft	6.00	50.00	450.00
3´~		ft	8.00	70.00	

Evergreens symbolize a cheerful personality—a personality undaunted by the storms of life—a personality that can smile in the face of adversity. Plant them as memorials.

GOLDEN COLORADO SPRUCE. VAR. AUREA.	(\mathbf{L}) .
The foliage of this variety has a golden cast.	()

	\mathbf{Each}
7 to 8 ft	\$20.00

BLUE COLORADO SPRUCE. VAR. GLAUCA. (L). We offer some especially well-developed specimens in this sort. The symmetrical outline and bluegreen foliage make them exceedingly attractive.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft	\$40.00	
10 to 12 ft	60.00	\$500.00
12 to 14 ft	75.00	600.00

KOSTER'S BLUE SPRUCE. VAR. KOSTERIANA. (L). The popular blue Evergreen so generally used as lawn specimens. Though much better in color than the parent form, the smaller sizes are generally less symmetrical.

			Each	Per 10
2	to 2^{1}	∕2 ft	\$5.00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to 3	ft	7.00	\$60.00
3	to 4	ft	10.00	90.00
4	to 5	ft	15.00	125.00
5	to 6	ft	17.50	150.00
6	to 7	ft	20.00	175.00
7	to 8	ft	30.00	250.00
8	to 10	ft	45.00	400.00
10	to 12	ft	70.00	600.00

WEEPING BLUE SPRUCE. VAR. PENDULA. (S).
An unusual Evergreen for specimen or group planting.

	Eacn	retro
1½ to 2 ft	\$4.50	
2 to 3 ft	6.00	\$50.00
3 to 4 ft.		



Monuments and memorials in cemeteries or public squares and parks all need a frame of foliage to fit them into the landscape and intensify certain features of their design. Here is a planting supplied and arranged by Moon's.







Red and Austrian Pines are both adapted for specimen planting such as is here shown on the grounds of Mrs. C. C. Calhoun, of Princeton, N. J. These trees were supplied by us, and our present stock of Austrian Pines contains many fine, large specimens for immediate effects.

The Pines—Pinus

THE Pines are perhaps more diverse in character than any other family of Evergreens. They are native to the mountains and the lowlands, so endure a wide range of climatic and soil conditions, and may be used in practically any location where a hardy,

PINUS AYACAHUITE. (L). Similar to the White Pine, but with more slender needles.

	Each	Per 10
7 to 8 ft	\$9.00	
8 to 10 ft		\$100.00

JACK PINE. PINUS BANKSIANA. SYN. DIVARICATA.
(S). Quick open growth. For exposed places and poor soils. Useful in naturalistic plantings.

		Each
10 to 12 f	ft	\$20.00
12 to 14 f	ft	25.00

SWISS STONE PINE. PINUS CEMBRA. (S). Slow growth, conical form, with steel-gray needles. Distinctive for specimen planting.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 1½ ft	\$2.00	\$15.00	\$125.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3.00	25.00	200.00
2 to 2½ ft	4.00	35.00	300.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	5.00	45.00	350.00
3 to 4 ft	6.50	55.00	
5 to 6 ft	10.00		
6 to 7 ft	12.50		

JAPANESE TABLE PINE. PINUS DENSIFLORA. VAR. TANYOSHO. (D). Low, broad and spreading and entirely different from any other Pine. Long, very light green needles.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft. x 2 to 3 ft	\$12.50	
3 to 4 ft. x 3 to 4 ft	15.00	\$125.00
4 to 5 ft. x 5 to 6 ft	30.00	7-2 0101

permanent Evergreen is wanted. This group includes varieties from the tall, upright forms to the dwarf, spreading sorts, making them available for planting on the smallest lawn, or the largest estate as individual specimens, in groups, or as windbreaks and screens.

SWISS MOUNTAIN PINE. PINU		
Low, broad habit. Light green		For use
in mixed Evergreen plantings.	Each	Per 10
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. x 3 to 4 ft	\$8.00	\$70.00
$\overline{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. x 3 to 4 ft	6.00	50.00

MUGHO PINE. VAR. MUGHUS. (VD). A low, mound-like hardy type. The erect new growth resembles candles, making a striking contrast to the dark green of the older foliage. For rock gardens, group and foundation plantings.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
8 to 12 in. x $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$2.50	\$20.00	
$1\frac{1}{6}$ to 2 ft. x 2 to $2\frac{1}{6}$ ft	5.00	42.50	
2 to 21/2 ft. x 21/2 to 3 ft	7.50	65.00	\$575.00
2 to 21% ft. x 3 to 4 ft.	10.00	80.00	

LIMBER PINE. PINUS FLEXILIS. (M). Stout, horizontal branches. Dark green needles.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$3.50	\$25.00
3 to 4 ft	5.00	40.00
4 to 5 ft		60.00
5 to 6 ft	12.00	100.00
6 to 7 ft	15.00	125.00
7 to 8 ft		160.00
8 to 10 ft	25.00	

This catalog leaves nothing to the purchaser's imagination about the size of the stock we propose furnishing at the prices given. Some nursery catalogs do.



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MOUNTAIN WHITE PINE.	Pı	NUS M	ONTI	COLA.	(L).
More slender than the Wh	$_{ m ite}$	Pine,	with	some	what
pendulous branches.		_			

political designation of the control	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft	\$6.00	\$50.00
5 to 6 ft	7.50	60.00

SILVER-LEAVED JAPANESE PINE. PINUS PARVI-FLORA GLAUCA. (M). Open erect habit of growth, with short, bluish needles.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft	\$7.00	\$60.00
5 to 6 ft	9.00	

BULL PINE. PINUS PONDEROSA. (L). Long, twisted dark-green needles. Ponderous appearance.

2 to 3 ft	Each \$3.50	Per 10 \$27.50	Per 100
3 to 4 ft 4 to 5 ft	5.00	40.00 55.00	\$450.00
5 to 6 ft	8.00	65.00	*

CORSICAN PINE. PINUS NIGRA. SYN. LARICIO. (L). The most rapid growing of our Evergreens. Open habit; needles dark green and curved.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
14 to 16 ft	\$50.00	\$450.00
16 to 20 ft	75.00	650.00

(L). AUSTRIAN PINE. VAR. AUSTRIACA. massive, with spreading limbs and long, stiff needles. Thrives along the coast, inland, and under city conditions. Handsome for specimen or open group planting. We offer an especially fine lot of these desirable trees.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$3.00	\$25.00	
6 to 7 ft	12.50	100.00	\$750.00
7 to 8 ft	15.00	125.00	1000.00
8 to 10 ft	22.50	175.00	1350.00
10 to 12 ft	35.00	250.00	
12 to 14 ft	50.00	400.00	
14 to 16 ft	75.00		

RED or NORWAY PINE. PINUS RESINOSA. A two-needle pine, immune to the five-needle pine diseases; of good color and large stature. desirable for lawn and park planting.

4 to 5 ft	Each \$4.50	Per 10 \$35.00	Per 100
5 to 6 ft	6.50	50.00	\$400.00
6 to 7 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 8.00 \\ 10.00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 65.00 \\ 85.00 \end{array}$	500.00 700.00

WHITE PINE. PINUS STROBUS. (L). The grand old Pine so well-known—the picturesque pine of many a landscape. The foliage is a soft bluish-green.

			Each	Per 10	Per 100
2	to	3 ft	\$2.00	\$15.00	
3	to	4 ft	2.75	22.50	
4	to	5 ft	3.50	30.00	\$225.00
5	to	6 ft	5.00	40.00	350.00
6	to	7 ft	6.50	50.00	
		8 ft	9.00	75.00	
10	to	12 ft	$20\ 00$		
12	to	14 ft	30.00	250.00	
14	to	16 ft	45.00		

DWARF WHITE PINE. VAR. NANA. (VD). One of the slowest growing of Evergreens. Mound-shaped with steel-gray needles.

• •	Each	Per 10
8 to 12 in. x 12 to 15 in	\$3.00	\$25.00

The planting of trees and shrubbery is not an expense, for they enhance real estate values, which makes their purchase a safe and sure investment.

SCOTCH PINE. PINUS SYLVESTRIS. grower, for planting where quick results are wanted. Thrives near the seashore and in other exposed locations. Good for mass plantings, screens and windbreaks.

7 to 8 ft	Each \$10.00	Per 10 \$80.00	Per 100
8 to 10 ft	17.50	$150.00 \\ 200.00$	$$1250.00 \\ 1600.00$

"In cultivation the Red Pine holds its own for its quick growth, its hardiness, its lusty vigor and its beauty of color contrasts. It grows on sterile ground exposed to the sea, forming groves of great beauty where most other pines would languish and die. For shelter belts inland it is equally dependable and as a specimen tree in parks and gardens it has few equals. At no season of the year does it lose its fresh look of health. Throughout its life it is unusually free from injuries by insects and fungii."—From "The Tree Book," by Julia E. Rogers.



"The Douglas Spruce is a tree for the million. would be difficult to overrate its beauty. . . . It probably grows faster than any other conifer."—Bailey's Encyclopedia of Horticulture. A specimen from our Nurseries on the lawn of Joseph Heacock, Wyncote, Pa.

The Douglas Spruce

PSEUDOTSUGA DOUGLASII. (L). The soft dark green to bluish foliage of this tree presents a particularly delightful effect. Grows rapidly and makes a beautiful specimen for individual planting. Even more commendable than the well-known

7/1/0	rway spruce.			
	• •	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
11/9	to 2 ft	\$2.00	\$15.00	\$135.00
2	to 3 ft	3.00	25.00	200.00
3	to 4 ft	4.00	35.00	300.00
4	to 5 ft	6.00	50.00	
7	to 8 ft	12.50		
8	to 10 ft	20.00		







Imagine this wall unbroken by the Evergreens that now soften its harsh lines. There is just the same contrast between a planted and an unplanted house foundation. Which picture does yours present? The planting shown, material for which we supplied, exists on the Estate of Harry M. Nathanson, Rydal, Pa.

The Japanese Cypress—Retinispora

THE brilliancy and variety in the coloring of the foliage of these plants, as well as its delicacy in texture, make them especially interesting. The group includes tall-growing sorts, and those of a more dwarf nature, all of which are most valued for the color and foliage contrasts which they produce in groupings, terrace borders, hedges, window-boxes, and vases. An

OBTUSE-LEAVED RETINISPORA. RETINISPORA OBTUSA. (M). Pyramidal growth. Foliage rich dark green, arranged in an odd, cluster-like form. We offer splendid specimens for individual planting, or in open groupings.

		\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to	2 ft	\$2.50	\$20.00	
	2½ ft		30.00	\$250.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to	3 ft	4.50	40.00	350.00
7 to	8 ft	20.00		
8 to	10 ft	25.00	200.00	

GOLDEN OBTUSE-LEAVED RETINISPORA. VAR. AUREA. (S). More slender than the parent form. Golden foliage especially bright during the growing season. Each Per 10 2 to 3 ft. \$5.00 \$45.00

VAR. CRIPPSI. (S). The brightest golden Evergreen in our collection, holding its color well through the year. Relatively rare, but very desirable.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
1 to $1\frac{1}{4}$ ft	\$1.75	\$15.00	
1½ to 1½ ft	2.75	25.00	\$225.00
1½ to 2 ft	3.50	30.00	
2 to 2½ ft	5.00	45.00	
21/2 to 3 ft	7.50	65.00	
4 to 5 ft	12.50		
5 to 6 ft	17.50		

VAR. GRACILIS. (S). Rather slow in growth, but beautiful for lawn planting. Branches rather graceful at ends. Each Per 10 \$60.00 2½ to 3 ft..... \$7.00 3 to 4 ft..... 9.00 75.00 17.50 6 150.00 20.0025.00 200,00 to 10 ft..... to 12 ft..... 35.00 10

22

occasional shearing makes them more compact in growth, and brings out even more distinctly in the foliage the varied shades of silver, green and gold. Because the growth of even the larger growing of these plants can be controlled in this way, they are well suited for planting about the house foundation.

VAR. FILICOIDES. (D).	Short, frond-like	branches.
Dense slow growth.	Each	Per 10
$1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$2.75	\$24.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	4.00	35.00
2 to 3 ft	6.00	

VAR. GRACILIS NANA. (VD). Very dwarf, upright growth. Deep, rich, green foliage. Effective in Japanese gardens, and, in fact, wherever a small compact Evergreen is wanted.

1 to 1½ f	Each \$3.25	Per 10 \$30.00	Per 100
11/4 to 11/2 f		37.50	\$350.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 f	t 5.00	45.00	

VA						Graceful,	feathery,
	golde	n f	oliag	e.		Each	Per 10
	2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft	 	 \$4.00	\$35.00
	$2\frac{1}{2}$					5.00	45.00
	3	to	4	ft			65.00
	5	to	6	ft			100.00
	6	to	7	ft			
	7	to	8	ft			
	8	to		ft			
	10	+-	10	f+		25.00	

 VAR. LEPTOCLADA.
 (D). A distinct type with light green foliage and bluish berries.
 Dwarf, conical and desirable.

 2 to 3 ft...
 Each 4.00
 Per 10
 Per 100

 3 to 4 ft...
 5.00
 45.00
 \$375.00

VAR. LYCOPODIODES. (D). Odd, mosslike foliage and loose, open habit. Suited best for a mixed planting.

Each
4 to 5 ft. \$7.50
5 to 6 ft. 10.00

DWARF JAPANESE RETINISPORA. VAR. NANA.

(D). A tree of rare individuality; slow-growing and dwarf with dense, heavy foliage. For Japanese gardens and general group plantings.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 to 1¼ ft	\$2.50	\$20.00	
$1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3.50	30.00	\$275.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	5.00	45.00	
2 to 2½ ft	6.50	60.00	550.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	10.00	90.00	750.00







Plantings supplied and arranged by us for Wm. Haytock, Easton, Pa. These were photographed the season following planting and show the attractive results obtained by group, rather than continuous planting about the house foundation.

GOLDEN DWAR						
NANA AUREA.	(D). Si	milar to	the	above,	but	with
clear, golden	foliage,	bright	and	fresh	the	year
round.						

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft	\$4.50	\$40.00
2 to 2½ ft		
5 to 6 ft		
7 to 8 ft		

PEA-FRUITED RETINISPORA. RETINOSPORA PISIFERA. (S). A splendid bushy variety with pyramidal outline, slender, graceful branches and light green leaves.

	Lacn	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft	\$2.50	\$20.00	
2 to 2½ ft	3.50	30.00	\$250.00
2½ to 3 ft	4.50	40.00	350.00
3 to 4 ft	6.00	50.00	

GOLDEN PEA-FRUITED RETINISPORA. VAR. AUREA. (S). Light, airy, golden foliage that blends well in mixed plantings.

WCII		iiiiiiiiiiii	panongs.	Each	Per 10
11/2	to	2	ft	\$2.50	
2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft	3.50	\$30.00
7	to	8	ft		150.00
8	to	10	ft	25.00	200.00
10	to	12	ft	35.00	
16	to	20	ft.	75.00	

THREAD-BRANCHED RETINISPORA. VAR. FILIFERA. (S). Broad and bushy, with pendulous, dark green foliage of a thread-like nature. A distinctive, valuable tree.

			Each	Per 10	Per 100
21/	to	3 ft		\$45.00	\$425.00
		4 ft		60.00	·
	to	5 ft	9.00	75.00	
	to	6 ft	14.00		
6	to	7 ft		150.00	
7	to	8 ft	22.50		
10	to	12 ft	40.00		

GOLDEN THREAD-BRANCHED RETINISPORA. VAR. FILIFERA AUREA. (D). Showy, golden foliage possessing the same thread-like, pendulous effect as the parent type, though a more dwarf grower.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 1½ ft	\$3.00	\$25.00
1½ to 2 ft	4.00	35.00
2 to 2½ ft	5.00	45.00
2½ to 3 ft	6.50	60.00
3 to 3½ ft	8.00	
5 to 6 ft	17.50	

WHITE-LEAVED RETINISPORA. VAR. FLAVESCENS VARIEGATA. SYN. LUTESCENS. (D). Dwarf, compact, with white-tipped feathery foliage. A general favorite for foregrounds and formal effects.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 to 1¼ ft	\$2.00	\$17.50	\$150.00
1¼ to 1½ ft	2.50	22.50	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3.50	30.00	

PLUME-LIKE or GREEN RETINISPORA. VAR. PLUMOSA. (S). More light and feathery than Retinispora pisifera. Otherwise similar.

										Each	Per 10
6	to	7	ft	 						\$14.00	\$100.00
7	to	8	ft	 						17.50	150.00
8	to	10	ft	 						22. 50	180.00
			ft								250.00

GOLDEN RETINOSPORA. VAR. PLUMOSA AUREA. (S). Soft, plume-like, golden foliage, particularly bright in Spring and contrasting beautifully with green grass and other Evergreens.

				Each	Per 10
$1\frac{1}{2}$	í to	11/2	ft	 \$2.00	\$15.00
					20.00
2	to	21/2	ft	 3.50	30.00
					150.00
8	to	10	ft	 22.50	180.00
10	to	12	ft	 30.00	

SILVER RETINOSPORA. VAR. SQUARROSA. (S). Soft, feathery foliage, silvery or steel gray in color. We offer especially compact bushy plants.

				Each	Per 10	Per 100
1	to	11/4	ft	\$1.50	\$12.50	\$100.00
11/4	to	11/2	ft	2.00	17.50	150.00
11/2	to	2	ft	2.50	20.00	185.00
2	to	21/2	ft	3.50	30.00	26 5.00
21/2	to	3	ft	5.00	45.00	
3 ~	to	4	ft	8.00		
8	to	10	ft	25.00		
10	to	12	ft	35.00		
19	to	14	ft.	60.00		

VAR. SQUARROSA SULPHUREA. (S). The soft, blue foliage has a yellowish cast in spring.

2 to 2½	ft	Each \$4.00	Per 10 \$35.00
2½ to 3	ft	6.00	
3 to 4	ft	10.00	

Japanese Umbrella Pine

SCIADOPITYS VERTICILLATA. (S).

		\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
2 to	2½ ft	. \$6. 00	
2½ to	3 ft	8.00	
3 to	4 ft	12.50	\$100.00
4 to	5 ft	16.50	
5 to	6 ft	24.00	200.00





The Yews—Taxus

THE refinement and distinction which this family of Evergreens possesses are hardly equaled by any other family. They are invaluable for formal effects, as they withstand shearing well, and lend themselves quite as readily to specimen, group, or bed planting. The Yews are relatively slow-growing, with foliage of a

deep, lustrous green, and the beauty of some of the varieties is further enhanced during the Autumn and Winter months by clusters of brilliant, red berries, which are themselves attractive, and also accentuate the green of the foliage.



There are walk curves and intersections, and foundation plantings on many lawns where Taxus canadensis and repandens, giving an effect similar to this, can be used with equally striking results.

	YEWS. TAXUS BACCATA		
of the	English gardens. Bear	utiful, dark	green
foliage.	Stands shearing well as	nd is admira	able for
formal	effects and hedges. H	Iardy from	Phila-
delphia	southward.	Each	Per 10
1¼ to	1½ ft	\$2.50	\$20.00
	2 ft		
	2½ ft		40.00
	3 ft		50.00
	4 ft		70.00
	5 ft		100.00
E +0	C f+	17 50	

GOLDEN ENGLISH YEW. VAR. AUREA. (S). Bushy nature, with foliage of a faint golden tinge, more intense in Spring. Hardy to New York in sheltered places. A very desirable Evergreen.

 $\mathbf{ft.}\dots\dots\dots\dots$

ft.....

to

to 10

25.00

40.00

				Each	Per 10
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to 2	ft		\$3.50	\$30.00
2	to 21/2	ft		5.00	45.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to 3	ft		7.50	65.00
3	to 4	ft		10.00	80.00
4	to 5	ft. x 5	to 6 ft	30.00	

 GOLDEN IRISH YEW. VAR. FASTIGIATA AUREA.
 (S).

 A columnar type with golden foliage, brightest in Spring.
 Each

 4 to 5 ft.
 \$15.00

 5 to 6 ft.
 20.00

 6 to 7 ft.
 25.00

CANADIAN YEW. TAXUS CANADENSIS. SYN. MINOR. (VD). Dwarf and spreading. A hardy native adapted for partially shaded places. For group and naturalistic planting.

 SPREADING ENGLISH YEW. VAR. REPANDENS. (VD). Low, spreading growth with dark, glossygreen foliage, making it effective in the foreground of mixed Evergreens. One of the most choice Evergreens of its type.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 to $1\frac{1}{4}$ ft. x $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. spread	\$5.00	\$45.00	\$400.00
1 to $1\frac{1}{4}$ ft. x 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. spread	6.00	50.00	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. x 2 to 3 ft.	7.50	60.00	

JAPANESE YEW. TAXUS CUSPIDATA. (S). One of the hardiest of Yews. Upright, rather open growth, with rich green foliage. Makes a beautiful medium-sized specimen, and can be kept uniform and symmetrical by occasional shearing.

		\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
11/	to 2 ft	\$4.00	\$35.00	
2	to 3 ft	6.00	50.00	\$450.00
3	to 4 ft	10.00	85.00	750.00
1	to 5 ft	12.50	100.00	

DWARF JAPANESE YEW. VAR. NANA. SYN. BREVIFOLIA. (D). Irregular, unique outline with deep green foliage. A popular variety for places where a low, spreading plant is wanted. Extremely hardy.

iidi dj.	Lacu	rerio	rer 100
1 to 1¼ ft	\$2.75	\$22.50	
$1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft		35.00	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	5.00	47.50	\$450.00
2 to 2½ ft	8.00	70.00	
2 to 2½ ft. x 2 to 3 ft		135.00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft x 3 to 4 ft	20.00	175.00	

On pages 8 to 11 of this catalog will be found suggestive lists of varieties adapted to different conditions and special uses to solve your planting problems.



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The Arborvitæs—Thuja

THIS ornamental group as a whole, though including many varieties of upright growth, does not attain great heights at maturity, and is adapted to small lawns, as well as large areas. The soft, fern-like foliage, in many instances so brightly colored, blends admirably in group or border plantings, while the neat habit and compact appearance make them valuable for

cemetery specimens, or individual planting on open lawns, in window-boxes, vases, or for house decorations. When used as hedges, the taller-growing sorts make a splendid background for other ornamental plants, and provide protection and seclusion for the flower or vegetable garden.

AMERICAN ARBORVITÆ. THUJA OCCIDENTALIS.

(M). Frequently but erroneously called White Cedar. Unexcelled for tall hedges, screens or windbreaks. Erect and pyramidal habit; rapid growing. Endures shearing readily, so it can be kept at any height desired. Splendid native tree for general planting.

_		Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to	3 ft	\$2.00	\$15.00	
3 to	4 ft	3.00	25.00	\$225.00
4 to	5 ft	4.50	40.00	350.00
5 to	6 ft		50.00	450.00
	10 ft	12.50		
	12 ft	15.00	125.00	
12 to	14 ft	20.00	175.00	

GEORGE PEABODY ARBORVITÆ. VAR. AUREA. (S).
Golden foliage retained well throughout the year.
Attractive as a specimen, or to produce color
contrasts in groups or beds. Not hardy
north of New York.

north of frew form	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft	\$2.00	\$16.00
2 to 2½ ft	3.00	25.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	4.00	35.00

BURROW'S ARBORVITÆ. VAR. BURROWII. (S). Compact, conical habit, with foliage bright golden in Spring, later turning to green. For group and border plantings.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$3.00	\$25.00
3 to 4 ft	4.00	35.00
6 to 7 ft	10.00	85.00
7 to 8 ft	12.50	

QUEEN VICTORIA ARBORVITÆ. VAR. COLUMBIA. (S). Distinctive, white-tipped foliage and conical habit. Especially good to add variety to group plantings.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$4.00	\$35.00
4 to 5 ft	6.00	50.00

DOUGLAS GOLDEN ARBORVITÆ. VAR. DOUGLASII AUREA. (S). Similar to George Peabody Arborvitæ, but much hardier.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$3.00	\$25.00
3 to 4 ft	4.00	35.00
4 to 5 ft	6.00	50.00
5 to 6 ft	7.50	

DOUGLAS PYRAMIDAL ARBORVITÆ. VAR. DOUGLASII PYRAMIDALIS. (S). Symmetrical columnar outline with dark green foliage so arranged as to give a crested effect to the tips of the branches. The most ornamental of all the Arborvitæs, and a very acceptable substitute for Pyramidal Boxwood, now so scarce.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$2.50	\$20.00	
2 to 3 ft	3.50	30.00	
3 to 4 ft	4.50	40.00	\$350.00
4 to 5 ft	6.00	50.00	450.00
5 to 6 ft	7.50	65.00	600.00
6 to 7 ft	10.00	85.00	
7 to 8 ft	12.50	100.00	

VAR. ELEGENTISSIMA. (S). Foliage of a particularly fresh green color. Compact, pyramidal growth. A very distinctive, desirable Evergreen.

	Each	Per 10
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		\$20.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3.50	30.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	5.00	45.00

GLOBE ARBORVITÆ. VAR. GLOBOSA. (D). Light green foliage of a grayish cast. The neat globular outline adapts this Arborvitæ for formal plantings, tub and window box use, as well as in the foreground of Evergreen groups.

			Each	Per 10	Per 100
1	to 11/4	ft	\$1.75	\$15.00	\$125.00
$1\frac{1}{4}$	to $1\frac{1}{2}$	ft	2.50	20.00	
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to 2	ft	3.50	30.00	

VAR. INTERMEDIA. (D). Foliage a deeper green than the above, and habit a little less formal. Adapted to the same uses.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
11/4 to 11/2 ft.	\$2.50	\$20.00	\$150.00

VAR. LITTLE GEM. (VD). Extremely dwarf, rare and interesting. A "Gem" in any collection. Compact, globular with dark green foliage.

	_		Each
10 to 12 in.	x 12 to 18	in	\$3.50
12 to 15 in.	x 18 to 24	in.	4.50

PARSON'S COMPACT ARBORVITÆ. VAR.
PARSON'S COMPACTA. (D). A neat,
attractive variety of upright oval shape.

				Each	Per 10
1	to	11/4	ft	\$1.50	\$12.50
			ft	2.00	17.50

VAR. PUMILA. (D). The least formal of the Dwarf Arborvitæ. Heavy, dark green foliage produces a billowy effect. Ideal for Evergreen beds, foundation plantings or window boxes.

		Per 10	Per 100
$1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$2.00	\$17.50	****
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3.00	25.00	\$200.00

PYRAMIDAL ARBORVITÆ. VAR. PYRAMIDALIS. (M). Similar to the well-known American Arborvitæ, but somewhat more dense and columnar in habit and retains its dark, lustrous green color better through the winter.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft	\$3.50	\$30.00	
4 to 5 ft	5.00	45.00	\$350.00
5 to 6 ft	6.50	55.00	
6 to 7 ft	7.50	65.00	

An Arborvitæ of pyramidal form is here illustrated. The American, George Peabody, Burrow's, Douglas Golden and Douglas Pyramidal Arborvitæs listed on this page all possess this general shape.



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REID'S ARBORVITÆ. VAR. REIDII. (S). Broad and bushy. A densely branched, symmetrical, conical tree for lawn planting.

		Each	Per 10	Per 100
11/9	to 2 ft	 \$1.75	\$15.00	
2	to 3 ft	 2.75	24.00	\$200.00
3	to 4 ft	 3.50	30.00	
4	to 5 ft	 5.00	45.00	
8	to 10 ft	 15.00		
10	to 12 ft	 20.00	175.00	
12	to 14 ft.	25.00	200.00	

STANDISH'S ARBORVITÆ. THUJA STANDISHII. (M). Long, dark green leaves, gracefully drooping. Rather open in habit and of increasing beauty as the trees develop.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$5 . 00	
4 to 5 ft	7.50	\$65.00
5 to 6 ft	10 .0 0	85.00
7 to 8 ft	15 . 00	
8 to 10 ft	20.0 0	

VERVÆNE'S ARBORVITÆ. VAR. VERVÆNEANA. (S). Dense, conical habit, with green foliage veined with yellow, giving a variegated effect.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$2.75	\$24.00	
3 to 4 ft	3.50	30.00	\$250.00
4 to 5 ft	5.00	45.00	

SIBERIAN ARBORVITÆ. VAR. WAREANA. SYN. SIBERICA. (S). Very slow-growing and thus adapted to limited areas. Hardy, with a neat compact, pyramidal habit, and dark, rich, green foliage.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 2½ ft	\$3.00	\$25.00	\$225.00
2½ to 3 ft	4.00	35.00	300.00
3 to 4 ft	5.00	45.00	
4 to 5 ft	6.50	60.00	
5 to 6 ft	8.00		

"Many a man intensely practical in his own business will give his order to the lowest bidder among competing nurserymen, and waste years looking at sickly, struggling or dying trees, shrubs and perennials about the home, rather than invest a little more money and get satisfaction and joy from the start. Poor stock is dear at any price."

—Neltze Blanchan in "The American Flower Gardens"

26

The Hemlocks-Tsuga

COMMON HEMLOCK. TSUGA CANADENSIS. (M).

Magnificent native trees, extremely useful for ornamental planting. As lawn specimens in full sunlight, the lower branches sweep the ground. They tolerate partial shade also, and their endurance of shearing adapts them for limited areas and for use in hedges. By shearing they become very dense and compact.

Each Per 10 Per 100

				Each	Per 10	Per 100
11/	2 to	2	ft	\$1.75	\$15.00	\$125.00
2	to	21/2	ft	2.50	20.00	175.00
21/	2 to	3	ft	3.50	30.00	225. 00
3	to	4	ft	4.50	37.50	325.00
4	to	5	ft	6.00	50.00	450.00
5	to	6	ft	7.50	65.00	550.00
6	to	7	ft	10.00	85.00	750.00
7	to	8	ft	14.00	125.00	
8	to 1	10	ft	20.00		

SARGENT'S WEEPING HEMLOCK. VAR. PENDULA.

(D). Low, broad, graceful, weeping habit; a beautiful dwarf tree. It is best adapted for use as a specimen.

			Lacii	1 61 10
11/	to 9 ft v 11/	to 2 ft	\$6.00	
172	10 L 10 A 172	10 4 10	φυ.υυ	
2	to 9 ft yr 9	to 3 ft	7.50	\$65.00
4	10 3 It. X Z	10 3 16	1.50	\$00.00
0	to 3 ft. x 3	to 1 ft	10.00	90.00
4	10 5 11. X 5	to 4 ft	10.00	90.00
3	4- 4-4 0	L - 4 EL	15.00	135.00
3	to 4 ft. x 3	to 4 ft	15.00	199.00

VAR. MICROPHYLLA. (M). Slower growing than the parent form; with shorter needles. The branches droop slightly at the ends. Each Per 10

droop slightly at the ends.	Each	Per 10
2 to 2½ ft	\$5.00	\$40.00
2½ to 3 ft	6.00	50.00
3 to 4 ft	7.50	
4 to 5 ft	9.00	

CAROLINA HEMLOCK. TSUGA CAROLINIANA. (M)
A compact graceful tree of rare beauty. The
dark green needles are light colored beneath.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft	\$5.00	\$45.00

JAPANESE HEMLOCK. TSUGA SIEBOLDII. (M).
Choice and distinctive. Hardy with slender, spreading branches and beautiful, glossy green foliage, with blunt, almost square ends.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$7.50	\$70.00
4 to 5 ft	9.00	80.00
5 to 6 ft	12.00	110.00



Hemlock. A native forest tree of great beauty for landscape uses. Here are specimens openly spaced, but hemlocks are as readily adaptable for small areas, since they may be restrained by pruning. This quality makes them a splendid hedge plant for boundaries and for screens to hide ugly views, or to shut out the wind.





Evergreen Shrubs

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THE varieties included in this chapter are most commonly known as the "Broad-leaved Evergreens," because of the broad leaves peculiar to these plants, as compared to the needle-like foliage of the Conifers and other Evergreens. Some of the most desirable material for landscape planting is found here, the heavy leaf-masses characteristic of the family meeting the demand for fresh green foliage to offset and brighten the otherwise rather bare appearance which the Deciduous (leaf-dropping) trees and shrubs present throughout the winter. Perhaps best of all, however, is the magnificent display of beauty and color which they present when in bloom during the early spring. This is particularly true of the Azaleas and Rhododendrons, their dark green leaves contrasting sharply with the great clusters of bloom, varying in color from the most vivid shades of red and purple, through exquisite tints of pink and lavender, to the

purest white. Another very desirable quality which most of these broad-leaved Evergreens possess is a fondness for shady places, making them available for planting about house foundations, in shady corners, or any other locations about the lawn where it is difficult to get other plant material to thrive because of the lack of sunlight. As a rule, these varieties transplant very easily, and give immediate effects, but it must be borne in mind that they do not like limestone soils, and thrive most readily in what is known as "woods earth," or ground composed chiefly of decomposed vegetable matter. It is also important to remember that the varieties in this group grow naturally in the woods, and are most successful when planted in groups, or in locations where the ground covering the roots is not exposed to the direct rays of the sun, as the roots lie very close to the surface.



A terrace planting at Montclair, N. J., E. K. Brown, Landscape Architect, produced chiefly by our broad-leaved Evergreens. Plantings of this nature can be successfully used to decorate partially shaded places, too, thus solving what is sometimes a difficult problem.

The Bush Arbutus—Abelia

ABELIA GRANDIFLORA SYN. RUPESTRIS. Dainty white flowers flushed with pink that deck the graceful arching branches from early July until frost, and small glossy leaves that glance and shimmer in the sunlight, make this shrub a great favorite. As the flowers are borne on the new wood, severe trimming each Spring should be practiced, so that the slight winterkilling of the tips of the branches that sometimes occurs usually does no harm. A shrub 2 to 4 feet high; it is splendid for foundation planting and in groupings with other Evergreens. Per 100 Each Per 10 From 4-inch pots... \$1.00 \$75.00

Garland Flower-Daphne

DAPHNE CNEORUM. A prostrate Evergreen plant with small pink, fragrant flowers in May and occasionally later. Each Per 10 Per 100 6 to 10 in. clumps... \$1.25 \$10.00 \$85.00

Euonymus

EUONYMUS JAPONICA. Erect, with glossy green leaves and bright green bark. Good for hedges along the seashore and for mixed Evergreen plantings in protected places. Each Per 10 Per 100 11/4 to 11/5 ft...... \$1.25 \$10.00 \$75.00

The Scotch Heather—Calluna

WHITE SCOTCH HEATHER. CALLUNA VULGARIS
VAR. ALBA. Tiny white flowers in July and small
green leaves that cling closely to the branches and
present a distinctive appearance. Low-growing and
desirable for groupings in front of other Evergreens. Each Per 10 Per 100
4-inch pots......\$1.00 \$8.00 \$65.00

VAR. SEARLEI. A variety with light pink flowers.

Chamaedaphne

CHAMAEDAPHNE CALYCULATA. A low, spreading bush, valued for its very early bell-shaped flowers that droop from the underside of the branches.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 1¼ ft		\$11.00
$1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	2.00	15.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	2.50	20.00

Have you read the introductory pages? There is much information there to help you get the most dividends from your money invested in plants.



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Rhododendrons and Abelia make a beauty spot out of this corner of McCosh Hall, Princeton University, where grass would not grow. Use Abelia freely in your plantings generally, you will enjoy its graceful form and abundant flowers.

The Evergreen Azaleas

FAMILY of Dwarf Evergreen Shrubs unique in the abundance and brilliancy of their blossoms. which occur in May. They are useful in border plantings in front of Rhododendrons and in groups and masses by themselves. Thrive either in sun or partial shade.

In addition to the varieties listed under this chapter there are several Deciduous sorts, which will be found under the head of "Deciduous Flowering Shrubs."

AZALEA AMOENA. Dwarf and bushy, with small green leaves, a coppery hue in Winter. Always attractive, but doubly so in April or May, when clothed in a mass of dark pink or magenta flowers. Easy to transplant and maintain.

			Each	Per 10	Per 100
1	to 11/4	ft	\$1.75	\$16.50	\$150.00
$1\frac{1}{4}$	to $1\frac{1}{2}$	ft	2.25	20.00	175.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to 2	ft	3.00	25.00	210.00
2	to $2\frac{1}{2}$	ft	4.50	37.50	300.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to 3	ft	7.50	60.00	
3	to 4	ft	\$10.00 to	20.00 each	

AZALEA HINODE-GIRI. Vivid red flowers in Spring, make this plant extremely showy and desirable. Its deep green leaves turn reddish in the Fall. An appealing plant to the garden lover and one deserving a place on any lawn.

0 40 10 50 00 1 40 11/ 44	Each	Per 10	Per 100
8 to 12 in. x 1 to 1¼ ft. spread	\$3.00	\$27.50	\$265.00
1 to $1\frac{1}{4}$ ft. x $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. spread	4.00	35.00	
1½ to 1½ ft. x 1¼ to 1½ ft. spread	4.50	40.00	350.00
1½ to 1½ ft. x 1½ to 2 ft. spread.	5.50	50.00	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. x $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. spread	6.50	60.00	550.00

AZALEA KÆMPFERI. Rare and promising. Does well in partially shaded locations. Its flowers, profusely borne in May, vary in color from light

* * 1 . *		 3	
pink to ros	e.	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2	ft	 \$4.00	\$35.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$			45.00
21/2 to 3	ft.	6.00	50.00

AZALEA HINOMAYO. While the foliage is not quite as good as the above Azaleas, the flowers are very beautiful, being a clear pink.

Each Per 10 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft...... \$6.00 \$50.00

ALEA LEDIFOLIA. A wonderful variety, completely submerged in Spring in a blanket of single pure white flowers. Comes into bloom just after the Amoena and Hinode-giri varieties and so is useful in prolonging the Azalea season. Drops its leaves in late Winter, consequently is not strictly Evergreen. Tolerant of partial shade. AZALEA LEDIFOLIA.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$4.00	\$35.00	\$300.00
2 to 2½ ft	7.50		

AZALEA YODOGAWA. Double, intensely fragrant, deep lilac flowers, very showy in early May.

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	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 to $1\frac{1}{4}$ ft	\$2.00	\$15.00	\$125.00
$1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	2.50	20.00	160.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft., very			
bushy plants	4.00	35.00	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., very			
hughy plants	5.00	45.00	400.00

The Cotoneasters

GROUP of low, spreading plants with small shiny leaves and bright berries that remain on the branches well into the Winter. Very choice for rock gardens and the foreground of Evergreen beds.

PROSTRATE COTONEASTER. COTONEASTER HORIZONTALIS. Particularly spreading, with small pink flowers.

Each Per 10 4-in. pots..... \$1.00 \$7.50

SMALL-LEAVED COTONEASTER. COTONEASTER Densely branched with narrow MICROPHYLLA. leaves and white flowers. Each Per 10

\$1.00 \$7.50 4-in. pots..... COTONEASTER ROTUNDIFOLIA LANTANA (BUXI-FOLIA).

Per 10 \$1.00 \$7.50 4-in. pots.....





The Boxwood—Buxus

THIS is the small-leaved compact Evergreen shrub associated with Colonial Estates, and whose popularity has continued undiminished to the present day. Valued for planting in sun or partial shade, as specimens or in hedges and for formal or informal effects, according to the amount of shearing given.

COMMON BOXWOOD. BUXUS SEMPERVIRENS. The most familiar variety. Relatively slow growing, close-branched and develops into a dense, compact specimen.

•	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft. bush form	\$4.50	\$40.00	
2 to 2½ ft. x 15 to 18 in.	7.00	60.00	\$500.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. x 18 to 24 in.	10.00	00.00	
bush form	10.00	80.00	750.00
bush form	15.00	125.00	

GLOBE-SHAPED BOXWOOD. The same variety clipped to symmetrical specimens of globular outline.

Each Per 10 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. x 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$65.00 \$7,50

11.00

100.00

PYRAMIDAL-SHAPED BOXWOOD. Narrow columnar form for formal effects. Each $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft..... \$8.00 \$75.00

to 3½ ft.....

VAR. ANGUSTIFOLIA. Of more rapid growth than the parent form, with a tendency to be a trifle loose unless occasionally trimmed. Narrow, pointed leaves distinguish this variety.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 to 1¼ ft	\$1.50	\$13.50	\$125.00
1¼ to 1½ ft	2.00	17.50	
2½ to 3 ft	17.50		
3 to 3½ ft	25.00	200.00	
3½ to 4 ft	35.00	300.00	
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50.00		

TALL TREE BOXWOOD. VAR. ARBORESCENS. The tallest growing Boxwood. Develops into a large, loose, openly branched specimen. May be kept May be kept within bounds by shearing if desired.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 to 1¼ ft	\$1.50	\$13.50	\$125.00
$1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	2.00	17.50	150.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	6.00	50.00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	10.00	80.00	



Boxwood on the grounds of one of our customers

VAR. LATIFOLIA. Bushy, closely branched sort with exceptionally broad green leaves.

	Each	$\operatorname{Per} 10$
$1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$2.00	\$17.50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	7.50	60.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	10.00	80.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	17.50	150.00
3 to 3½ ft	25.00	200.00
3½ to 4 ft	35.00	300.00

VAR. LATIFOLIA AUREA. A golden-leaved variety, useful in producing color contrasts.

Each Per 10 Per 100 8 to 12 in..... \$1.25 \$10.00 \$90,00

VAR. MYRTIFOLIUM. A fine variety of erect habit, with narrow, pointed leaves.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 1½ ft	\$2.00	\$17.50	\$150.00
1½ to 2 ft	2.50	22.50	200.00
/ 2			

VAR. ROTUNDIFOLIA. Develops into a globularshaped bush. Large, round leaves, a good dark green.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 2½ ft	\$9.00	\$75.00
2½ to 3 ft	12.50	110.00
3 to 3½ ft	20.00	
3½ to 4 ft		

The Hollies—Ilex

JAPANESE HOLLY-ILEX CRENATA. Because this plant will thrive in partial shade, near the seashore, and under city conditions, it is, perhaps, one of the most useful of the broad-leaved Evergreens. An irregular closely branched shrub with small dark green leaves, developing into an interesting specimen if allowed to grow naturally, or can be trimmed to dense formal effects if desired. Ideal for hedge planting, and in foundation planting, along with Bush Arbutus it is distinctive and very effective.

			Each	Per 10	Per 100
1	to 11/4	ft	\$1.75	\$15.00	\$125.00
			2.50	20.00	175.00
			3.50	30.00	250.00
2	to 21/2	ft	5.00	45.00	400.00
21/2	to 3	ft	6.00	55.00	500.00
3	to 4	ft	8.00	70.00	600.00
4	to 5	ft	10.00	85.00	750.00
5	to 6	ft	15.00		
	$1\frac{1}{4}$ $1\frac{1}{2}$ 2 $2\frac{1}{2}$ 3 4	1½ to 1½ 1½ to 2 2 to 2½ 2½ to 3 3 to 4 4 to 5	4 to 5 ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Splendid, vigorous stock for hedge plantings, but not so bushy as plants of the same grades listed above.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 2½ ft	\$3.50	\$25.00	\$200.00
2½ to 3 ft	4.00	30.00	250.00
3 to 4 ft	5.00	40.00	300.00

WINTERBERRY. ILEX GLABRA. A native Evergreen shrub, low and bushy, especially valued for use where naturalistic effects are desired.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 1½ ft	\$2.00	\$16.00
1½ to 1½ ft	3.00	25.00
$11^{1/2}$ to 2^{-1} ft	4.00	35.00

AMERICAN HOLLY ILEX OPACA. Our native Holly so familiar in Christmas decorations. Especially fine for specimen or open group plantings. When several trees are planted near together they usually bear a profusion of red berries that add to their For use south of New York except in interest. protected places along the coast.

p.occorra p	' Ea	ch Per 10
21/2 to 3 ft	\$4.	00 \$35.00
3 to 4 ft		00 45.00
4 to 5 ft		50 60.00
2 1 0 61		00





Mountain Laurel-Kalmia

KALMIA LATIFOLIA. A bushy shrub with long, glossy leaves. A profuse bloomer in May and early June, with large corymbs of pink and white flowers. In masses with Rhododendrons or by themselves and as undergrowth in woodlands they have a particular charm.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft	\$3.00	\$25.00
2 to 3 ft	3.75	32.50
3 to 4 ft	5.00	45.00

Drooping Andromeda—Leucothoe

LEUCOTHOE CATESBÆI. Long, dark green leaves that turn to an attractive bronze in Winter. Beautiful, gracefully arched branches with pendant, bell-shaped flowers in Spring, an ideal plant for massing in shady places or in the foreground of Rhododendron plantings.

		-0		
		\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to 2 ft	\$2.50	\$20.00	
2	to 3 ft	3.00	25.00	\$225.00
3	to 4 ft	4.00	35.00	325.00

The Oregon Grape—Mahonia

MAHONIA AQUIFOLIA. Handsome, prickly Hollylike foliage, glossy green in Summer and bright bronze in Winter. Clusters of rich yellow flowers For protected places in combination in Spring. with other Evergreen Shrubs.

-	Each	Per 10
1½ to 1½ ft	\$1.60	\$13.50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	2.00	16.00

The Pieris

PIERIS FLORIBUNDA. Sprays of Lily-of-the-Valley-like flowers adorn this low-growing plant very early in the Spring.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 1½ ft	\$5.00	\$45.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	8.00	75.00
2 to 2½ ft	10.00	
2½ to 3 ft	12.50	

PIERIS JAPONICA. Beautiful low shrub with drooping racemes of small, wax-like flowers in May and June. Desirable for foreground use in shady places.

1	Each	Per 10
$1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$4.00	\$37.50
2 to 3 ft		70.00



Rhododendrons, in groups like this, fill in ugly, shady nooks where little else will grow, and transform them by their foliage and flowers.

Rhododendrons

ROBABLY one of the most popular plants for the all-year round garden, as the masses of foliage retain their coloring throughout the entire year, and provide a touch of green in the winter landscape. While Rhododendrons thrive in most all soils which are free from limestone, it is best to give a little extra care in the preparation of the areas in which they are to be planted, providing a soil as nearly similar to woods earth as is possible. As they favor partially shaded locations, they are invaluable for decorating the shady nooks about the house foundation, or on the lawn. In the summer a light mulch of cut grass will aid in retaining the moisture they seek, while a heavier mulch of leaves in the winter will protect the roots. After the flowering season the seed pods should be removed, to permit the strength of the plant to go toward the forming of the flower buds for the next season,

HYBRID RHODODENDRONS. The varieties included in this group are those which produce such a gorgeous display of bloom during the month of The flower colors include varying shades of pink, red and lilac, while some are pure white, and these plants are favorites with garden enthusiasts

8	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 1½ ft		\$36.00	\$335.00
2 to 2½ ft	6.00	57.50	550.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	10.00	85.00	800.00
3 to 4 ft	12.50	100.00	
4 to 5 ft	15.00	125.00	
5 to 6 ft	20.00	160.00	

DWARF RHODODENDRONS. RHODODENDRON WILSONIANA. Light pink flowers. Dwarf and dense, splendid for the foreground of Rhododendrons and Azaleas.

	Each	Per 10
$1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$5.00	\$45.00

Native Rhododendrons

RHODODENDRON CATAWBIENSE. Indigenous to the Allegheny Mountains. Perfectly hardy and desirable. Blooms come in late Spring and are pinkish-lilac in color.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$10.00	\$85.00

RHODODENDRON MAXIMUM. Grows naturally in certain mountainous sections of Pennsylvania, Virginia and North Carolina. Bears white or light pink flowers in June. Nothing produces a more attractive result than this plant when used as undergrowth in wooded places, for natural effects along walks and drives, and for foundation planting in shady spots.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft	\$2.00	\$17.50	\$150.00
2 to 2½ ft	3.00	25.00	225.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	4.00	35.00	325.00
3 to 4 ft	5.00	45.00	400.00

Adam's Needle-Yucca

YUCCA FILIMENTOSA. Sends up tall stalks laden with ivory-white flowers in June and July from a base of spreading, sword-like leaves. Desirable alone or in shrubbery and herbaceous borders.

	Each	Per 10
Strong plants	\$0.75	\$6.00

Ask anyone who has planted Moon's trees what he thinks of our stock and service.



MOON'S TREES





Shade trees on the lawn provide an ideal restful spot in which to spend your leisure moments; help keep the children at home by giving them a shady playground; and furnish a healthful out-of-door workshop for mother when she sits down for the weekly mending, to knit and sew. Besides this, they give the home a verdant frame, when properly placed, adding to its beauty and to its intrinsic value.

Deciduous Ornamental Trees

(The trees which lose their leaves during the Winter season)

To appreciate the natural value of shade trees you have only to compare the beauty of our Eastern wooded landscapes with the treeless sections of the Middle West, where one looks for miles across the broad expanse of open prairie with not a tree to break the monotony with its color and shade.

While shade trees are such important factors in any natural landscape, perhaps one of the greatest services they render to man is to add beauty and comfort to our city streets and suburban avenues.

It is probably easiest to recognize the desirability of these trees when one has lived for a summer on one of these treeless city streets, or even in a newly-built home where the lawn has not been made comfortable and attractive with the shade and beauty which trees provide. You decorate and shade your indoor livingroom, and your lawn should certainly be an outdoor living-room-else why have a suburban or country home? Few of us, however, make use enough of our lawns-for work, rest, or play, or for entertaining our friends. Perhaps there are not enough shady nooks. A generous planting of shade trees will provide themand then home will be a source of new comfort, health and happiness, both for the grown-ups and the children -more enjoyment for father and mother in performing many of the home tasks in the cooling shade of the trees, and more play out of doors for the youngsters.

In addition to the trees which are valued for their shade, are those flowering trees which at different times during the spring and summer shower the lawn with their bloom. To deny yourself the beauty of these trees is to miss one of the greatest pleasures the possession of a suburban home can give. They may be planted individually, in groups, or in combination with shrubbery, and add to the lawn the "finishing touch" which the hangings and pictures provide indoors.

How much more inviting it is to hold a tea or a party in the shade of the trees, where your friends can enjoy the beauty of your lawn. Evening affairs, too, are delightful in the moon-lit shadows of a tree-shaded lawn.

And do not forget that while shade trees add materially to the property value and landscape charm of your home, the initial cost is very small, as compared with the enjoyment that you receive. The average shade tree is a long-lived investment, and returns your money manyfold throughout the years of its usefulness.

"var." indicates a variety of the last-mentioned species. That the unacquainted may have an idea of the height to which each tree may be expected to grow, we have marked the varieties as follows: (L) designates trees growing to 60 feet or over at maturity; (M) from 30 to 60 ft.; (S) 20 to 30 ft.; (D) 10 to 20 ft.; (VD) less than 10 ft.



MOON'S TREES



The Maples—Acer

THE varieties of this group are among the most popular of the shade trees. They are all hardy vigorous growers which are easily transplanted. Few trees can rival the maple in a display of autumn color. The leaf outlines are pleasing and symmetrical.

SILVER MAPLE. ACER DASYCARPUM. (L). A most reliable grower in all sections, and matures so rapidly that it is sought for quick effects. The leaves are deeply cut and their silvery undersurface is beautifully displayed.

Each Per 10 Per 100 6 to 8 ft...... 8 to 10 ft., 11/4 to 11/2 \$0.90 \$7.50 \$60.00 1.50 in.....

SIBERIAN MAPLE. ACER GINNALA. (D). A bushy irregular type for mass or screen planting.

Each 8 to 10 ft. bushy..... \$5.00 10 to 12 ft. bushy..... 7.50

MONTPELIER MAPLE. ACER MONSPESSULANUM. (D). A relatively slow-growing variety, low branched and bushy.

Each Per 10 4 to 5 ft..... \$12.50 \$1.50 \$100.00 5 to 6 ft..... 2.00 16.00

ASH-LEAVED MAPLE or BOX ELDER. ACER NEGUNDO. (M). A rapid grower which thrives under adverse conditions. Each Per 10 \$20.00 \$2.50 30.00 3.50 45.005.00 8.00 65.00

MOOSEWOOD. ACER PENNSYLVANICUM. (S). An uncommon variety. The bark of the larger branches is striped with white. Each Per 10 Per 100 4 to 5 ft...... \$2.00 \$17.50 5 to 6 ft..... \$200.00 3.00 25.00 6 to 8 ft..... 30.00 240.00 3.50

Plant some trees this year—for the good of your family and the entire neighborhood.

NORWAY MAPLE. ACER PLATANOIDES. (M). One of the best trees for street planting. A rapid vigorous grower which develops into a broad headed symmetrical specimen. Inclined to be irregular in small sizes.

	Lach	rerio	reriou
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	\$2.50	\$20.00	
12 to 14 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in.,	3.50	30.00	
12 to 14 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in.,	4.50	37.50	
12 to 14 ft., $2\frac{1}{4}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	5.50	45.00	
14 to 16 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in.,	6.50	55.00	
16 to 18 ft., 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	8.00	70.00	\$600.00
16 to 18 ft., $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in.,	10.00	85.00	750.00
18 to 20 ft., 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	15.00	125.00	1000.00
18 to 20 ft., $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in.,	20.00	175.00	1400.00

CRIMP LEAF MAPLE. VAR. CUCULATUM. (M). Similar to the Norway Maple, but more open in habit of growth.

Each \$100.00 20 to 25 ft., 3 to 4 in..... \$12.00

GLOBE NORWAY MAPLE. VAR. GLOBOSUM. (D). This is a round-headed form of the above variety. It is useful for formal effects similar to those obtained by Catalpa Bungei, but is far superior to that tree, both in form and foliage.

spread \$4.50 \$40 6 to 7 ft. stems, 2 to 2½ ft. spread 6.50 47 6 to 7 ft. stems, 2½ to 3 ft. spread 9.00 75 6 to 7 ft. stems, 3 to 4 ft. spread 12.50 100 6 to 7 ft. stems, 4 to 5 ft. spread 17.50 150	C to 7 ft stores 10 to 94 in	Each	rerio
spread	6 to 7 ft stems, 18 to 24 in. spread	\$4.50	\$40.00
6 to 7 ft. stems, 2½ to 3 ft. spread		6.50	47.50
6 to 7 ft. stems, 3 to 4 ft. spread . 12.50 100 6 to 7 ft. stems, 4 to 5 ft. spread . 17.50 150	6 to 7 ft. stems, $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.		
6 to 7 ft. stems, 4 to 5 ft. spread . 17.50 150			$75.00 \\ 100.00$
6 to 7 ft. stems, 5 to 6 ft. spread . 25.00 200	6 to 7 ft. stems, 4 to 5 ft. spread.	17.50	150.00
	6 to 7 ft. stems, 5 to 6 ft. spread.	25.00	200.00

Foob

REITENBACH'S MAPLE. VAR. REITENBACHII. (M). The red foliage of Spring turns to purplish-green as the season advances.

Each Per 10 14 to 16 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in..... \$7.50 \$60.00

ACER TARTARICA. (D). A bushy growing type used for large screens. Leaves larger than Siberian Maple.

Per 10 Each \$3.50 \$30.00



Note the abundant shade and the deep rich foliage of these Maples. They are among the favorite shade trees for street and avenue planting and as lawn specimens too, because of their attractive form, cleanliness, and freedom from insect and fungus attacks.







Bailey's Encyclopedia of Horticulture purposes of shade, the common Sugar Maple is best and most popular." One of these trees from our Nurseries growing on the lawn of Cyrus Curtis, Wyncote, Pa.

PURPLE NORWAY MAPLE. VAR. SCHWEDLERI. (M). The vernal leaves are purplish and crimson, changing to dark green in the Summer.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	\$3.50	\$30.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	4.50	40.00

SYCAMORE MAPLE. ACER PSEUDOPLATANUS. (M). A spreading open-headed tree of rapid growth.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	. \$2.50	\$20.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	. 3.50	30.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	. 4.50	40.00
14 to 16 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	. 6.00	50.00
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in		75.00
18 to 20 ft., 4 to 5 in		150.00
20 to 22 ft., 5 to 6 in	. 37.50	300.00

RED or SCARLET MAPLE. ACER RUBRUM. (M). Small red flowers in Spring. Brilliant Autumnal

Tonage.		Each Per 10
8 to 10 ft., 11/4 to		\$2.75 \$22.50
10 to 12 ft., 11/2 to	in	4.00
16 to 18 ft., 3 to	in	12.00 100.00
18 to 20 ft., 4 to	in	18.00

SUGAR or ROCK MAPLE. ACER SACCHARUM. (L). One of the best shade trees, somewhat higher headed than the Norway Maple. An excellent lawn tree. Brilliant Fall foliage.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
8 to 10 ft., 1 to $1\frac{1}{4}$ in.,	\$1.75	\$15.00	\$135.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	2.50	20.00	175.00
12 to 14 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in.,	3.00	25.00	200.00
12 to 14 ft., 13/4 to 2 in.,	3.50	30.00	265.00
14 to 16 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	5.00	40.00	
18 to 20 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in.,	7.50	60.00	
20 to 22 ft., 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	10.00	80.00	675.00
20 to 22 ft., 3½ to 4 in.,	13.50	100.00	850.00
22 to 25 ft., 4 to 5 in.,	20.00	160.00	

Japanese Maples

HARMING and distinctive effects are possible with these choice little trees that have such a variation of foliage. The fact that they are hardy in all but the coldest sections, and will grow in partially shaded places, makes them very popular. They may be planted individually or in groups for color contrasts and foliage effects, when the autumnal coloring is very striking. As these trees are dwarf in growth, they are useful even on the smallest lawns.

JAPANESE MAPLE. A green leaves, spreading 5 to 6 ft			
VAR. FILICIFOLIUM.	(D).	Delicately cut	green

leaves.		_
	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft		\$35.00
3 to 4 ft	6.00	45.00
4 to 5 ft.	7.50	10.00
4 10 5 11	7.50	60.00
5 to 6 ft	10.00	85.00

RED-LEAVED JAPANESE MAPLE. ACER PALMATUM. VAR. ATROPURPUREUM. (D). A red-leaved variety popular for lawn planting.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft	\$10.00	\$80.00
5 to 6 ft	. 15.00	100.00
6 to 7 ft	17.50	150.00
7 to 8 ft	20.00	175.00

	JAPANESE		
AUREUM. (VD).	Golden foliage,	leaves not	deeply
cut.		Each	Per 10
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		\$3.50	\$30.00
3 to 4 ft		6.00	45.00

CUT-LEAF JAPANESE MAPLE. VAR. DISSECTUM. (VD). Green foliage, finely cut leaves, low and spreading habit of growth.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft., Bush form		\$45.00
2 to 3 ft., Bush form	7.50	65.00
3 to 4 ft., Bush form	10.00	
4 to 5 ft., Tree form	15.00	

VAR. OSHU-BENI. Red leaves delicately cut.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$7.50	\$65.00
4 to 5 ft	10.00	•
5 to 6 ft	15.00	

VAR. SANGUINEUM. (D). Red leaves, larger than some varieties. Each Per 10 4 to 5 ft..... \$10.00 \$85.00 5 to 6 ft..... 15.00 100.00 6 to 7 ft..... 150.00

VAR. RETICULATUM. (VD). Compact variety, green leaves mottled with white.

0	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$4.00	\$35.00
3 to 4 ft	6.00	45.00
4 to 5 ft	7.50	

VAR. ROSEO-MARGINATUM. (VD). Green leaves margined with delicate pink. Each Per 10 3 to 4 ft..... \$6.00 4 to 5 ft. 7.50 \$65.00 5 to 6 ft...... 10.00 85.00

DUDDUM (D) 4 11 1

AR. RUBRUM. (D). A red leaved	variety.	
	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$6.00	\$45.00
4 to 5 ft	10.00	85.00



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The Horse-Chestnuts—Aesculus

OHIO BUCKEYE. AESCULUS GLABRA. (M). Has Yellow flowers in the Spring. A large growing native tree.

	\mathbf{Each}		Per 10
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	\$4.00		\$35.00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	5.00		45.00
12 to 14 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	7.50	-	60.00
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 4 in	12.50		90.00
16 to 20 ft., 4 to 5 in	20.00		150.00

COMMON HORSE-CHESTNUT. AESCULUS HIP-POCASTANUM. (M). Flowers white, tinged with red, in showy panicles. Has large attractive seeds in the Fall.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in.,	\$3.00	\$27.50	
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in.,	4.25	37.50	\$350.00
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in.,	5.50	45.00	400.00
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 4 in.,	8.00	60.00	550.00
14 to 16 ft., 4 to 5 in.,	15.00	120.00	1000.00
16 to 18 ft., 5 to 6 in.,	30.00	275.00	

DOUBLE-WHITE FLOWERING HORSE-CHEST-NUT. VAR. ALBA FLORA PLENA. (M).

	Each	Per 10
12 to 14 ft., 3 to 4 in	\$12.00	\$100.00
14 to 16 ft., 4 to 5 in.	20.00	

YELLOW BUCKEYE. AESCULUS OCTANDRA. (M).
A symmetrical tree, bearing long panicles of yellow flowers.

	Each	Per 10
14 to 16 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	\$8.00	\$75.00
16 to 18 ft., 4 to 5 in	20.00	175.00
18 to 20 ft., 5 to 6 in	35.00	325.00
20 to 22 ft., 6 to 7 in	50.00	450.00

The Birches—Betula

THE Birches are distinguished for their graceful appearance, slender branches, light airy foliage, and the silvery white bark which lends such distinction to some of the varieties. They endure a wide range of climatic conditions and thrive in moist locations, as well as in high dry and stony places. They are very attractive for lawn trees, especially when planted in clumps of two or three, and the whitebarked varieties contrast beautifully when planted near, or in connection with, Evergreens or Purple Beech.

EUROPEAN WHITE BIRCH. BETULA ALBA. (M). White bark and a quick grower.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	\$2.25	
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2^{-1} in	3.00	\$25.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in	4.50	37.50
14 to 16 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3^{-1} in	6.50	57.50
· · -		

WEEPING CUT-LEAVED WHITE BIRCH. VAR. LACINIATA PENDULA. (M). Silvery-white bark, a graceful drooping habit of growth. Leaves deeply cut.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft	\$3.00	
12 to 14 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	5.00	
14 to 16 ft., $2^{1/2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	7.50	\$60.00

RED BIRCH. Betula Nigra. syn. rubra. (L). A native tree with ragged bark suitable for naturalistic planting. Does well in wet places.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	\$3.50	\$30.00
12 to 14 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	4.50	40.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	6.00	50.00
14 to 16 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	8.50	60.00

PAPER or CANOE BIRCH. BETULA PAPYRIFERA. (L).

The white bark has a tendency to peel more easily
than on other vericities.

than on other varieties.	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
8 to 10 ft	\$2.75	\$25.00	
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	3.00	27.50	\$225.00
12 to 14 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in.,	3.50	30.00	275.00
14 to 16 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	5.00	45.00	400.00
16 to 18 ft., 2½ to 3 in	7.50	65.00	

AMERICAN WHITE BIRCH. BETULA POPULIFOLIA.

(M). A familiar forest tree, valuable for landscape

			iliar	fo	rest	tree,	valu	able for	landscape	
planti	- 0							Each	Per 10	
10 to						in		\$4.50	\$40.00	
12 to						in		7.50	55.00	
16 to	20	ft.,	3	to	4	in		10.00	85.00	



White Birch always make ideal specimens and groups because of their light, airy foliage in Summer and their graceful branches and white bark the year round. Among Evergreens, this white bark makes them particularly effective.

Ailanthus

CHINESE SUMAC, TREE OF HEAVEN. AILANTHUS GLANDULOSA. (M).

4 to 5 ft	\$0.85	\$6.50
		•





The Hornbeams—Carpinus

AMERICAN HORNBEAM. CARPI	NUS CAR	OLINIANA.
	ranched	tree with
good green foliage.	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft	\$3.00	\$25.00
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	5.50	45.00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	7.50	65.00
12 to 14 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	12.50	100.00
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 4 in	17.50	150.00

EUROPEAN HORNBEAM. CARPIN		
Forms dense, round heads, hold	s its foliage better	
than the above.	Each Per 10	
4 to 5 ft	\$2.25 \$20.00	
5 to 6 ft		
6 to 8 ft	4.00 35.00	

PYRAMIDAL	HORNBEAM.	VAR. COLUMNARE. (S).
A compact	pyramidal tree	of rather slow growth.
		Each
5 to 6 ft		

The	Cata	lpas

CHINESE or UMBRELLA CA	TALPA. CATALPA
BUNGEI. (D). This is the	
tree frequently seen, and used	
ing formal effects. The globu	
compact and symmetrical by	trimming late in the
Winter each year.	Each Per 10
5 to 6 ft. stems, 1 to 11/6 ft	t.

5 to 6 ft. st			405.00
heads	 	\$3.00	\$25.00

WESTERN CATALPA. CATALPA SPECIOSA. (M). A tree of comparatively quick growth with large heart-shaped leaves. The white flowers late in June are followed by long bean pods.

	Each	Per 10
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in	\$7.50	\$60.00
18 to 20 ft., 4 to 5 in		



In May the showy panicles of the Horse-chestnut are one of the features of the landscape. Its broad-headed nature makes it extremely desirable for purposes of shade on lawns, in parks, and in street and avenue planting.



The weeping form of Japanese Cherry, a fountain of pink blossoms in early May. Makes a beautiful specimen by itself or in the foreground of massed plantings of low-branched trees.

The Flowering Cherries— Cerasus

A LL the stories of the regard of the Japanese for the Cherry Blossoms seem probable when you see these little Flowering Cherry trees a mass of delicate bloom. The blossoms cling closely to the branch, and give the tree the appearance of being buried beneath the wealth of exquisite color and fragrance.

DOUBLE WHITE FLOWERING CHERRY. CERASUS AVIUM. VAR. ALBA FLORE-PLENA. (M). Pink buds opening in pure white flowers in May.

					Each	Per 10
6 to	8	ft.			 \$4.00	\$35.00
8 to	10	ft.,	11/2 to	2 in	 6.50	50.00
10 to				21% in.	8.50	75.00

JAPANESE WEEPING CHERRY. CERASUS JAPONICA VAR. ROSEA PENDULA. (D). A weeping double pink variety. One of the best and most popular.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 6 ft. stems, 1 yr. heads	\$3.50	\$30.00
4 to 6 ft. stems, 2 yr. heads	5.00	40.00
4 to 6 ft. stems, 3 yr. heads	8.50	65.00
4 to 6 ft. stems, 4 yr. heads	15.00	

 JAPANESE PINK FLOWERING CHERRY. CERASUS

 SIEBOLDI ROSEA.
 (S). Double white flowers

 flushed with pink at petal tips.
 Each Per 10

 6 to 8 ft.
 \$4.00
 \$35.00

 8 to 10 ft.
 6.50
 50.00

The Yellow-Wood—Cladrastis

YELLOW-WOOD. CLADRASTIS LUTEA. (M). An unusual variety with smooth bark. After reaching maturity these trees bear drooping racemes of white flowers in June. Each Per 10 6 to 8 ft. \$2.75 \$22.50

6 to 8 ft.		\$2.75
8 to 10 ft.		4.00
12 to 14 ft.,	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	10.00
14 to 16 ft.	3 to 4 in.	15.00

35.00





Dogwoods from our Nurseries photographed in Princeton, N. J. There are two white Dogwood and one pink in this group, the color contrast being most effective. Dogwoods against a background of Evergreens are charming, but planted alone or in groups by themselves they are also the delight of the garden lover.

The Dogwoods—Cornus

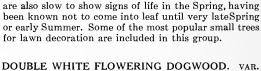
The varieties of Dogwood which are of a shrubby nature will be found listed under Cornus in the chapter of "Deciduous Flowering Shrubs"

tacle.

THE Dogwoods possess many desirable qualities which recommend them for lawn planting. The early Spring flowers are followed by attractive red berries which are borne in such quantities and retained so long that the tree adds greatly to the Autumn landscape. The foliage is good throughout the year, and the coloring in the Fall presents a most gorgeous spec-

WHITE DOGWOOD. CORNUS FLORIDA. (D). A native variety with attractive white flowers. They are useful in natural plantings on the edge of woodlands and as specimen trees.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.75	\$6.00	\$40.00
3 to 4 ft	.90	7.00	50.00
4 to 5 ft	1.25	10.00	60.00
5 to 6 ft	1.50	12.00	90.00
6 to 8 ft	2.25	17.50	110.00
8 to 10 ft.,1 ½ to1 ½ in	3.25	25.50	150.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2	5.00	35.00	250.00



particularly for a few years after transplanting. They

These trees are of relatively slow growth,

DOUBLE WHITE FLOWERING DOGWOOD. VAR. ALBA FLORE-PLENO. (D). A double white flowering variety similar to the above.

														Each
	6 to 7 ft													
,	' to 8 ft	 				į,	,	,			,			7.50

RED or PINK FLOWERING DOGWOOD. VAR. RUBRA. (D). One of the most popular flowering trees. The flowers vary in color from pink to light red and are beautiful in the early Spring. The Fall foliage is unusually brilliant.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$1.50	\$12.50	\$95.00
3 to 4 ft	2.00	16.00	125.00
4 to 5 ft.	2.75	20.00	160.00
5 to 6 ft.	3.50	27.50	200.00
6 to 7 ft	4.75	37.50	300.00
7 to 8 ft	6.50	50.00	400.00
8 to 10 ft	9.00	75.00	650.00
8 to 10 ft. specimen			
	12.00	100.00	

JAPANESE DOGWOOD. CORNUS KOUSA. (D). This white variety blooms in June and July when few other trees are in flower.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
5 to 6 ft	\$4.00	\$35.00	
6 to 8 ft.	6.00	50.00	\$450.00
8 to 10 ft	7.50		



Dogwood blossoms

Trees make ideal gifts—birthday, anniversary or Christmas—to your suburban friends, the hospitality of whose lawn you share when you visit them. Why not tell them you are giving them a Pink Dogwood, which will be delivered at the proper time—and then send Moon's the order.



STANDS STANDS STANDS STANDS



The Hackberry—Celtis

HACKBERRY or NETTLE TREE. CELTIS OCCIDEN-TALIS. (L). A useful tree that with age has characteristic little bunches of twigs like birds' nests, which are conspicuous during the Winter.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
5 to 6 ft	\$1.25	\$10.00	\$85.00
6 to 8 ft	1.75	12.50	100.00
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	2.25		
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in.,	3.00		

Cercidiphyllum

CERCIDIPHYLLUM JAPONICUM. KADSURA TREE. (S). An ornamental, hardy, compact tree of pyramidal form. It is a rapid-growing tree, thriving in moist fertile soil.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft	\$2.00	\$17.50
5 to 6 ft	3.00	25.00

The Beeches—Fagus

THESE are among the most attractive ornamental trees for lawn or park plantings. They are also useful for high screens or as specimens. Hardy, and rarely subjected to insect ravages. The deep, dark red leaves of the purple varieties, the delicately

AMERICAN BEECH. FAGUS AMERICANA. (L). lofty, spreading tree, with smooth gray bark, which is very ornamental.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft	\$3.50	\$30.00
5 to 6 ft	5.00	40.00
6 to 8 ft	7.00	

EUROPEAN BEECH. FAGUS SYLVATICA. (L). A closely branched tree which retains its lower branches. The leaves persist until late Winter, making it valuable for screen planting.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
6 to 8 ft	\$5.00	\$45.00	
8 to 10 ft	10.00	85.00	\$750.00
10 to 12 ft	15.00	125.00	1100.00

FERN-LFAVED BEECH. VAR. HETEROPHYLLA. (S).
Deep, delicately cut foliage, which is very distinctive. Retains its lower branches and leaves. which makes it a beautiful as well as serviceable hedge plant.

•	Each	Per 10	Per 100
5 to 6 ft	\$5.00	\$40.00	
6 to 7 ft	7.00	60.00	
7 to 8 ft	10.00	85.00	\$700.00
8 to 10 ft	15.00	125.00	1000.00

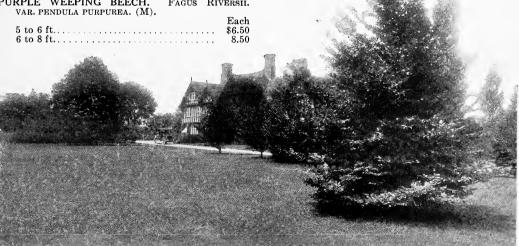
PURPLE WEEPING BEECH. FAGUS RIVERSIL cut foliage of the Fern-leaved and the grotesqueness of the Weeping Beech are characteristics meriting their more general use. The Beeches, particularly our American variety, rival the Oaks for stately appearance

PURPLE or COPPER BEECH. VAR. PURPUREA. (M). An effective tree for individual planting or color contrast. Of rather slow growth, but in time develops into a fine specimen, being branched to

.,	-	
the ground.	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft	\$5.00	\$40.00
6 to 8 ft	8.00	65.00
8 to 10 ft	12.50	100.00
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 4 in.	40.00	350.00
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in	50.00	450.00
•		

WEEPING BEECH. VAR. PENDULA. (M). The drooping oranches of this tree present a very picturesque effect. One of the best of the weeping

	Lacii	161 10
8 to 10 ft.		
10 to 12 ft	17.50	\$150.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 3 in.	22.50	185.00
14 to 16 ft., 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in		250.00



Trees grouped at the edge of the lawn, giving a broad open vista to the house—ideal landscape arrangement. The trees on the right are Beeches and are typical of the possibilities of the stock we offer in the European and River's Purple varieties. Plant Beech where low-branched trees are wanted, as specimens, or to screen undesirable views and add privacy to your outdoor living room.





RIVER'S PURPLE BEECH. VAR. RIVERSII. (M).
This variety assumes more the proportions of a shade tree and is not branched as closely to the ground as most Beeches. The best purple-leaved sort for lawn planting.

Each P	er 10 Per 100
8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 2 in., \$10.00 \$9	90.00 \$800.00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in., 15.00 13	25.00 1000.00
12 to 14 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in., 20.00 1'	75.00
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 3½ in., 30.00 28	50.00

Diospyros

PERSIMMON. DIOSPYROS VIRGO ornamental tree with shining for		
nearly any soil. Fruit is edible.	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft	$^{\$1.50}_{2.00}$	$$12.50 \\ 16.00$

The Ash—Fraxinus

A FAMILY of rapid-growing trees, which develop into broad, spreading specimens, especially effective in park plantings, or on large lawn areas. As their shade is not particularly dense, an attractive greensward is more easily maintained about them, which in many instances is an important factor. A group of ornamental trees well suited for general planting.

WHITE ASH. Fraxinus americana. (L). This native tree is quick in growth, with massive trunk and broad, spreading limbs. Valued for timber, shade, or street planting. A comparatively long-lived tree.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
8 to 10 ft., 1 to 11/4 in.,	\$1.25	\$10.00	\$80.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	1.50	12.50	100.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in.,	2.50	20.00	150.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in.,	3.50	30.00	250.00
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in.,	5.00	40.00	350.00
16 to 20 ft., 3 to 4 in.,	7.50	60.00	

EUROPEAN ASH. FRAXINUS EXCELSIOR. (L). Taller than the American Ash, with larger, darker leaves, which remain on the tree late in the Fall. Thrives in moist soils.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	\$1.50	\$12.50	
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in.,	5.00	40.00	\$350.00
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in.,	7.50	60.00	500.00

GREEN ASH. FRAXINUS LANCEOLATA. (M). A native variety of rather open growth.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
10 to 12 ft., 11/4 to 11/2 in	, \$1.50	\$12.50	
12 to 14 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	., 2.50	20.00	\$150.00
14 to 16 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	., 3.50	30.00	250.00
16 to 18 ft., 2½ to 3 in	., 5.00	40.00	

EUROPEAN FLOWERING ASH. FRAXINUS ORNUS.
(S). A small ornamental tree that bears great masses of fringe-like flowers in June.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
6 to 8 ft	\$1.25	\$10.00	\$80.00
8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 1½ in.,	2.00	15.00	125.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in.,	3.50	30.00	
16 to 20 ft., 3 to 4 in.,	7.50		

Have you read our history on page 2? Could we have been Nurserymen since 1767 without the confidence of the buying public?



The Ginkgo, a tree suited for a suburban and urban planting alike. Historically interesting, for its origin is shrouded in the mysteries of the Orient, and all trees now extant come from three trees near the Temple of Nikko in Japan.

MAIDENHAIR TREE. GINKGO BILOBA. (M). A deciduous member of the Pine family with unusual leaves, which resemble those of the Maidenhair Fern in shape, from which it takes its name. It withstands our unnatural city conditions.

	Ěach	Per 10	Per 100
6 to 8 ft	\$1.50	\$12.50	\$110.00
8 to 10 ft., 1 to $1\frac{1}{4}$ in.,	2.00	17.50	150.00
10 to 12 ft., 11/4 to 11/2 in.,	2.50	20.00	
12 to 14 ft., 1½ to 2 in.,	3.50	30.00	
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in.,	5.00		

The Locusts-Gleditsia

HONEY LOCUST. GLEDITSIA TRI A hardy native tree with light	IACANTHOS. (M).	
strong thorns.	Each Per 10	
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	\$2.00 \$15.00	
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in	3.00	

THORNLESS HONEY LOCUST. VAR. INERMIS. (M).
This variety is most valued for ornamental planting. Light airy foliage, but few thorns. Stands adverse conditions.

8 to 10 ft. \$2.50 \$20.00 10 to 12 ft. 3.50 \$0.00

Gymnocladus-Coffee Tree

KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE. GYMNOCLADUS CANA-DENSIS. (M). Odd tropical-looking foliage. In Winter the blunt twigless branches give it a unique individuality. Each Per 10 Per 100 6 to 8 ft \$1.75 \$15.00 \$120.00

6 to 8 ft	\$1.7 5	\$15.00	
8 to 10 ft., 11/4 to 11/2 in.,	2.50	20.00	
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.,	3.00	25.00	
10 to 12 ft. 2 to 2½ in	5.00	40.00	





The Hickory—Hicoria

SHAGBARK	HICKORY.	HICORIA	OVATA	. (L).
A native n	arrow-headed,	tall growing	tree.	Nuts are
edible.				

3 to 4 ft	Each \$2.25	Per 10 \$20.00	Per 100 \$175.00
4 to 5 ft	2.75	25.00	225.00
5 to 6 ft	3.50	30.00	275.00
6 to 8 ft	4.50	37.50	

The Walnuts—Juglans

BUTTERNUT. JUGLANS CINEREA. growing tree with large compo-	(M). und leave	A quick s. Nuts
are edible.	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 1½ in	\$2. 50	\$20.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2^{-1} in	3.25	27.50
JAPANESE WALNUT. JUGLANS SI	EBOLDIAN	A. (M).
Native of Japan, but perfectly ha	ardy here.	Nuts are
sweet and edible.	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	\$3.00	
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	4.00	35.00

HEART-SHAPED JAPANESE CORDIFORMIS. (M). Leaves con		VAR. heart-
shaped and edible.	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 2 in	\$4.00	\$30.00

8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in		\$4.00	\$30.00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in		5.50	45.00
BLACK WALNUT	JUGLANS NIGRA.	(M).	

DLACK WALITOI JUGLANS NIGRA. (LVI / •
Ea	ich Per 10
6 to 8 ft \$2	.00 \$17.50
	.50

	WALNUT.					
	a slow-grow		$_{ m the}$	nuts	are	very
deliciou	s and most de	esirable.	_			

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft		\$12.50
3 to 4 ft	2.00	17.50

The Varnish Tree-Koelreuteria

VARNISH T	REE. KOELREU	TERIA PANICULATA. s of yellow flowers	(D). A
tree with	showy panicles	of yellow flowers	in July.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft	\$2.00	\$15.00
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	3.00	25.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	4.50	35.00

Have you read the introductory pages? Trees for various purposes are summarized on pages 8 to 12.

The Tulip Tree—Liriodendron

TULIP TREE. LIRIODENDRON TULIPIFERA. (L). A rapid growing tree which develops into one of the tallest of our native sorts. The tulip-like flowers in June are attractive.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
5 to 6 ft	\$1.50	\$10.00	\$80.00
6 to 8 ft	2.00	15.00	120.00
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	3.00	22.50	175.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in.,	3.75	32.50	275.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	5.00	40.00	350.00

The Sweet Gum-Liquidambar

A native tree of rapid growth, corky bark and star-shaped leaves. One of the most beautiful trees for Fall color. SWEET GUM. LIQUIDAMBAR STRYACIFLUA. star-shaped leaves. One of the most beautiful trees for Fall color. Spring planting is preferable.

4 to 5 ft 5 to 6 ft	Each \$1.50 2.00	Per 10 \$12.50 15.00	Per 100 \$100.00 125.00

The Mulberries—Morus

UICK growing, ornamental trees, with sweet edible fruit. Because of the dropping berries, these trees should not be planted near walks.

TEA'S WEEPING MULBERRY. MORUS ALBA. VAR. PENDULA. (D). One of the best of the weeping Each Per 10 5 to 6 ft. stems, 1 year heads... \$3.00 \$25.00

RUSSIAN MULBERRY. VAR. TATA		
growing, bushy topped tree that	bears	abundance
of small fruit.	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft	\$1.25	\$10.00
8 to 10 ft	2.00	15.00

The Larch-Larix

EUROPEAN LARCH. LARIX EUROPAEA. (M). A fine tree of pyramidal growth. Resembles an Ever-Each Per 10 8 to 10 ft..... \$5.00 6.50 8.00

10.00

8.00

\$80.00

JAPANESE LARCH. LARIX LEPTOLEPIS SYN. KAEMP-(M). Leaves are narrow and longer than the European variety. Each Per 10 6 to 8 ft....... \$4.00 \$35.00 8 to 10 ft..... 6.00 50.00

14 to 16 ft......

10 to 12 ft.......



A suburban lot of 90 feet frontage showing open reaches of lawn. The boundary plantings give the property an atmosphere of extent.



100000000000000000



The Magnolias

THE stately, tropical appearance of the Magnolias, the richness of their foliage, and the lavish profusion of large and beautiful flowers, which are very fragrant,

American Magnolias

CUCUMBER	TREE.	Magnolia	ACUMINA	та. (М).
		n flowers in		e followed
by scarlet	cucumbe	r-shaped see	d pods.	

6 to 8 ft	6 . 00	Per 10 \$17.50 50.00 100.00
WEET DAY MAGNOTTA GLAT	a. (S) A	native of

SWEET BAY. MAGNOLIA GLAUCA. our swamps with fragrant white		
Partially evergreen.	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$2.00	\$17.50
10 to 12 ft	15.00	

LARGE-LEAVED CUCUMBER TREE. MAGNOLIA MACROPHYLLA. (M). Extremely large leaves, bright green with a silvery undersurface.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft	\$4.00	\$35.00
5 to 6 ft	5.00	45.00
6 to 8 ft	6.00	55.00

LARGE-LEAVED MAGNOLIA. MAGNOLIA TRIPETALA. (M). Has broad green leaves, and as it matures, bears large white flowers.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	\$3.50	\$30.00	\$260.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.,		37.50	

Oriental Magnolias

The Oriental Magnolias retain their lower branches more than the American sorts, assuming bush-like proportions. They flower in even greater profusion, and have the additional advantage of blooming when quite young.

MAGNOLIA ALBA SUPERBA. (S). A decotree for individual planting, with beautiful	
flowers.	Each
2 to 3 ft	\$5.00
5 to 6 ft	11.00
6 to 7 ft	15.00
7 to 0 ft	$\Omega \Lambda \Lambda \Lambda$

easily p								
They tr							likely	to
be succe	ssful w	hen r	noved	in the	Sprin	g.		

THURBER'S MAGNOLIA. MAGNOLIA KOBUS. (S). One of the hardiest of the Oriental type. Fragrant white flowers in May.

•	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$2.50	\$20.00
3 to 4 ft		
8 to 10 ft		
10 to 12 ft	50.00	450.00

LENNE'S MAGNOLIA. Magnolia Lenneii. (8). Rather open and irregular growth. Flowers are deep rose without, and pearly white within.

	Each
3 to 4 ft	 \$6.00
5 to 6 ft	 11.00
6 to 7 ft	 15.00
7 to 8 ft	 20.00

SOULANGE'S PINK MAGNOLIA. MAGNOLIA SOULANGEANA. (S). The pink flowers in Spring abundance and produce a gorgeous sight.

3	to	4	ft.																\$6.00
4	to	5	ft.			 ٠.		 											8.00
																			11.00
			ft.																
7	to	8	ft.							•									20.00

HALL'S JAPANESE MAGNOLIA. MAGNOLIA STEL-LATA; SYN. HALLEANA. (VD). Dwarf and bushy. The white fragrant star-like flowers come very early in the Spring.

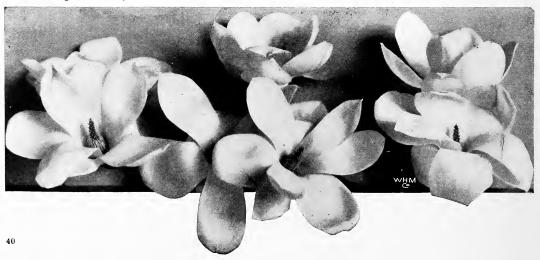
1½ to 2 ft	Each \$4.00 6.00	Per 10 \$35.00 50.00
DINE INDANESE MACNOLIA	AD DOCEA	(VD)

A pink flowering variety of the above. Each

1½ to 2 ft.\$4.00 PSEUDOLARIX KAEMPFERI. (M). Somewhat similar to the Larch with longer needles.

	Lach
6 to 8 ft	\$7.50
8 to 10 ft	10.00

Flowers of the Magnolia, coming before the danger of frost is over in the Spring. One of the opening numbers of the Floral Pageant of the year.









A Flowering Crab-Apple in bloom. There is something about apple blossoms that gives them a particular charm. There is quite a variation in the type of growth and the flowers of the varieties offered on this page.

The Flowering Crab-Apples— Malus

R. JOHN DUNBAR, of the Rochester Park System, says of the Crab-Apples that they are "the most wonderful of all flowering trees for American gardens." As a family, they are of relatively low growth, adapting themselves to individual planting on the small lawn, or beautiful groupings on the larger areas, the flowers ranging in color from deep rose to pink and pure white. The trees blossom even when young, increasing in beauty from year to year. In Autumn, some of these varieties bear miniature fruits of red or yellow, which are very decorative at that season. You are sure to feel fully repaid for having planted a Flowering Crab-Apple on your lawn.

MALUS ATROSANGUINEA. (D). Pink flowers in
May. A very showy variety, good for individual
planting.
8 to 10 ft., 2 to 2½ in

SIBERIAN FLOWERING CRAB-		
BACCATA. (S). One of the larges		
crab-apples. The pure white fl-	owers are	followed
by ornamental yellow fruits.	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft		\$25.00
8 to 10 ft	4.50	
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	5.50	
12 to 14 ft., 2^{-1} to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	7.50	

FLOWERING CRAB-AP					
(S). One of the best	of the	flowering	g crab-	app	les
It blooms profusely, t					
into white blossoms.	Yellov	v fruits	follow	in	the
Fall.		Eac	h	Per	r 10

E2	.ch Per 10
5 to 6 ft\$3	.00 \$25.00
6 to 8 ft	50 30.00
	50 45.00

SWEET-SCENTED FLOWERING CRAB-APPLE.
MALUS CORONARIA. (D). Splendid for naturalistic
plantings, although its beauty also commends it
for individual planting on the lawn.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft	\$3.00	\$25.00
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	4.50	40.00

BECHTEL'S DOUBLE-FLOWERING CRAB-APPLE.
MALUS IOENSIS.VAR.BECHTELII. (S) The flowers are
large and very double; delicate pink or blush in
color and fragrant.

co.o. a.a	T2 1	TO 40
	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$1.50	\$12.50
3 to 4 ft	2.00	15.00
4 to 5 ft	2.50	20.00
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in		
10 to 12 ft., 2^{-1} to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	9.00	

PARKMAN'S FLOWERING CRAB-APPLE. MALUS PARKMANNII. (D). Rose-colored buds open into little rosy-white flowers. These are succeeded by decorative fruits. The tree is of a rather spreading, irregular nature.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
4 to 5 ft	\$2.00	\$15.00	
5 to 6 ft	3.00	25.00	\$200.00
6 to 8 ft	4.00	30.00	250.00
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$			
in	5.00	42.50	350.00

MALUS SCHEIDECKERI. (S). An upright grower. Flowers, small, double and of a beautiful pink color, are borne profusely.

	Each	$\operatorname{Per} 10$
6 to 8 ft	\$3.50	\$30.00
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	5.50	45.00

CHINESE WHITE-FLOWERING CRAB-APPLE.
MALUS SPECTABILIS VAR. ALBA PLENO. (S). Valued
for individual or group planting.

	Each
6 to 8 ft	\$3.50
8 to 10 ft	5.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	6.50

CHINESE PINK-FLOWERING CRAB-APPLE. VAR. ROSEA. (S). Attractive light rose-pink flowers, which are followed in the autumn by beautiful red fruit.

	Lach	Per 10
8 to 10 ft	\$5.00	
10 to 12 ft. 1½ to 2 in	6.50	\$50.00

MALUS TORINGO. (D). White or blush flowers followed by yellow fruits.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft	\$3.50	
8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 2 in	5.00	\$45.00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	6.50	

The Sour Gum-Nyssa

SOUR GUM. NYSSA SYLVATICA. (M). Brilliant foliage effect in the Fall.

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft	\$3.50	\$30.00

Sorrel Tree-Oxydendrum

SORREL TREE. OXYDENDRUM ARBOREUM. (M). Panicles of small white flowers, resembling those of Lily-of-the-Valley, are borne in July. Brilliant Autumn foliage.

	_	Each	$\operatorname{Per} 10$
3	to 4 ft	\$2.00	\$17.50
	to 5 ft	2.50	20.00
	to 6 ft		30.00
	to 8 ft	5.00	42.00



MOON'S TREES and and and and and and and a



Cork Tree—Phellodendron

CHINESE CORK TREE. PHELL ALINENSE. (M). A native of Chin this climate. One of the most	ina, but de	oes well
hardiest species. 10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in 12 to 14 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 14 to 16 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in 14 to 16 ft., 3 to 4 in		Per 10 \$25.00 40.00 55.00 80.00

AMOOR CORK TREE. PHELLODENDRON AMURENSE. (M). A tropical-looking tree with long pinnate foliage. A rapid grower when young; forms a low head and grows fairly well under city conditions.

12 to 14 ft., 2	to 2½	in	£ach \$5.00
14 to 16 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$	to 3	in.	7.50

Native Plums and Cherries—Prunus

WILD PLUM. PRUNUS AMERICANA. (D). Desirable for producing natural landscape. White flowers in early Spring followed by decorative fruits.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	\$3.00	\$25.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	4.00	35.00

EUROPEAN BIRD CHERRY. PRUNUS PADUS. (D). A small spreading tree. The fruit which follows the white flowers of Spring attracts birds.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
6 to 8 ft	\$2.00	\$16.00
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	3.00	25.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	4.00	35.00

PRUNUS SERRULATA. VAR. SACHALINENSIS SYN. SARGENTI (M). A large flowering variety. Flowers pink and white in attractive clusters.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft	\$4.00	\$35.00
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	6.50	50.00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in	7.50	

The Poplars—Populus

THESE trees grow rapidly, making them especially useful for quick and inexpensive effects. They thrive in almost any soil and withstand the adverse conditions found in cities.

CAROLINA POPLAR. POPULUS CAROLINIANA. (M). A much-used tree where quick results are desired. Foliage clean and glossy. Each 6 to 8 ft..... \$0.75 \$5.00

LOMBARDY POPLAR. POPULUS NIGRA. VAR. ITALICA. (L). A tall, columnar form that is in contrast to the more rounded outline of other trees. Splendid for screen planting. Each Per 10 Per 100 6 to 8 ft..... \$1.00 \$7.50 \$50.00 1.50 11.00 85.00

The Plane Trees—Platanus

2.00

15.00

ORIENTAL PLANE. PLATANUS ORIENTALIS. Considered by many authorities as the best shade tree for city planting. It grows well in a great variety of soils and withstands the smoky atmosphere of cities. It is hardy, thrives near the seashore and is remarkably free from insect pests. We have an exceptionally fine stock of these trees in the most desirable sizes. Its rapid growth makes it a popular and satisfactory tree for avenue planting.

planting.	Lach	Per 10	Per 100
6 to 8 ft	\$0.90	\$7.50	\$60.00
8 to 10 ft., 1 to $1\frac{1}{4}$ in.,	1.25	10.00	80.00
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	1.50	12.50	110.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in.,	2.25	18.00	150.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in.,	3.00	25.00	200.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	4.00	32.50	250.00
14 to 16 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in.,	5.50	45.00	375.00
18 to 20 ft., 3 to 4 in.,	10.00	8 5.00	700.00
20 to 22 ft., 4 to 5 in.,	15.00	125.00	



Plane trees four years after planting on Ardmore Avenue, Trenton, N. J. Already the sidewalk and porches are protected from the heat of the Summer sun and this street, near the heart of the city, assumes the quiet and comfortable atmosphere of the suburbs.









An Oak from our Nurseries a few years after planting. Some varieties, contrary to general statement, grow with a rapidity that is commensurate with many other trees. Our picture shows their beauty in Summer and Winter,—in the latter season, the antler-like branches of the Mossy-cup Oak striking an interesting note in the landscape. Plant Oaks for yourselves, your children and posterity, as a memorial for those who have passed beyond and for most every purpose where trees are needed, for they are American trees suited for American purposes.

The Oaks-Quercus

"Strength, Solidity, Durability are Symbolized in the Oaks"

Several varieties of these grand trees, possessing so many virtues, do not grow so slowly as it is often supposed. Their broad, spreading heads make them desirable shade trees for lawns, parks, public grounds and avenues. The brilliant Autumnal coloring of some species is everywhere commented upon. Most varieties retain their leaves during the

Winter, serving as a shelter for squirrels and birds. There is something about an Oak which impresses you with the fact that these stately trees are among the most noble creations in the realm of plant life. Some kinds are rather difficult to transplant, but worth the extra effort required to establish them.

WHITE OAK. QUERCUS ALBA. (L). A massive tree with a broad, open head and foliage that turns a beautiful red in the Fall. Excellent for parks and large lawns.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft	\$3.50	\$30.00
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	4.50	40.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	5.50	50.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	7.00	65.00

SWAMP WHITE OAK. QUERCUS BICOLOR. (L).
Thrives well in either wet or dry soils. One of the quickest growing of the oaks. General appearance similar to the White Oak.

10
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SHINGLE OAK. QUERCUS IMBRICARIA. (L). A symmetrical, round-headed tree with somewhat drooping branches and attractive foliage.

	Each	Per 10
12 to 14 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	\$6.50	\$60.00
14 to 16 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	8.00	70.00
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in	15.00	

SCARLET OAK. QUERCUS COCCINEA. (L). This tree takes its name from the brilliant coloring of its Autumn foliage. One of the best of our shade trees.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft	\$2.50	\$22.50
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	3.50	30.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in	4.25	37.50
10 to 12 ft., $1\sqrt[3]{4}$ to $2\sqrt[3]{4}$ in	5.00	45.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in	6.50	60.00
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in	8.00	70.00
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in	15.00	125.00
20 tò 25 ft 4 to 5 in	30.00	250.00

MOSSY CUP OAK. QUERCUS MACROCARPA. (M). Characterized by massive open growth, with large heavy leaves and deeply corrugated bark. The large acorns on mature trees are curiously fringed as if with gray moss. Each Per 10 Per 100

as if	with gray	moss		Each	Per 10	Fer 100
8 to	10 ft., 11/4	to 11	∕2 in.,	\$3.50	\$30.00	
10 to	$12 \text{ ft., } 1\frac{1}{2}$	to 2	in.,	4.50	40.00	
10 to	o 12 ft., 2	to 2	½ in.,	6.00		\$425.0 0
) 14 ft., 2 ½	to 3	in.,	8.00	70.00	
		to 4	in.,	12.50	100.00	
16 tc	20 ft., 4	to 5	in.,	25.00	200.00	

"Father, how about a tree near the kitchen door, so mother'll have a comfy, healthful spot in which to perform some of her household chores."





SWAMP POST OAK. QUERCUS LYRATA. (L). A native variety seldom seen in cultivation. Does best in rather moist soils.

		Each	Per 10
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 21/9	in.	\$6.00	
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3	in	7.50	
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4	in	12.50	\$100.00
18 to 20 ft., 4 to 5	in	25.00	200.00

PIN OAK. QUERCUS PALUSTRIS. (M). It is the most popular of all Oaks—unsurpassed as a lawn specimen, and admired for avenue planting.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in.	, \$3.00	\$27.50	\$250.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in.	4.00	35.00	
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in.	5.00	45.00	
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in.	15.00		
20 to 25 ft., 4 to 5 in.	35.00		

PYRAMIDAL OAK. QUERCUS PEDUNCULATA VAR. FASTIGIATA. (M). A narrow, columnar tree. The leaves are small and adhere persistently to the branches almost all Winter.

6	to	8	ft							 	 			\$7.50
8	to	10	ft							 	 			10.00
12	to	14	ft.,	$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	in	• .	 					20.00

WILLOW-LEAVED OAK, QUERCUS PHELLOS. (M). The long, narrow leaves of this variety resemble those of the Willow. Grows slowly and does best in moist soils.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
8 to 10 ft., 1 to $1\frac{1}{4}$ in.,	\$3.00	\$25.00	
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	3.50	30.00	\$260.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.,	4.50	40.00	350.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in.,	6.00	50.00	450.00
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in.,	8.00	70.00	
16 to 18 ft. 3 to 4 in	15.00	120.00	

RED OAK. QUERCUS RUBRA. (M.) A large native tree, with deeply cut, bright green leaves. It is the most rapid growing of all the Oaks. The Autumn foliage is unsurpassed for brilliancy; a beautiful tree for lawn and avenue planting.

		Each	Per 10	Per 100
8 to 10 ft., 11/4 t	to 1½ in.,	\$3.00	\$25.00	\$225.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ t	o $1\frac{3}{4}$ in.,	3.75	32.50	275.00
12 to 14 ft., 13/4 t	o 2 in.,	4.50	40.00	350.00
14 to 16 tt., 2 t	to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in.,	6.00	50.00	450.00
16 to 18 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ t	o 3 in.,	8.00	70.00	600.00
18 to 20 ft., 3 t	o 4 in.,	12.50	100.00	
20 to 22 ft., 4 t	o 5 in.,	25.00	200.00	

BLACK OAK. QUERCUS VELUTINA. (L). A native variety which develops into a handsome tree for lawn planting.

	Each	Per 10
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in	\$6.00	\$55.00
14 to 16 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	8.50	75.00
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in	12.50	100.00

Sassafras

SASSAFRAS VARIIFOLIUM. (M). A native tree of irregular growth seldom seen in ornamental plantings.

mgs.	77 1	D 10
	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
6 to 8 ft	\$3.00	\$25.00
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	4.50	40.00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in	6.00	50.00

The Mountain Ash—Sorbus

The Willows—Salix

WILLOWS will grow almost anywhere, and need not necessarily be planted beside streams and waterways, as is commonly supposed. They mature so rapidly that they are very desirable where quick results are wanted. The golden-twigged varieties are especially interesting during the Winter, when the coloring of the bark is most prominent.

WEEPING WILLOW. SALIX BABYLONICA. (M). The well-known Weeping Willow, whose long pendulous branches droop so gracefully, is especially effective when planted near water.

					Each	Per 10
8 to	10 ft.,	$1\frac{1}{4}$ to	$1\frac{1}{2}$	in	\$1.50	\$12.50

GOAT or PUSSY WILLOW. SALIX CAPREA. (S). A quick growing shrub-like tree. The fur-like catkins along the branches in early Spring make it attractive.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft	\$0.75	\$6.00
5 to 6 ft	1.00	7.50

THURLOW'S WEEPING WILLOW. SALIX ELEGAN-TISSIMA. (M). Not as pendulous in small sizes as the Weeping Willow, but one which does well under adverse conditions.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	\$1.50	\$12.50
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in	2.00	•

ROSEMARY WILLOW. SALIX INCANA. SYN. ROSMAR-INIFOLIA. (D). A small round-headed tree with long slender branches and narrow leaves.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft	\$1.25	\$10.00
5 to 6 ft	1.50	12.50
6 to 8 ft	2.50	20.00

WEEPING GOLDEN-BARK WILLOW. SALIX VITELLINA VAR. AUREA PENDULA. (M). Bright golden branches make this variety of value in the Winter months. Habit of growth similar to the Weeping Willow.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft	\$1.50	\$12.50
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	2.00	

Pagoda Tree—Sophora

JAPANESE PAGODA TREE. SOPHORA JAPONICA.
(M). Small shiny leaves with clusters of creamy white bloom in August.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft	\$2.50	\$20.00
5 to 6 ft	3.00	25.00
6 to 8 ft	4.00	35.00
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	5.50	47.50

Bald Cypress—Taxodium

DECIDUOUS or BALD CYPRESS. TAXODIUM DISTICHUM. (L). Grows rapidly and thrives well in damp or dry soils. It is a remarkably tall, narrowheaded tree of conical outline.

4 to 5 ft	Each	Per 10	Per 100
	\$1.60	\$14.00	\$120.00
5 to 6 ft		16.50	,

Avenues of remembrance not only serve to keep fresh the cherished love for those who have gone on, but they make life happier and richer for those who still are with us. Get your society to plant a Memorial Avenue.



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Linden trees from our Nurseries on the streets of Roxbury, Mass. These were purchased by the Municipal authorities after an examination of stock in several nurseries. Here is an instance of how a shade tree commission is maintaining the trees along the streets, giving promise of a splendid, shaded highway. The single tree shows the method of planting and staking that is highly approved for sidewalk locations.

The Lindens—Tilia

AS a family the Lindens are of rapid growth, and transplant readily. They have large leaves which usually fall early in the Autumn, and develop into rather compact, conical trees which are well adapted to lawn and park planting. Other characteristic features of the Lindens are their straight growth and symmet-

SILVER-LEAVED LINDEN. TILIA ARGENTEA; SYN. TOMENTOSA. (M). The leaves of this variety are dark green above and silvery-white beneath. This contrast of leaf surfaces is very effective, making it a beautiful shade tree for lawn decoration.

		Each	Per 10
10 to 12 ft., 2 t	to 2½ in	\$6.00	\$50.00
12 to 14 ft., 21/2 t		7.50	65.00
16 to 18 ft., 3 t	to 4 in	12.50	100.00
18 to 20 ft., 4 t	to 5 in	25.00	200.00

AMERICAN LINDEN or BASSWOOD. TILIA AMERICANA. (M). A rapid-growing native tree that develops into a large, broad open headed tree. Has small yellow flowers in June that fill the air with fragrance.

	Eacn	Per 10	Per 100
8 to 10 ft., 11/4 to 11/2 in.,	\$2.50	\$20.00	
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.,	3.50	30.00	\$250.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in.,	5.00	40.00	300.00
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in.,	6.50	55.00	460.00
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in.,	9.00	75.00	

EUROPEAN LINDEN. TILIA CORDATA. (M). The bark is dark brown in color and the growth dense and compact, making it a shade tree of much value for lawn planting, though it is also well suited for avenue use in suburban sections.

			Each	Per 10	Per 100
8 to 10 ft., 11/4 t	to 1½ i	n.,	\$2.50	\$20.00	\$160.00
10 to 12 ft., 11/2 t		n.,	3.50	30.00	
14 to 16 ft., 21/2 t	to 3 i	n.,	6.50	50.00	
16 to 18 ft., 3 t	to 4 i	in.,	10.00	85.00	
18 to 20 ft., 4 t	to 5 i	n.,	20.00	160.00	
20 to 25 ft 5 f	to 6 i	n. i	45.00		

CRIMEAN LINDEN. TILIA EUCHLORA. (M). A symmetrically growing tree which is characterized by the bright green color of the young branches and the dark, rich green of the glossy leaves.

	Each	Per 10			
8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 1½ in	\$2.75	\$22.50			
12 to 14 ft., 1½ to 2 in	4.00	35.00			
12 to 14 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	5.50	45.00			
14 to 16 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	7.00	60.00			
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in	12.00	100.00			
18 to 20 ft., 4 to 5 in	20.00	160.00			

rical outline, which make them well suited for street use. The European varieties especially class among the best shade trees for avenue planting, particularly in the suburbs. While the texture of the leaves is not so delicate as some, nor the Autumn coloring so brilliant, these trees are worthy of much more general recognition.

WHITE BASSWOOD. TILIA HETEROPHYLLA. (M). Very similar to Tilia Americana, excepting that it is a little more open and the leaves larger.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
20 to 25 ft., 5 to 6 in	\$40.00	\$325.00
25 to 30 ft., 6 to 7 in	65.00	550.00

LARGE-LEAVED LINDEN. TILIA PLAYPHYLLOS. (M).
A beautiful tree with a pyramidal head and regular outline, well suited for avenue planting.

			Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., 1	4 to 11/2	in	\$2.50	\$20.00
10 to 12 ft., 1	½ to 2	in	3.50	30.00
12 to 14 ft., 2	to 2½	in	5.00	40.00
14 to 16 ft., 23	1/2 to 3	in	6.50	55.00
16 to 18 ft., 3	to 4	in	10.00	85.00
18 to 22 ft 4	to 5	in.	20.00	160.00

SMALL-LEAVED EUROPEAN LINDEN. TILIA VULGARIS. (M). One of the best of the European varieties. It grows symmetrically even when young and makes a good general purpose tree.

						Each	Per 10
16 to	18 ft.,	3 t	o	$3\frac{1}{2}$	in	\$10.00	\$85.00
16 to 3	18 ft.,	31/2 t	0	4	in	15.00	125.00
18 to 2	20 ft.,	4 t	o	5	in	25.00	200.00
20 to 2	25 ft.,	5 t	0	6	in	45.00	

The Elms-Ulmus

AMERICAN ELM. ULMUS AMERICANA. (L). This Elm is the characteristic tree which arches many of the New England streets, though it also grows well in other sections. It is of massive proportions, long-lived, and the spreading branches support a drooping canopy of foliage. Each Per 10

drooping canopy	y of foliage.	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., 11/4	to 1½ in	\$2.50	\$20.00
	to 2 in	3.50	30.00
12 to 14 ft., 2	to 2½ in	5.00	45.00

ENGLISH ELM. ULMUS CAMPESTRIS. (L). Equally fine and imposing. This variety holds its leaves longer than other varieties. Each Per 10 \$6.00 \$50.00 in. 9.00 80.00 in. 15.00 120.00 16 to 18 ft., 4 to 5 in..... 35.00

in.

45.00

to 6

18 to 20 ft., 5







Thousands of suburban homes present the problem of bare house foundations. Flowering shrubs solve the problem effectively and inexpensively. The verdant foliage and cheerful flowers of Summer, and bright bark and berries in Winter can make the planting interesting the year round if the selection of varieties is carefully made. Moon's will_help you in this selection and arrangement if desired.

Deciduous Flowering Shrubs

(The shrubs that lose their leaves during the Winter scason)

HETHER planted individually or collectively, shrubs are an important feature in the adornment of any grounds. In such locations where they can be used as specimens, and thus allowed space for symmetrical development, their grace and beauty appears to perfection. In groups they can be made to emphasize some feature of the lawn, to screen the garage, the laundry yard, or some unsightly view; or to shield the porch and relieve the strong, stiff lines of the foundation walls. Along borders of the lawn, on banks and slopes, along walks and drives and in corners, collections of shrubs may be gathered that will give a succession of bloom from the opening of Spring until Autumn.

The rich green of the Summer foliage plays a greater part in landscape effect than is often realized. The Autumn color which the leaves of many varieties assume set the lawn ablaze at that season. The brilliant berries

ACANTHOPANAX (ARALIA) PENTAPHYLLUM.
(M). Upright, with prickly branches. Luxuriant, lustrous foliage. Adapted for hedging, shady places and adverse city conditions.

proces wire warrend	,	DEGERAGE	
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.7 0	\$5.00	\$35.00
3 to 4 ft	.80	6.00	40.00
4 to 5 ft	1.10	8.00	50.00
5 to 6 ft	1.25	9.00	

AESCULUS PARVIFLORA — DWARF HORSE CHESTNUT. (S). Spreading habit. Handsome species when in flower. July. Creamy white.

2	to	2	ft.																	Each \$2.50
																				Ψ=.00
3	to	4	ft	 																3.50
4	to	5	ft.																	5.00

of some sorts tempt the birds to linger, and, together with the bright bark of such shrubs as some of the Dogwoods, give a tone of color even to the gray landscape of Winter. The snow-covered twigs in Winter have a charm all their own, and help to make the lawn attractive throughout the year.

In the list that follows will be found shrubs for all of these purposes. The possibilities of effective combinations are unlimited.

The color of the flowers of the different shrubs that are preceded by (R) are described according to Ridgeway's "Color and Nomenclature."

"Var." indicates a variety of the last-named species. Shrubs that usually grow over 12 feet are marked (L); from 8 to 12 feet (M); from 6 to 8 feet (S); from 3 to 6 feet (D); and 3 feet or below (VD).

The months of the year mentioned in the descriptions indicate the season when the shrub usually flowers.

Shad Bush-Amelanchier

AMELANCHIER CANADENSIS. (L). April and May. A native usually found in low ground along streams. Flowers, white. The fruit attracts birds.

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft		\$12. 50
6 to 8 ft	1.75	15.00

Chokeberry-Aronia

ARONIA ARBUTIFOLIA. (L). May. White. Valuable for massing, both on account of the early white flowers and clusters of showy red berries.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft	\$0.60	\$5.00
2 to 3 ft	.75	6.00





Amorpna		
AMORPHA CANESCENS (LEAD	PLANT).	(VD).
Blue flowers in June.	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft	\$0.90	\$7.00
Amygdalus—Almo	nds	
AMYGDALUS COMMUNIS. VAR. A (S). White-flowering Almond.		
Spring.	Each	-
3 to 4 ft		
	•	
VAR. ROSEA FLORE PLENO. (S). Pink-fl	owering
Almond.	Each	
3 to 4 ft	\$1.50	\$12.50

Amaraha

Azaleas

See EVERGREEN SHRUB chapter for the beautiful Evergreen Azaleas.

FRAGRANT WHITE AZALEA.
AZALEA ARBORESCENS. (S). June. Fragrant white flowers with pink stamens. Foliage in Autumn turns to brilliant shades of red.

Each Per 10 Per 100 2 to 3 ft.\$2.50 \$20.00 \$175.00 3 to 4 ft. 3.50 30.00 225.00

FLAME-COLORED AZALEA. AZALEA LUTEA (CALENDUL-ACEA). (M).

Each Per 10 2 to 3 ft. . . \$30.00 \$3.50

GHENT AZALEA. AZALEA PON-TICA. (D). April.

Each Per 10 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft... \$3.00 \$25.00 35.00 to 3 ft.. 4.00

AZALEA VASEYII. (D). May. before Flowers, rose-pink leaves appear. Autumn foliage assumes deep, rich red tone.

> Per 10 Each 1½ to 2 ft.. \$2.50 \$20.00 to3ft.. 3.50

WOOD HONEYSUCKLE. AZA-LEA NUDIFLORA. (D). May. Flowers, deep pink in clusters. 1¼ to Each Per 10 Per 100 1½ ft. \$1.65 \$14.00 \$120.00

The Salt Bush—Baccharis

BACCHARIS HALMIFOLIA. (M). Spreading, bushy, with lustrous foliage and cottony seed pods in Autumn. Valuable for seashore planting.

Each Per 10 4 to 5 ft... 5 to 6 ft... \$1.25 \$10.00

1.50

Spice Bush—Benzoin

12.50

BENZOIN AESTIVALE. SYN. ODORIFERUM. (M).
March and April. Small bright yellow flowers.
Its red berries and yellow foliage in Autumn are
very attractive. Well adapted for moist soils.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
2 to 3 ft	.80	6.00	42.50
3 to 4 ft	1.00	7.50	55.00
4 to 5 ft	1.25	10.00	85.00
5 to 6 ft	1.50	12.50	

The Barberries—Berberis

BERBERIS DIAPHANA. (VD).	Valued for	its large
fruit and brilliant Autumn folia	ge. An ui	ncommon
variety of much value.	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft	\$1.10	\$9.00
2 to 3 ft	1.50	12.00
HOLLY-LEAVED BARBERRY.		
Folia. (S). Attractive, holl	y-like foli	iage that
persists until early Winter.		_
Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft \$0.75	\$5.00	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 1.00	7.50	\$50.00
z to 3 ft 1.50	12.50	

REGEL'S BARBERRY.	BERBERS	ris Regell	ANA. SYN
HAKODATE. (D).	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 to 1½ ft	\$0.60	\$4.50	\$30.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	.80	6.00	40.00
2 to 3 ft	1.00	7.50	50.00

Japanese Barberry

BERBERIS THUNBERGII.

(S). May. Invaluable little shrub that fits in with almost every planting.

1 to 11/2 ft.

Each \$0.60	Per 10 \$4.00
Per 100	Per 1000
\$30.00	\$250.00

Butterfly Bush Buddleia

BUDDLEIA DAVIDII MAG-NIFICA. (S). July. Long spikes of light blue flowers, (R) "lighter than Pallid Bluish Violet." Butterflies are attracted by their honeylike fragrance, which adds to its charm. Not entirely hardy North of Philadelphia.

Strong plants Per 10 Each Per 100 \$0.85 \$6.50 \$45.00

Sweet Shrub, Allspice or "Shrub"

CALYCANTHUS FLORIDUS. (M). June. Chocolate colored flowers(R)"between Diamine Brown" and "Hessian Brown," and "Hessian Brown," of delightful fragrance. Strong upright grower. 1½ to 2 ft.

Each Per 10 Per 100 \$0.50 \$4.00 \$25.00 2 to 3 ft. Each Per 10 Per 100 \$0.70 \$5.00 \$35.00

The Callicarpas JAPANESE CALLICARPA

CALLICARPA JAPONICA. (D).

August. Flowers pink, followed by violet berries that line the branches after the leaves have fallen. Not dependably hardy north of Philadelphia.

1½ to 2 ft	Per 10 \$4.50 7.00
2 00 0 101	

BEAUTY FRUIT or PURPLE-FRUITED CARPA. CALLICRAPA PURPUREA. (D). CALLI-August. Valued for late season and mass planting effects. Per 100 Per 10 \$7.00 Each \$45,00 2 to 3 ft...... \$0.90

Flowers of the Butterfly Bush brighten

the garden by their profusion from July into early Autumn. They are excellent for cutting and the removal of the flowers as they fade increases

its florescence.





Chionanthus

CHIONAN	THUS	VIRC	INICA	— WI	HITE	FRINGE
TREE.	(L). V	White 1	flowers	in May	and J	une.

Pepper Bush—Clethra

to September. Fragrant. White flowers borne on

long terminal panicles. Well suited for moist places

Per 10

\$5.00 Per 100

\$35.00

Each Per 10 Per 100 \$0.90 \$7.00 \$45.00

Each Per 10 Per 100 \$1.10 \$8.50 \$55.00

Per 10

\$10.00

Sweet Fern—Comptonia COMPTONIA ASPLENIFOLIA. (VD). Fern-like, fragrant foli-age. Effective for rock garden and natural effects on barren

Each

4 to 5 ft..... 5 to 6 ft.....

2 to 3 ft... \$1.25

3 to 4 ft.....

Per 10

\$10.00

Each

\$0.70

1.00

1.25

TREE. (L). May. Flowers resemble in shape those of the Sweet Pea and are bright yellow color (R) "Light Cadium." Each Per 10

CLETHRA ALNIFOLIA.

and water edges. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. Each Per 10 \$0.60

\$4.50 Per 100 \$27.50 2 to 3 ft.

Each

\$0.70

3 to 4 ft.

4 to 5 ft.

5 to 6 ft.

Each

\$1.35

soils.

CARAGANA

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$1.50	\$12.50
3 to 4 ft	2.00	15.00

July

CEANOTHUS AMERICANUS--NEW JERSEY TEA. (D). Low, erect shrub. White flowers in panicles from July to September. Good for natural plantings.

	Each	Per 10
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$0.90	\$7.50
2 to 3 ft	1.00	8.50

Button Bush—Cephalanthus

CEPHALANTHUS OCCIDENTALIS. (S). August. Bright, glossy foliage and ball-like clusters of white flowers. Valuable for groups and masses in moist places.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.60	\$4 50
4 to 5 ft	1.00	7.50

The Red Buds-

AMERICAN RED BUD.

	\$0.75	\$6.00
	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$1.10	\$8.00
Lto 5 ft	1.35	10.00

Each

Per 10

Cercis

CERCIS CANADENSIS. (L). April and May. Tall, slender, finally becoming a small tree. Branches are clothed with a thick mist of delicate, deep pink flowers, before the leaves appear.

2 to 3 ft.

Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft \$1.10	\$8.00
4 to 5 ft 1.35	10.00

Flowers of the Red Bud clothe the

branches before the foliage arrives. ARBORESCENS - SIBERIAN PEA

JAPAN JUDAS. CERCIS CHINEN-SIS. SYN. JAPONICA. (S). Similar to the above except that it is more dwarf and spreading.

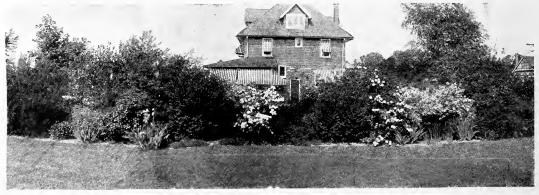
	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft		\$7.50 11.00 15.00 20.00

A screen planting of Flowering Shrubs is more natural than a stiff, trained hedge, is easier to care for, and affords opportunity for a variety of plants, giving a succession of bloom and a harmony of growth.

Per 10

 $\frac{$5.00}{7.50}$

10.00



Cornus are splendid shrubs for naturalistic planting, especially along a stream or pond. See opposite page.





Cornus—The Osier Dogwoods or Cornels

THE Dogwoods, strong growers in almost any soil, are not remarkable for their flowers, but are especially valued for the brilliant coloring of the bark, a conspicuous addition to the Winter landscape.

SIBERIAN DOGWOOD. VAR. SIBIRICA. (M). Branches a bright, coral red which are quite ornamental for Winter effects.

2 to 3 ft\$ 3 to 4 ft	ach 0.60 .70 1.00	Per 10 \$4.50 5.00 7.50	Per 100 \$27.50 35.00 50.00
4 to 5 It	1.00	7.50	50.00

SILKY CORNEL. CORNUS AMOMUM. (M). June. White flowers. Dull red bark.

	Lacn	Per 10	Per 100
4 to 5 ft	\$1.00	\$7.50	\$50.00
5 to 6 ft	1.25	9.00	60.00

CORNELIAN CHERRY. CORNUS MAS. (M). March and April. Yellow flowers. Large scarlet fruits in early Autumn. Gray bark.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.60	\$4.50	\$30.00
3 to 4 ft	.80	6.00	40.00
4 to 5 ft	1.00	8.00	60.00
5 to 6 ft	1.25	10.00	75.00
6 to 7 ft	1.50	12.50	90.00
7 to 8 ft	2.00	15.00	110.00

They thrive nearly as well in shaded places as in open ground, and are particularly suited for mass planting and natural effects. Good for moist soils and water edges. The tree shape varieties are listed under TREES.

CORNUS GLABRA. (M). June. White flowers. Light red bark.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft	\$1.00	\$7.50
5 to 6 ft	1.25	9.00

C. SANGUINEA. (M). Conspicuous red bark. White flowers

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$0.60	\$4.50
3 to 4 ft	.70	5.00
4 to 5 ft	1.00	7.50

RED OSIER DOGWOOD. CORNUS STOLONIFERA.

May and June. Spreading habit, dark red bark and white flowers.

	Each	Pe: 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
4 to 5 ft	1.00	7.50	

VAR. AUREA. SYN. FLAVIRAMEA. Golden-twigged Dogwood. (M). Conspicuous with bright yellow bark in Winter.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.60	\$4.50	\$30.00
3 to 4 ft	.80	6.00	

Have you read the introductory pages?



For planting in partially shaded places, along streams, or for producing naturalistic effects, the bushy Cornels, or Osier Dogwoods are always desirable. They are of easy culture and the bright red or golden color of the twigs of many of the varieties help to brighten the Winter landscape.

Filbert or Hazelnut-Corylus

EUROPEAN FILBERT or HAZELNUT. CORYLUS AVELLANA. (M). Valued for its edible nuts as well as for its decorative value as a lawn shrub.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft	\$1.25	\$9.00
5 to 6 ft		12.50
6 to 7 ft	1.75	15.00

CUT-LEAVED HAZEL. VAR. LACINIATA. (M). The delicately-cut leaves are very ornamental.

											Each
7 to 8 ft											\$4.00
8 to 10 ft.	,										5.50

PURPLE HAZELNUT. VAR. ATROPURPUREA. (L).

Maintains the rich purple of its foliage throughout the Summer. The best purple-leaved shrub in cultivation.

Each Per 10
3 to 4 ft. \$1.50 \$13.50

 Each
 Fer 10

 3 to 4 ft.
 \$1.50
 \$13.50

 4 to 5 ft.
 1.75
 15.00

 5 to 6 ft.
 2.00
 17.50

Cydonia

CYDONIA JAPONICA — JAPAN QUINCE. (M). Scarlet flowers in May.

•	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft	\$0.60	\$4.50	\$27.50
2 to 3 ft	.80	6.00	





The Cotoneasters

COTONEASTER FOVEOLATA. (S). Spreading
nature. Black fruit and handsome orange and
scarlet Autumn tints. Each Per 10 3 to 4 ft. \$1.75 \$15.00
COTONEASTER RACEMIFLORA. (D). June. Upright, with spreading branches. Very attractive, with flat-topped clusters of white flowers followed
by scarlet fruits that persist till mid-Winter and
attract birds Each Per 10
2 to 3 ft\$1.25 \$10.00
3 to 4 ft



This lawn really isn't as large as it appears in this picture. The look of expanse is produced by the arrangement of the shrubs about its borders. A planting of our stock at Morristown, N. J., Jas. Greenleaf, Landscape Architect.

The Hawthorns—Crataegus

THE native Hawthorns are particularly bright and attractive when clothed in the brilliant foliage of Autumn. The red fruit of some varieties are very ornamental. They flower abundantly in May and WHITE FLOWERING HAWTHORN. (L). Develops into a beautiful dwarf tree. Each Per 10 5 to 6 ft....... \$2.00 \$17.50 6 to 8 ft..... 3.00 25.00

WASHINGTON THORN. CRATAEGUS CORDATA.
(L). May and June. This variety is distinguished by its beautiful Fall coloring. Each Per 10 3 to 4 ft..... \$1.25 \$10.00 4 to 5 ft..... 1.60 14.00 2.00 5 to 6 ft..... 17.50 $\frac{1}{2.50}$ 6 to 7 ft..... 20.00

COCKSPUR THORN. CRATAEGUS CRUS GALLI. (M). Neat, strong grower; thorny branches.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$1.00	\$7.50	\$50.00
3 to 4 ft	1.50	11.00	85.00
4 to 5 ft	1.75	15.00	
5 to 6 ft	2.50	20.00	

June, and are fragrant and showy. Most kinds can be sheared into a thick hedge, which their thorns make almost impenetrable.

ENGLISH HAWTHORN. CRATAEGUS OXYCANTHA. (M). Fragrant, single white flowers followed by scarlet fruit. Handsome as a specimen, or when planted as a hedge.

Each Per 10 Per 100 2 to 3 ft..... \$0.80 \$6.00 \$40.00 3 to 4 ft..... 8.50 1.10

DOUBLE WHITE HAWTHORN. VAR. ALBA FLORE PLENO. (L). May. A profuse bloomer, and choice sort for lawn decoration.

Each Per 10 \$12.50 3 to 4 ft...... \$1.50

PAUL'S DOUBLE SCARLET THORN. VAR. COCCINEA FLORE PLENO. (L). May. Beautiful fragrant flowers, shading from deep pink to red (R) "Rose

Each Per 10 3 to 4 ft..... \$1.50 \$12.50





The Deutzias-Deutzia

PROFUSE flowering shrubs in both dwarf and tall growing varieties. The dwarf forms are among the most useful and attractive shrubs we have for planting in front of taller shrubberies or wherever low growing plants are wanted. The tall growing varieties are effective in the background of the shrubbery border. There are few lawns where members of this family cannot be used to good advantage. Well-drained soils are best for Deutzias.

DWARF DEUTZIA. DE	UTZIA G	RACILIS.	(D). May.
An old-fashioned den	se shrub	, bearing	a profusion
of single, pure-white			
sunny places.	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 to 1½ ft	\$0.60	\$4.50	\$27.50
1½ to 2 ft	.80	6.00	40.00
2 to 3 ft	1.00	7.50	50.00
DOUBLE WHITE DEUT			
CANDIDISSIMA. (M).	June.	A vigoro	us, upright
anomon with double w	hita flar	*****	in nanialaa

grower, with double white flowers oorne in panicles.

Each Per 10 Per 100
3 to 4 ft. \$0.65 \$5.00 \$35.00
4 to 5 ft. .90 7.00

VAR. PRIDE OF ROCHESTER. (M). June. The flowers, borne in large panicles, are pinkish white, with under-side of the petals rose.

*	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft	\$0.70	\$5.50	\$35.00
4 to 5 ft	.90	7.00	
5 to 6 ft	1.25	10.00	
6 to 7 ft	1.60	13.50	

DOUBLE PINK DEUTZIA. VAR. ROSEA PLENA. (M). June. Flowers are tinged with soft old rose. Outer petals marked with a tone approaching (R) "Aster Purple." Exceedingly dainty and beautiful.

Purple."	Exceedingly	dainty	and beauti	ful.
_	•	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft		\$0.50	\$3.50	
3 to 4 ft		.70	5.50	\$35.00
4 to 5 ft		.90	7.00	45.00
5 to 6 ft		1.25	10.00	
6 to 7 ft		1.60	13.50	

The Japanese Bell-flowers-Enkianthus

Japanese plants of erect growth, not commonly planted, but so distinctive that they are worthy of more general use. Charming flowers droop from the branches in Spring, and in the Fall the foliage is bright with Autumn tints.

ENKIANTHUS PERULATUS.	(D).	May.	White
flowers in drooping clusters.		ach	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft	. \$1	80 2.50	$$14.00 \\ 20.00$

ENKIANTHUS CAMPAI			
large growing variety flowers.	with red,	•	
3 to 4 ft.		Each \$2.50	r 10 0.00

Diervilla

DIERVILLA SESSILIFOLIA. (S).	June.	Closely
allied to the Weigelas but flo		
have finished. Flowers a lemon		
Green Yellow," in rather in	iconspicuou	s, flat
irregular clusters.	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$1.00	\$7.50
4 to 5 ft.	1.25	10.00

Oleaster-Eleagnus

E.	PARVIFLORA. SMALL-LEAVED (M). Silvery-white, fragrant		
	berries in late Summer.	Each	Per 10
	2 to 3 ft	\$0.50	\$3.50
	3 to 4 ft	.75	5.00

JAPAN OLEASTER or SILVER THORN. ELEAGNUS LONGIPES. (M). May. Silver leaves marked with brown spots on the under surface. Profusion of scarlet berries in July. Each Per 10 4 to 5 ft... \$1.25 \$10.00 5 to 6 ft... 1.50 12.00



Who would imagine that behind this verdant and florescent screen might be passing the traffic of a busy street? Such a planting as this absorbs much of the dust and noise and gives a privacy to a lawn even in the city that is supposed only to be possible in the suburbs.





Euonymus

Climbing varieties of Euonymus will be found listed under VINES.

ONYMUS ALATUS. CORK-BARKED EUONYMUS. (M). Small delicate flowers in late Spring are followed by attractive red berries in the Fall. Curious corky bark, brilliant Autumnal foliage. Best for individual planting. EUONYMUS ALATUS.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$1.00	\$7.50

Pearl Bush-Exochorda

EXOCHORDA GRANDIFLORA. (M). May. Beautiful when covered with fragrant clusters of pure white, starry flowers. Especially adapted for individual planting.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$0.90	\$7.00
3 to 4 ft		8.50
4 to 5 ft		11.00
5 to 6 ft	1.60	13.50
6 to 7 ft	2.00	17.50

If those lists of plants for special purposes don't solve your planting difficulties, write Moon's and have us help you with your individual problem.

The Golden Bells—Forsythia

TO lawn is complete without the "Golden Bell," that familiar shrub that greets the Spring with its golden shower of star-like flowers. When the flowers are done, the leaves appear and their lustrous deep green is exceedingly ornamental. The flowers of all varieties are similar.

HYBRID GOLDEN BELL. FORSYTHIA INTERMEDIA (L). April. Vigorous grower with slender, erect or arching branches. Considered by many as the best of the family. Each Per 10 Per 100 2 to 3 ft..... \$0.50 \$3.50 3 to 4 ft..... 5.50 \$35.00

7.00

45.00

4 to 5 ft.....

DROOPING GOLDEN BELL. FORSYTHIA SUSPENSA. (M). Graceful, drooping tendency. Frequently planted on banks and slopes. Beautiful as specimens or in masses. Each Per 10 Per 100 2 to 3 ft..... \$0.60 \$4.50 3 to 4 ft..... .80 6.00 \$40.00 4 to 5 ft..... 7.50

FORTUNE'S GOLDEN BELL. VAR. FORTUNEI. (M). Erect branches and handsome, broad dark green leaves.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.50	\$3.50	
3 to 4 ft	.70	5.50	\$35.00
4 to 5 ft	.90	7.00	45.00

DARK GREEN FORSYTHIA. FORSYTHIA VIRIDISSIMA. (M). Erect shoots, spreading branches and excellent foliage that assumes a rich Autumnal tint and persists until early Winter.

		-		Each	Per 10	Per 100
2	to	3	ft	\$0.50	\$3.50	\$25.00
3	to	4	ft	.70	5.50	35.00
4	tο	5	ft	90	7.00	

Halesia

HALESIA DIPTERA. SILVER BELL OR SNOWDROP. (L). Shrub or small tree. Racemes of white flowers in April.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$1.00	\$7.50
3 to 4 ft	1.25	10.00

Witch Hazel—Hamamelis

HAMAMELIS VIRGINIANA.

November. Valued for producing naturalistic effects. Unusual because of the season of bloom of its yellow flowers.

Each	Per 10	Per 100
\$1.00	\$8.50	\$70.00
1.25	10.00	80.00
1.40	12.50	90.00
1.60	14.00	
	$$1.00 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.40$	\$1.00 \$8.50 1.25 10.00 1.40 12.50

Locate your home town on the map on Page 5.

If it is in the light shaded area, free motor delivery of most orders is possible. Beyond this area, the delivery of orders of sufficient size is a matter of easy arrangement.



The coming of the bright yellow flowers of the Golden Bell is Nature's way of announcing the arrival of Spring.





Rose of Sharon or Altheas. Hibiscus Syriacus

THESE familiar shrubs, with their compact erect habit, and abundant flowers, coming in July to September when so few other shrubs are in blossom, are adapted to even the smallest lawn. They ultimately attain a height of 8 to 12 feet, are valued as specimens, and make beautiful screens and hedges, for which latter purpose they may be trimmed to almost any desired height.

Altheas are slow in coming into leaf the season after transplanting, and while trimming undoubtedly makes

them come out sooner than otherwise, customers should not be discouraged if their plants remain dormant well into July.

Prices of all varieties of Hibiscus are as follows:

	Eacl		Per 100
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$0.6	0 \$4.50	\$30.00
2 to 3 ft		0 - 6.00	40.00
3 to 4 ft	1.0	0 - 7.50	50.00
4 to 5 ft	1.2	10.00	
5 to 6 ft	1.5	0 12.50	

ADMIRAL DEWEY. Double, pure white flowers, suggesting a gardenia in form. 1½ to 2 ft., 2 to 3 ft.

ALBA PLENA. Small and very double white flowers, splashed with carmine on outer petals. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft., 2 to 3 ft., 3 to 4 ft.

BOULE DE FEU. Double. Very deep violet-pink. Deeper than (R) "Spinel Pink." 1½ to 2 ft.

COELESTIS. Double, medium size. A violet-blue. (R) "Ontario Violet." violet-blue. (R) "Or 1½ to 2 ft., 3 to 4 ft.

COMTE DE HAIMONT. Very large, semi-double. A clear, pale pink, outer petals splashed with carmine, Lighter than (R) "Cameo Pink. 1½ to 2 ft., 2 to 3 ft.

DOUBLE ROUGE. Very double. Dark bluish-pink. (R) "Spinel Pink." 1½ to 2 ft., 2 to 3 ft.

GLENWOOD'S FAVORITE. Single, white with large crimson center. 1½ to 2 ft., 2 to 3 ft.

JOAN OF ARC. Double white. 11/2 to 2 ft., 2 to 3 ft., 3 to 4 ft.

LADY STANLEY. Medium size, semidouble, of palest pink splashed with carmine. 1½ to 2 ft., 2 to 3 ft., 3 to 4 ft.

PAEONIFLORA. White with carmine center. Semi-double. 1½ to 2 ft., 2 to 3 ft.

PURITY. Pure white, single. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft., 2 to 3 ft., 3 to 4 ft.

BIS. A dark violet-pink with a carmine center. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft., 2 to 3 ft.

TOTUS ALBUS SIMPLEX. Very large, single, pure white. 1½ to 2 ft., 2 to 3 ft.



The Althea is one of the old-fashioned shrubs that has a place in most any shrubbery border. Besides its virtues of neat habit and excellent foliage it blooms from July into September—a time when a note of color in the garden is so much needed.

GIFTS THAT LAST ARE BEST

What ideal gifts trees and shrubs make! Why not celebrate birthdays and other anniversaries by giving trees and shrubs? Any other gift that you could give will depreciate with time, but these grow in usefulness and beauty as the years go by. Make your gift symbolical of true love and friendship which grows continually.

Your boys and girls will enjoy growing up with trees and plants. Their interest in the wonders of nature will be greatly promoted thereby

While it is not always possible to plant on anniversaries, owing to the limited planting season, we should be glad to make reservations for you, for shipment at the proper time.



54

MOONS SHRUBS



The Hydrangeas

No class of shrubs is better known than the Hydrangeas, comprising some of the most showy plants in cultivation. They transplant easily, have no insect enemies, and, with the exception of the Hortensis varieties are reliably hardy.

NATIVE HYDRANGEA. HYDRANG	GEA ARBO	RESCENS.
(S). June and July. The most		
geas and particularly desirable	for shady	y places.
Flowers in flat, white clusters.	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$1.00	\$7.50
3 to 4 ft	1.25	9.00

HILLS OF SNOW. VAR. GRANDIFLORA STERILIS. (S).
June and July. A new variety of rare beauty,
bearing in profusion immense clusters of pure white flowers that arch the branches.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$1.00	\$7.50	\$50.00
3 to 4 ft	1.25	9.00	60.00

HYDRANGEA BRETSCHNEIDERI. (M). Resembles quite closely Hydrangea arborescens.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$1.25	\$9.00

HYDRANGEA CINERA STERILIS. (S). July and August. Flowers greenish-white in flat clusters. Each Per 10

2 to 3 ft....... \$1.00 \$7.50 PANICLED HYDRANGEA HYDRANGEA PANICULATA.

(M). Open, loose clusters of white flowers. The habit of the shrub is similar to the better-known Great Panicled. Each Per 10 \$0.90 \$7.00 9.00

Oak-leaved Hydrangea

HYDRANGEA QUERCIFOLIA. (S). August. handsome, spreading shrup with striking foliage, turning in Autumn to the richest red. The flowers occur in flat, white clusters.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$1.25	\$10.00	\$80.00
3 to 4 ft	1.50	12.50	90.00

SILVER-LEAVED HYDRANGEA.	
IATA. (S). An erect-growing	
of which, being dark green above	
beneath, produces an unusua	al and attractive
appearance.	Each Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$1.35 \$10.00
1 to 5 ft	1 60 12 00

1.60 GREAT PANICLED HYDRANGEA. HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA. (M). July to September. No shrub is more showy than this favorite Hydrangea, whose branches bend under the weight of enormous flower clusters. At first the flowers are white, shading to pink and bronze as the season advances. Each Per 10 1½ to 2 ft..... \$0.75 \$6.00 7.50 to 3 ft..... 1.00

Japanese or Garden Hydrangea— Hydrangea Hortensis

Very attractive and popular because of their immense flower clusters in shades of white, blue and pink. Too tender for general planting in the open ground north of Philadelphia, except along the shore. As tub plants they give the most satisfaction in this latitude.

OTAKSA. (D). July to September. Full flowering heads in varying shades of pink and blue.

	Each	Per 10
6-inch pots	\$0.85	\$7.00

RAMULUS PICTIS. (D). Flowers in shades of blue and purple. Each Per 10 6-inch pots....... \$0.85

THOMAS HOGG. (D). A white-flowering variety. Each

\$0.85 \$7.00 5-inch pots

LABURNUM VULGARE. GOLDEN CHAIN. (L).
Bright in early Summer with graceful racemes of golden wisteria-like flowers.
Each 5 to 6 ft..... 8 to 10 ft......

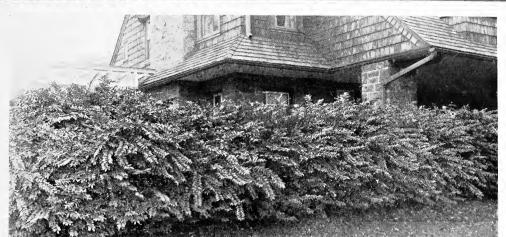
No packing charges at Moon's where stock is purchased at published catalog rates.



Evergreens had been used along this porch foundation, but poor soil, drought and dust occurring on this busy corner in Bethlehem, Pa., caused the Evergreens to succumb. Oak-leaved Hydrangeas from our Nurseries were substituted and a thrifty planting now results.







The Ibota Privet is extremely hardy and thrives where most other kinds would winterkill. Its graceful habit and its "shearability" adapts it for both formal and informal use. Rich Autumnal tints and blue berries extend its beauty through Fall into Winter. This Ibota Privet hedge, produced from our plants is growing at Sewickley, Pa.

Hypericum—St. John's Wort

Free flowering, thrifty growing shrubs that thrive in most any good soil. Not subject to attack of insects. For Southern plantings these shrubs can be relied upon as being almost evergreen.

GOLD FLOWER—HYPERICUM AUREUM. (D). July to September. A stiff, dense shrub that bears large (R) "Lemon Yellow" flowers at a time when little else is blooming.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$0.60	\$4.50	
2 to 3 ft	.80	6.00	\$40.00
3 to 4 ft	1.00	7.50	

H. KALMIANUM. (D). Perhaps the most hardy variety of these useful shrubs. Suited to dry and exposed positions.

exposed positions.	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$0.80	\$6.00
3 to 4 ft	1.00	7.50
4 to 5 ft	1.25	

BLACK ALDER or WINTERBERRY. ILEX VERTICIL-LATA. (S). A neat, attractive native shrub with showy scarlet fruit in late Fall and early Winter.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.80	\$6.00	\$40.00
3 to 4 ft	.90	7.00	45.00
4 to 5 ft	1 10	9.00	55.00

Privet—Ligustrum

A GROUP of ornamental shrubs, including, besides the California Privet, some of the most desirable plants. The Privets are not particular as to soil and they grow rapidly in open places or beneath the shade of trees. In shrubbery borders and masses

AMOOR RIVER PRIVET. Hardy Type. LIGUSTRUM AMURENSE. (M). Privet, but hardier. Similar to the California Adapted for hedges in cold and exposed places. Each Per 10 Per 100 1½ to 2 ft..... \$0.30 \$2.50 $$17.50 \\ 22.00$ to 3 ft..... .403.00 27.50 to 4 ft..... .60 4.50 to 6 ft..... 7.50 55.00 1.00

BRIGHT-FRUITED PRIVET. LIGUSTRUM CILIATUM.

(M). Hardy, spreading, producing an abundance of shining black berries in Autumn. Best suited for the shrubbery border. Each Per 10 2 to 3 ft... \$0.50 \$3.50 \$3.50 \$3.50 \$5.00

GLOBULAR CALIFORNIA PRIVET. Have been trimmed to neat globes for formal planting.

Each \$1.50 \$12.50 \$12.50 \$12.50 \$15.00

their good qualities can be appreciated, as well as in the hedges, where their use is best known. They are seldom attacked by insects, withstand shearing, and can be kept at any height or clipped into artificial shapes.

IBOTA PRIVET. LIGUSTRUM IBOTA. (M). Upright, with white flowers and blue-black berries. Unexcelled for hedges and general decorative purposes. Autumn foliage dark red.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft	\$0.30	\$2.50	\$17.50
2 to 3 ft	.50	3.50	25.00
3 to 4 ft	.65	4.50	30.00

REGEL'S PRIVET. VAR. REGELIANUM. (D). A low, spreading form, with gracefully drooping branches. Adapted for much the same uses as Japan Barberry. Autumn foliage especially attractive. Fach Per 10 Per 100 Per 1000 1½ to 2 ft., \$0.60 \$4.50 \$32.00 \$300.00 2 to 2½ ft., .75 6.00 40.00

California Privet

LIGUSTRUM OVALIFOLIUM. (L). The half-evergreen, generally useful shrub most widely known as a hedge plant. Valued also for tall screens and for seashore planting. Not reliably hardy north of Boston. Each Per 10 Per 100 Per 1000 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft... \$0.20 \$1.25 \$8.00 \$65.00 4 to 5 ft... \$0.50 8.50 8.50





The Bush Honeysuckles—Lonicera

THE fragrant flowers, showy fruits, and fine foliage possessed by this group, have pushed them to the forefront of ornamental shrubs. They are hardy,

LONICERA BELLA ALBIDA. ((M). White	flowers
and scarlet fruits, produced a	bundantly.	Strong,
rapid grower.	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	. \$0.65	\$4.50
4 to 5 ft		7.00
5 to 6 ft	. 1.10	9.00
FRAGRANT HONEYSUCKLE.		
GRANTISSIMA. (M). March a		
fully fragrant white flowers		
first breath of Chains A ha	oad many h	ranahad

GRANTISSIMA. ((IVI) •	march	and April.	Dengnt-
fully fragrant v	white :	flowers	that come	with the
first breath of	Spring	. A b	road, many	<i>r</i> -branched
shrub.		Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft		\$0.65	\$4.50	\$30.00
3 to 4 ft			6.50	40.00
4 to 5 ft		1.10	8.50	

LONICERA KAROLKOVI. (M). May and	June.
Leaves bluish-green, flowers	light pink.	Bright
red berries follow in August.	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	. \$1.00	\$7.50

JAPANESE					
		. An ope			
		berries ar		lly orn	amental.
in August	t and last	a long tir	ne.		

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.50	\$3.50	\$25.00
3 to 4 ft	.70	5.50	30.00
4 to 5 ft	.90	7.00	45.00

STANDISH'S BUSH HONEYSUCKLE. LONICERA STANDISHII. (M). March and April. Half-evergreen foliage. Bluish-white flowers, very fragrant.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$0.75	\$6.00
3 to 4 ft	1.00	7.50

LONICERA	GRANDIFLORA.	(M).	Similar	to
Tartarica	but larger growing.	Flowers	white.	

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$0.60	\$4.50
3 to 4 ft	.75	5.00

transplant easily, and the compact, erect habit of most varieties adapts them to almost any shrubbery grouping. See "Vines" for the trailing varieties of this species.

TARTARIAN HONEYS	UCKLE.	LONICERA 7	TATARICA.
(S). May. The	favorite.	old-fashion	ed Bush
Honeysuckle with sl	ender upi	right branch	es. Pink
flowers.	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.60	\$4.50	\$27.50
3 to 4 ft	75	5.00	

WHITE TARTARIAN HONEYSUCKLE. VAR. ALBA. (S). May. A white-flowering form of the above.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$0.60	\$4.50
3 to 4 ft	.75	5.00

Shrubby Cinquefoil—Potentilla

POTENT	TILLA	FRUTI	COSA	(D).	(R)	"Lemon
						spreading
branc	hes all	Summe	r. Gro	ws in s	tony,	dry places
and i	n wet s	oils.	Each	ı Pe	r 10	Per 100
1½ to	2 ft		. \$0.80) \$	6.00	\$40.00
2 t	3 ft		1.00)	7.50	

Purple-leaved Plum-Prunus

PRUNUS PISARDI. (L). Small tree with lustrous dark purple leaves and small, pinkish white flowers.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft	\$2.00	\$15.00
8 to 10 ft	3.00	

 PHOTINIA VILLOSA.
 PHOTINIA. or spreading oranches.
 (L). Slender, white flowers in June develop into clusters of bright scarlet fruit in October.

 2 to 3 ft.
 \$1.00
 \$7.50

 3 to 4 ft.
 1.25
 10.00

MYRICA CERIFERA. (M). foliage. Thrives in sandy		
for seashore planting.	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$0.80	\$6.00
0 4- 4 64	1 00	7 50



A planting that shields, but does not entirely hide is often desired rather than a heavy screen. This customer of ours in Trenton, N. J., was perplexed as to just what to plant and had one of our landscape gardeners advise her.





The Mock Oranges or "Syringas"—Philadelphus

T can truthfully be said that no garden is quite complete unless it possesses some of these popular, old-fashioned shrubs. They are strong growers in sun or partial shade, have no insect enemies, and

GARLAND MOCK ORANGE. PHILADELPHUS CORONARIUS. (S). May. Vigorous, hardy, erect-growing—the old favorite. Fragrant white flowers.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
4 to 5 ft	.90	7.00	45.00
5 to 6 ft	1.10	8.50	

GOLDEN MOCK ORANGE. VAR. FOLIIS AUREIS.
(D). Desirable for edging because of its showy golden foliage and dwarf nature. Flowers sparingly.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 1½ ft	\$0.70	\$5.00

DWARF MOCK ORANGE. VAR. NANUS. (VD). Dense bushy plant with good green foliage.

							\mathbf{Each}	Per 1	0
1	to	$1\frac{1}{2}$	ft	 	 		 \$0.80	\$6.00	0

FALCONER'S MOCK ORANGE. PHILADELPHUS FALCONERI. (M). May. Graceful, wide-spreading, arching branches. Slightly fragrant, star-like flowers, borne in great profusion.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
4 to 5 ft	.90	7.00	45.00
5 to 6 ft		8.50	
6 to 7 ft	1.50	13.50	

LARGE-FLOWERED MOCK ORANGE. PHILADEL-PHUS GRANDIFLORA. (M). May or June. Slightly fragrant flowers. Large and spreading with gracefully drooping branches.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
4 to 5 ft	.90	7.00	45.00
5 to 6 ft	1.10	8.50	

PHILADELPHUS LAXUS. (M). June. Slightly fragrant flowers, sometimes 1½ inches across. A strong grower.

strong grower.	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft		\$5.00	\$35.00
4 to 5 ft		7.00	45.00

LEMOINE'S MOCK ORANGE. PHILADELPHUS LEMOINEI. (S). June. Not such a strong grower as some kinds, but very desirable because of its fragrant flowers.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.80	\$6.00	\$40.00
3 to 4 ft	1.00	7.50	50.00

P. LEMOINEI. VAR. AVALANCHE. (S). Slender arching branches, nearly covered with showy white flowers.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$0.60	\$4.50	\$30.00
2 to 3 ft	.80	6.00	

VAR. MONT BLANC. (S). June. Not as sturdy a grower as some kinds, but highly prized because of its very fragrant flowers.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.80	\$6.00	\$40.00
3 to 4 ft	1.00	7.50	

LEMOINE'S ERECT MOCK ORANGE. VAR. ERECTUS. (S). June. Small leaves and flowers, but very attractive.

•	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.80	\$6.00	\$40.00
3 to 4 ft	1.00	7.50	

present attractive foliage effects. Although their popularity has been gained largely on account of their fragrant creamy-white flowers, it must be remembered that not all kinds are fragrant.

VAR. CANDELABRE. (S). Low growing. Suggests a candelabra when in bloom.

		Each	Per 10
- :	2 to 3 ft	. \$0.80	\$6.00

LEWIS' MOCK ORANGE. PHILADELPHUS LEWISII. (CORDIFOLIUS). (M). June. Flowers large and fragrant. An upright, vigorous grower that blooms later than most kinds.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$0.70	\$4.50
4 to 5 ft	.90	7.00

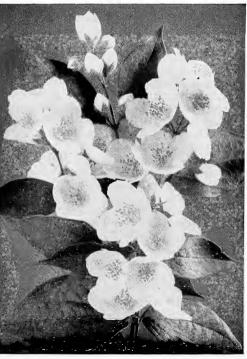
The Buckthorns-Rhamnus

RHAMNUS CATHARTICUS. BUCKTHORN. (L). June and July. A hardy shrub for poor soils, exposed and neglected places. Valued for hedges as well as shrubbery plantings.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$0.75	\$6.00

ALDER BUCKTHORN. RHAMNUS FRANGULA. (L). Fine Autumnal tints and berries changing from red to black in September.

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft	\$0.90	\$7.00
7 to 8 ft		10.00



The creamy-white flowers of the Mock Orange and the entrancing fragrance of some varieties are everywhere associated with the gardens of May.





The Sumacs and the Mist Tree

FRAGRANT	SUMAC.	RHUS	CANA	DENSIS.	SYN.
	. (D). At		foliage	that em	its an
aromatic o	dor when b	ruised.			

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.90	\$7.00	\$45.00
3 to 4 ft	1.00	8.50	55.00

BLACK SUMAC. RHUS COPALLINA. (L). August and September. Yellow flowers and attractive foliage. Useful for background planting.

													Each	Pe	er 10
2	to	3	ft										\$0.70	\$	55.00
3	to	4	ft										.90		7.00

MIST OR SMOKE TREE. PURPLE FRINGE. RHUS COTINUS. (L). July. The ripening bloom presents a light, airy and mist-like appearance. Frequently planted as specimens.

	•	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft		\$0.70	\$5.00
3 to 4 ft		.90	7.00
4 to 5 ft		1.10	8.50

SMOOTH SUMAC. RHUS GLABRA. (L). Useful for producing natural effects.

		Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to	4 ft	\$0.60	\$4.50	\$30.00
4 to	5 ft	.80	6.00	
6 to	8 ft	1.10	8.50	
8 to	10 ft.	1.25	11.00	

STAGHORN SUMAC. RHUS TYPHINA. (L). Especially gorgeous Autumn foliage.

• 5 5	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	 \$0.60	\$4.50
4 to 6 ft	 .80	6.00
7 to 8 ft	 1.00	7.50

Stephanandra

STEPHANANDRA FLEXUOSA. (S). June. Drooping, arching branches clothed with feathery, fernlike leaves. Brilliant bronze-red tints in Autumn. Useful for informal hedgings and mass effects.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
3 to 4 ft	.90	7.00	
4 to 5 ft	1.10	8.50	

White Kerria—Rhodotypos

RHODOTYPOS KERRIOIDES. (S). May and occasionally throughout the Summer. Hardy, with showy white flowers and black fruits that last all

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$0.40	\$3.00	\$22.00
2 to 3 ft	.60	4.50	27.50
3 to 4 ft	.70	5.00	35.00
4 to 5 ft	1.00	7.50	

The Flowering Raspberry—Rubus

RUBUS ODORATUS. (M). A showy, upright growing shrub. Large rose-purple flowers. (R) Between "Magenta" and "Mallow Purple."

																				Each	Per 10
3	to	4	ft														 			\$0.80	\$6.50
4	to	5	ft																	1.00	7.50
•	•••	_		•	٠	•	٠.	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	 ٠.	•	•	1.00	

The Elders—Sambucus

Shrubs of strong growth and easy cultivation that are ornamental in flower, fruit and foliage. Excellent for masses; desirable for wild effects and valuable for shaded places.

COMMON MMON ELDER. SAMBUCUS CANADENSIS. (M). June and July. White flowers in large, flat panicles, followed by edible black fruits. Splendid for wet soils.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$0.50	\$3.50
3 to 4 ft	.65	5.00
4 to 5 ft	.80	6.50

Sorbaria

RBARIA ARBOREA. (L). A large growing, unusual shrub with panicles of white flowers in mid-Summer. Desirable in group and specimen SORBARIA ARBOREA.

pianomes	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$1.00	\$8.50
4 to 5 ft	2.00	15.00

Read on Page 7 the testimony of folks who have planted Moon's stock. Maybe some of your neigh-bors have dealt with us. Ask them what they think of Moon's stock and service.



A corner where Flowering Shrubs have solved the problem of softening the angles of the foundation walls. Perhaps the foundation walls of your home need a treatment like this but you have put it off because you don't know just how to go about it. Write Moon's. We will gladly offer suggestions and estimate of cost.







Everybody's favorite is the Van Houtte's Spirea, here pictured. After the flowers are gone the excellent foliage and graceful habit keep it interesting all Summer.

The Spireas—Spirea

THERE is truly a Spirea "For Every Place and Purpose." These indispensable shrubs vary in size, character and time of blooming. In this group are some of the most popular old-fashioned

Spring Flowering Varieties

HYBRID SNOW-GARLA			
Early May. The inn		white flow	ers crowd
the slender branches.	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.80	\$6.00	\$40.00
3 to 4 ft	1.00	7.50	50.00

SPIREA OPULIFOLIA. SYN. PHYSOCARPUS OPULIFOLIA. (M). June. Familiarly known as Ninebark. Large vigorous growing, bearing an abundance of fragrant white flowers in flat clusters.

2 to 3 ft	Each \$0.50	Per 10 \$3.50
3 to 4 ft		5.50
4 to 5 ft	.90	7.00

BRIDAL WREATH. SPIREA PRUNIFOLIA. (S). Early May. Little white rose-like flowers line the branches of this popular old-fashioned shrub.

er 10	Per 100
\$6.00	\$40.00
7.00	45.00

REEVE'S SPIREA. SPIREA REEVESIANA. (M). Last of May. Similar to the favorite "Van Houttei" except that its leaves assume Autumnal tints.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
3 to 4 ft	.90	7.00	45.00

Summer-flowering Spirea on page 60.

shrubs. The Summer-flowering varieties brighten the garden when few other shrubs are in bloom. All varieties do best in moist, fertile soils and sunny exposures.

VAR. FLORE PLENO. (S). May and June. The double white flowers of this variety remain on the plant at least two weeks longer than other similar

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
3 to 4 ft	.90	7.00	

SNOW GARLAND. SPIREA THUNBERGII. (D). April and May. A graceful bush, whose thread-like branchlets bear innumerable small white flowers and tiny leaves.

	Lacn	rerio	rer 100
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$0.60	\$4.50	\$30.00
2 to 3 ft	.80	6.00	40.00

HARDHACK. SPIREA TOMENTOSA. (S). July to September. Flowers in feathery, irregular spiky clusters. A very attractive, soft (R) "Deep Rose Pink." Valued for both wild and cultivated effects.

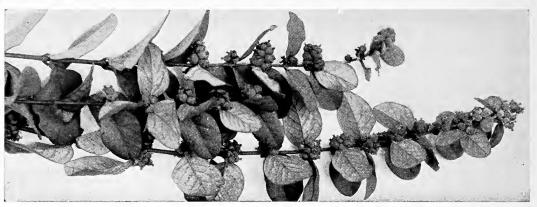
	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$0.70	\$5.00
3 to 4 ft	.90	7.00

VAN HOUTTE'S SPIREA. SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI.
(M). May. Among the very finest of flowering shrubs. The profusion of bloom covers the graceful drooping branches with a canopy of white. The foliage effect is excellent.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.50	\$3.50	\$25.00
3 to 4 ft	.70	5.00	35.00
4 to 5 ft	.90	7.00	







After the leaves are gone the Red or White berries of the Symphoricarpos persist to brighten the Winter landscape and tempt the birds to linger. Other berry-bearing shrubs for your bird garden are listed on page 9, group 8.

Spirea—Summer Flowering Varieties

DWARF WHITE SPIREA. SPIREA ALBIFLORA. (D).
July and August. Erect branches; flat-headed pure white flowers, lace-like and attractive.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
2 to 3 ft	.90	7.00	45.00

BILLARD'S SPIREA. SPIREA BILLARDII. (S). July to September. Dense spikes of (R) "Rose Pink" flowers crown sparsely twigged, erect branches. For shrubbery groups, natural plantings and moist places. Each Per 10 Per 100

2 to 3 ft..... \$0.50 \$3.50 \$22.00 3 to 4 ft..... 5.50 DOUGLAS SPIREA. SPIREA DOUGLASII.

upright nature. Flowers in slender spikes. than (R) "Tyrian Pink." June and July. Deeper Each Per 10 Per 100

\$0.50

2 to 3 ft.....

EVERBLOOMING SPIREA. SPIREA BUMALDA. June until frost. Bushy, with good foliage. Abundant flat clusters of rose-colored flowers, (R) "Deep Rose Pink" and lighter. Good for edging shrubberies.

		Lach	Per 10
11/2 to 2	ft	\$0.90	\$7.00
	ft	1.10	8.50

CRIMSON **EVERBLOOMING** SPIREA. ANTHONY WATERER. (D). June until frost. Quite similar to the above. The (R) "Rose Color" flower suggests the color of crushed strawberries.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$0.80	\$6.00	\$40.00
2 to 2½ ft	1.00	7.50	

DWARF PINK SPIREA. SPIREA CALLOSA. (D). June and July. Lacy clusters of pink and white flowers.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$0.65	\$5.00	\$35.00
2 to 3 ft	.90	7.00	45.00

The Lilacs—Syringa

\$25.00

HE fragrance and beauty of lilacs are unsurpassed. They are the "Everyman's" shrub, for they are adapted for the small home grounds as well as for the largest estates. They are among the most hardy of ornamental plants and can be depended upon

UEN LILAC. Syringa rothomagensis. syn. Chinensis. (M). May. Arching branches and large, loose, deep lilac flower-plumes shading through (R) "Bishop's Purple" to "Mauvette." ROUEN LILAC. Distinctive, narrow leaves.

,	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
3 to 4 ft	.90	7.00	45.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.10	8.50	

WHITE ROUEN LILAC. VAR. ALBA. (M). Α white flowering variety of the above.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
3 to 4 ft	.90	7.00	45.00

HUNGARIAN LILAC. Syringa Josikaea. (M). A distinct late-blooming type. Deep purple buds, arranged in loose panicles, opening into light violet-colored flowers. (R) "Purplish Lilac."

(·, - ·	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$0.90	\$7.00
3 to 4 ft	1.10	9.00
4 to 5 ft	1.25	10.00

to grow under a wide range of climatic conditions. In our collection are tall and low-growing varietieskinds that will give a succession of bloom for several weeks. They are adapted for planting in shrubbery borders, and in groups and as specimens about the lawn.

TREE LILAC. SYRINGA JAPONICA. (L). June. Glossy, leathery leaves. Yellowish white flowers that come after other Lilacs are through blooming.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$1.10	\$9.00
4 to 5 ft	1.25	

COMMON LILAC. Syringa vulgaris. (M). May. remarkably fragrant, varying from (R) "Pale Wisteria Blue" to "Lavender."

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
3 to 4 ft	.90	7.00	45.00
4 to 5 ft	1.00	8.50	

COMMON WHITE LILAC. VAR. ALBA. (M). The familiar, white-flowered variety.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$0.80	\$6.00

Moon's-Nurserymen since Ben Franklin's Day.







The Hybrid Lilacs have this bushy habit of growth. They bloom profusely even when comparatively young, bearing large, full panicles of delightfully fragrant

PERSIAN LILAC. SYRINGA PERSICA. (S). May. A small leaved variety with slender branches and graceful habit. Lilac flowers in long, loose clusters. Per 10 \$7.00 Each Per 100 2 to 3 ft..... \$0.90 \$45.00 3 to 4 ft..... 1.10 9.00

SYRINGA RANUNCULATA FLORE PLENA. (S). An uncommon variety with double pale blue flowers.
(R). "Light Chicory Blue."

	Lacn	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$0.70	\$5.00
3 to 4 ft	.90	7.00
4 to 5 ft	1.10	8.50
5 to 6 ft		12.50

The Hybrid Lilacs-Varieties of Syringa Vulgaris

The Hybrid Lilacs in named varieties listed below differ from the Common Lilacs in that their flower clusters, coming about the second week in May, are larger and their fragrance even more entrancing. They vary in color, according to variety, from pure white to the richest tones of purple. There are also single and double sorts. They ultimately reach a height of 6 to 8 feet.

Prices of all varieties:

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$1.00	\$7.50	\$50.00
3 to 4 ft	1.25	10.00	85.00
4 to 5 ft	1.75	15.00	
C		* 1* -4-	.1 .

following each variety indicate the sizes available.

White Flowering Varieties

FRAU BERTHA DAMMAN. Single flowers in immense clusters. 2 to 3 ft., 3 to 4 ft.

JEANNE D'ARC. A large clustered double variety. 2 to 3 ft., 3 to 4 ft., 4 to 5 ft.

DAME CASIMIR PERIER. Double flowers in medium sized clusters. Dwarf. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft., 2 to MADAME CASIMIR PERIER. 3 ft., 3 to 4 ft.

MADAME LEMOINE. Fine, immense clusters of double flowers. One of the best. 2 to 3 ft., 3 to 4 ft.

Pale and Medium Colored Lilacs

ABEL CARRIERE. Double, very large, pale blue flowers. (R) "Pale Campanula Blue." 2 to 3 ft., 3 to 4 ft.

ALPHONSE LAVALLE. Double. (R) "Pale Wisteria Blue." 3 to 4 ft.

AS. X. A strong grower, with loose trusses of reddish-purple flowers. (R) "Hellebore Red" fading to "Mauve." $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft., 2 to 3 ft.

INSIGNIS RUBRA. Single flowers of (R) "Light Chicory Blue." 2 to 3 ft., 3 to 4 ft., 4 to 5 ft.

NGUIS. Double. Clusters full and large. Buds deep lilac, flowers bluish lilac. (R) "Pale Wistaria Blue." 2 to 3 ft., 3 to 4 ft.

PRESIDENT GREVY. Double. Clusters large and full. Color is very attractive. Buds (R) "Purplish Lilac;" flowers (R) "Pale Wisteria Violet." 2 to 3 ft.

PRESIDENT LOUBET. Double. Buds deep dull maroon purple. Flowers (R) "Lilac." A good bloomer. 2 to 3 ft., 3 to 4 ft.

RUBRA DE MARLEY. Single in large, full clusters. Flowers lilac touched with blue. Shades from (R) "Pallid Blue Violet" to "Light Pinkish Lilac." 1½ to 2 ft., 2 to 3 ft., 3 to 4 ft.

Dark Colored Lilacs

SOUVENIR LUDWIG SPAETH. Flower large and single, in very large, long, pointed clusters. The color is very rich and dark. (R) "Dull Magenta Purple." 1½ to 2 ft., 2 to 3 ft.

VOLCAN. Similar to the above, but a smaller growing variety. Free blooming. 3 to 4 ft.

The Storax Shrub—Styrax

JAPANESE STORAX. STYRAX JAPONICA. (L). An range of the state of the state

Each Per 10 \$1.60 \$12.25 6 to 7 ft..... 2.00 17.50

The Coral—and Snowberries— Symphoricarpos

SNOWBERRY. Symphoricarpos racemosus. July and August. Small white or pinkish flowers, succeeded by showy white berries.

Each Per 10 Per 100 2 to 3 ft...... \$0.70 \$5.00 \$35.00

CORALBERRY. Symphoricarpos vulgaris. Useful for terrace planting to prevent erosion, but valued especially for the showy pink and red berries that cover the branches in the Fall and Winter.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.60	\$4.50	\$30.00
3 to 4 ft	.80	6.00	40.00

The Tamarisk—Tamarix

AFRICAN TAMARISK. TAMARIX AFRICANA. May. Strong, slender, upright growth, panicles of feathery pink flowers. with

Each Per 10 3 to 4 ft..... \$0.70 \$5.00





The Snowballs and Other Viburnums-Viburnum

N this group are included the Snowballs, which give in Spring the same showy effects the Hydrangeas produce in the Fall. Viburnums are invaluable in shrubbery borders, desirable as specimens, and generally useful. Most varieties grow satisfactorily in

FRAGRANT VIBURNUM. VIBURNUM CARLSII. (D).
A much branched, spreading shrub bearing in
April and May flat clusters of pinkish white
fragrant flowers. A new variety from Korea.

1½ to 2 ft	Each \$2.00	Per 10 \$17.50
. =		

WITHE-ROD. VIBURNUM CASSINOIDES. (S). June to July. Creamy white flowers followed by upright clusters of blue fruit. Autumn foliage vinous red. For moist places and shrubbery borders.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$0.90	\$7.00
3 to 4 ft	1.10	8.50
4 to 5 ft	1.25	10.00

ARROWWOOD. VIBURNUM DENTATUM. (M). May. Glossy green leaves. White flowers ripen into black berries.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	. \$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
3 to 4 ft	80	6.00	40.00
4 to 5 ft			47.50
5 to 6 ft	. 1.25	8.50	55.00

WAYFARING TREE. VIBURNUM LANTANA. (L). May and June. White flower clusters; red, turning to black fruits. For dry places and limestone soils.

Each Per 10 Per 100 3 to 4 ft. \$0.90 \$7.00 \$45.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.10 8.50

SHEEPBERRY. VIBURNUM LEN-TAGO. (L). May and June. White flowers and bluish-black fruits. A hardy-growing shrub or small tree.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.80	\$5.50	\$35.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.00	8.00	50.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.25	10.00	70.00
5 to 6 ft.	1.50	12.00	80.00
6 to 7 ft.	1.75	14.00	90.00
7 to 8 ft.	2.50	20.00	125.00

partially shaded places, although they will, of course, flower better in sunny locations. Beautiful Autumn foliage is displayed by some varieties. Others are valued for their ornamental berries.

SINGLE JAPANESE SNOWBALL. VIBURNUM TOMENTOSUM. (S). May. Beautiful dark green leaves, gorgeous crimson in the Fall. White flowers, borne in clusters.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.80	\$6.00	
3 to 4 ft	1.00	8.00	\$50.00
4 to 5 ft	1.25	10.00	70.00
5 to 6 ft	1.75	15.00	

JAPANESE SNOWBALL. VAR. PLICATUM. (S). May. Upright, somewhat spreading habit, bearing an abundance of white balls of bloom that have a wonderful setting in the deep green leaves.

Each Per 10 Per 100 3 to 4 ft. \$1.25 \$10.00 \$70.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.75 13.50

VAR. ROTUNDIFOLIUM. (S). Valued for its Autumnal foliage, being one of the most brilliantly colored shrubs.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	. \$1.00	\$7.50
3 to 4 ft	. 1.35	10.00

ORIENTAL VIBURNUM. VIBURNUM WRIGHTII. (M). May. Large white flowers followed by an abundance of small red fruits in clusters.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft	\$1.00	\$8.00
3 to 4 ft	1.25	10.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.75	13.50

BLACK HAW. STAG BUSH. VIBURNUM PRUNIFOLIUM. (L). A native variety with large, oval leaves which color bril-liantly in Autumn. Pure white flowers followed by bluish-black fruit.

]	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.	\$1.00	\$7.50	
3 to 4 ft.	1.35	10.00	
4 to 5 ft.	1.60	13.50	\$90.00
5 to 6 ft.	2.00	15.00	

Many of the Viburnums follow their green many of the Viburnums follow their green leaves and flowers of Summer with bright foliage and showy fruit in Autumn. You will find them mentioned several times on pages 8 to 12.

GHBUSH CRANBERRY. VIBURNUM OPULUS. (M). May. Spreading habit. One of the best redberried shrubs for late Fall and early Winter effects. HIGHBUSH CRANBERRY. Single white flowers.

_	Each	Per 10	$\operatorname{Per} 100$
2 to 3 ft	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
3 to 4 ft	.90	7.00	50.00
4 to 5 ft	1.25	10.00	

GUELDER ROSE or OLD-FASHIONED SNOW-BALL. VAR. STERILE. (M). May. The old-fashioned Snowball that grows almost anywhere and always flowers so abundantly.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$0.75		\$35.00
3 to 4 ft	.90	7.00	45.00
4 to 5 ft	1.10	8.50	
5 to 6 ft	1.50	12.50	
6 to 7 ft	1.75	15.00	
7 to 8 ft	2.50		
0 to 10 ft	2.50	27.50	

EVERGREEN VIBURNUM. VIBURNUM RHYTID-OPHYLLUM. (M). May and June. Luxuriant, heavy green leaves that persist well into the Winter. Yellowish white flowers; red changing to black fruit. A distinctive, showy plant of special value in shrubbery groupings or as a specimen.

	71.	Each	Per 10
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		\$2.00	\$17.50

SIEBOLD'S VIBURNUM. VIBURNUM SIEBOLDII. (M). Vigorous grower, rich green foliage, white flower clusters. Good for city planting.

Crust	cib. Good for ci	oj pramo		
		Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to	3 ft	\$1.00	\$7.50	\$50.00
3 to	4 ft	1.10	8.50	
4 to	5 ft	1.50	12.00	
5 to	6 ft	2.00	16.00	
6 to	7 ft	3.00	25.00	
8 to	10 ft	5.0 0		





The Weigelas

AN important group, useful as specimens and desirable for groups or masses. They thrive in most any soil and are of upright habit while

ROSE-COLORED WEIGELA. WEIGELA AMABILIS.
(S). May and June. The flowers are (R) "Rose
Pink" and lighter and are produced in great abundance. Per 10 Each Per 100 3 to 4 ft...... \$0.90 \$7.00 \$45.00 4 to 5 ft...... 9.00

PURE WHITE WEIGELA. WEIGELA CANDIDA. (L).

June. Ivory white flowers almost cover the graceful arching branches. Useful in group and border planting, and as a specimen.

3 to 4 ft..... \$0.90 \$7.00 9.00 15.00

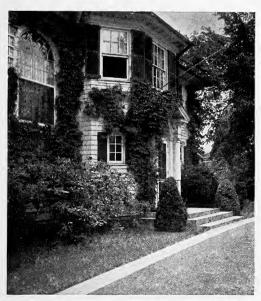
PINK AND WHITE WEIGELA. WEIGELA ROSEA. (S). May or June. Flowers medium sized to large, varying from pure white to "Deep Rose Pink" (R), on the same branch.

Each Per 10 Per 100 2 to 3 f+..... \$0.75 \$5.00 \$35.00 3 to 4 ft..... 7.00

SIEBOLD'S SILVER-MARGINED WEIGELA. VAR.
SIEBOLDEI MARGINATA. (M). June. Leaves
dark green with white edges. Medium to large
flowers, flushed with (R) "Daphne Pink" on the inside. Each Per 10 3 to 4 ft..... \$0.90

Diervilla Hybrids

These flower at the close of May and occasionally throughout the Summer. They bloom lavishly and grow vigorously, attaining a height of from 5 to 8 ft.



This home in Princeton, N. J., where our plants have been used under the graceful festoons of the vines, shows how a restrained amount of planting, done in such splendid taste, may create a restful atmosphere.

young, growing more graceful with age. In May and June the Weigelas are aglow with a wealth of flowers, and some varieties bloom sparingly throughout the Summer.

ABEL CARRIERE. (M). Rosy carmine: outside of flower (R) "Carmine," fading to purplish.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$0.90	\$7.00
4 to 5 ft	1.25	9.00
5 to 6 ft	1.75	12.50

COQUETTE. Very large and handsome flowers, (R) "Rose Pink" with carmine buds.

.00
.50
.50

DESBOISII. (M). One of the best deep pinks. A clear, very deep, rose-pink. (R) "Deep Rose-Pink."

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$0.90	\$7.00
4 to 5 ft	1.25	9.00

DUCHARTE. Flowers very rich and dark. (R) "Oxplood Red" outside and "Pomegranate Purple" within.

	Lacn	Per 10
4 to 5 ft	\$1.25	\$9.00
5 to 6 ft	1.75	15.00
6 to 7 ft	2.25	17.50

EVA RATHKE. One of the best dark red varieties. Blooms off and on throughout the Summer more abundantly than some. Dwarf habit.

	Each	Per 10
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$0.75	\$6.00
2 to 3 ft	1.00	7.50

GUSTAVE MALLET. Attractive, medium to large flowers, shading from (R) "Deep Rose Pink" to "Rose Pink." Each 4 to 5 ft..... \$1.25

STELZNERI. Rosy pink flowers that are very similar to the well-known variety W. Tosea.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$0.90	\$7.00

VAN HOUTTEI. Color varies from carmine, (R) "Pomegranate Purple" to white spotted with deep old rose. Each Per 10 3 to 4 ft..... \$0.90

\$7.00 1.25 9.00 15,00

High Bush Blueberry—Vaccinium

VACCINIUM CORYMBOSUM. (M). Valuable as an ornamental shrub. Small white or pinkish flowers line the twigs before the leaves. Edible blue-black berries. Brilliant Autumn foliage.

	\mathbf{Each}	Per 10	$\operatorname{Per} 100$
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$1.00	\$7.50	\$60.00
2 to 3 ft	1.50	12.50	85.00
3 to 4 ft	2.00	15.00	

The Yellow Root—Zanthorrhiza

ZANTHORRHIZA APIIFOLIA. (VD). April. Flowers small and purple. Valued chiefly as an undergrowth because of its bright green foliage turning to rich yellow in Autumn. Good for damp and shady places. Each Per 10 \$0.60 \$4.50



MOON'S ROSES



Roses—Garden and Bedding Roses

ROSE-GARDEN, however large, or however small and unpretentious it may be, can scarcely be excelled in the pleasure it provides. These favorite plants, flowering so freely throughout the Summer and early Fall, beget a love and devotion one never forgets. Nothing can take the place of the rose; almost every home has room for at least a few.

Orders for Hybrid Perpetual, Hybrid Tea Roses and Baby Ramblers will be filled with budded plants. To prevent suckers being produced from below the bud,

Hybrid Perpetual Varieties

The prices of all Hybrid Perpetual Roses. Strong, 2-year plants, from pots.

\$1.00 each \$9.00 per 10

BARON DE BONSTETTIN. Dark, velvety crimson. Large, full and delightfully fragrant. Vigorous

CLIO. Flesh, shaded to rosy pink at center. Large, globular and a free bloomer.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI. White American Beauty. A beautiful snow-white rose, very large, full and perfect. Prolific and a strong grower.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT. (Jack Rose.) Brilliant scarlet crimson, very fragrant. An early bloomer.

ORGE ARENDS. (Pink Frau Karl Druschki.) Delicate rose color; delightfully scented, large, full GEORGE ARENDS. and well formed.

HUGH DICKSON. Brilliant crimson, shaded scarlet. Free bloomer, fragrant. A splendid sort.

MAGNA CHARTA. Bright pink, very large and very productive. Good rugged grower.

MRS. JOHN LAING. Delicate pink; a large, prolific, fragrant rose.

PAUL NEYRON. The largest rose among the Hybrid Perpetuals. Deep rose color.

ULRICH BRUNNER. Cherry crimson; fine and large. A free bloomer the entire season.

Moss Roses

Strong, 2-year plants from pots. \$1.00 each \$9.00 per 10

CRESTED. Pink; finely crested; very distinctive.

BLANCHE MOREAU. Pure white; large and full; beautifully mossed and very fragrant.

Tea and Hybrid Tea Varieties

These roses have always been admired for their delightful fragrance and for their delicacy of coloring. They bear more profusely than the Hybrid Perpetuals.

Strong 2-year plants from pots \$1.25 each \$11.00 per 10 Price of all varieties: \$100.00 per 100.

CAROLINE TESTOUT. Bright, satiny rose, sweet and very valuable. Recognized by the thorny nature of the plant.

COLUMBIA. A new rose with brilliant rose-pink flowers, large, double and lasting.

care should be exercised in setting the plants to plant them so that the junction of the bud with the stock is well below the surface of the ground.

Trimming will not be necessary the first year, but in subsequent seasons, better bloom may be expected if the plants are well cut back early each Spring. A heavy mulch of manure for Winter protection should be applied late in the Fall, and in cold sections the ground should be mounded up about the Hybrid Tea

DUCHESS OF WELLINGTON. Flowers large, moderately full; a saffron yellow, especially beautiful in bud. A valuable yellow variety.

ETOILE DE FRANCE. Velvety crimson. Large, fragrant and a favorite red variety.

GENERAL McARTHUR. Fine, highly fragrant. A large, bright crimson rose.

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ. Bright rich scarlet. A very showy, lavish bloomer that will grow most anywhere.

JONKHEER J. L. MOCK. Brilliant carmine rose with silvery inner petals. Strong, vigorous, valuable for cutting.

KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA. A large, full, white rose. Beautiful shaped buds borne on long stems.

KILLARNEY WHITE. Excellent, pure white. Otherwise similar to the above.

KILLARNEY PINK. A large and continuous bloomer. Flowers flesh white to pink. Buds long and pointed.

KONIGIN CAROLA. Satiny rose, with under side of petals silvery white.

LADY ALICE STANLEY. Deep coral pink with inside petals of pale flesh.

> LADY ASHTON. Vigorous, free blooming. A soft pink rose valued for cutting.

LOS ANGELES. Buds long and pointed, expanding into fragrant flowers of immense size. A glowing pink, shaded with gold.

MADAME LEON PAINE. Large, full, a silvery salmon pink shading toward the center to orange yellow.

MRS. A. R. WADDELL. An attractive sort, shading in yellow, orange and salmon. A bushy, prolific grower, splendid in bud and flower.

MRS. AARON WARD. A free conbloomer, with medium tinuous yellow flowers.

MADAME EDOUARD HERRIAT (DAILY MAIL). Coral red, shaded with yellow. Medium semi-double; a vigorous grower.

OPHELIA. A very attractive and valuable sort. Salmon pink, shading to rose.

PHARISAER. Rosy-white shading to salmon-rose in center. Long buds, large full flowers.

RICHMOND. A long-stemmed, bright crimson-scarlet rose, fine in bud. An incessant bloomer.

WILLOWMERE. A rich pink, shading to yellow in center; a large full



Our garden roses are potted up during the Winter, cut back, and are in prime condition to give you blossoms like these the first season.



Polyantha and Baby Rambler

Baby Ramblers resemble the Climbing or Rambler Roses in flower, hence the name. The plants are quite dwarf and are excellent for edging large rose beds, or in beds by themselves. Cutting off the old blossoms as they fade induces flowers from June until frost.

Strong, 2-year plants from pots. \$9.00 per 10

KATHERINE ZEMIT. White Baby Rambler. Beautiful white flowers.

MADAME NORBERT LEVAVASSEUR. Crimson Baby Rambler. Compact and dwarf, attaining but 18 inches in height. Flowers the entire season.

MARIE PAVIE. White, full flower, with rose center.

MRS. CUTBUSH. Pink Baby Rambler. A pink flowering variety.

ORLEANS. Brilliant rose-color, center. A Gold Medal winner. Brilliant rose-color, tinted red; white

Rambler Roses

Suitable for training over arbors, porches, fences, pergolas and other objects. They all are profuse bloomers, the blossoms literally covering the branches.

ERICAN PILLAR. Pink, single flowers borne in immense bunches, and followed by brilliant red berries. A beautiful variety with excellent foliage AMERICAN PILLAR. retained until November.

\$0.90 each

\$7.50 per 10

CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY. Early flowers of a deep, rose carmine, shaded toward the center with rich crimson.

\$0.90 each

\$7.50 per 10

CRIMSON RAMBLER. Well-known and popular. Strong, rapid grower covered in season with large and brilliant clusters of crimson flowers. \$0.90 each \$7.50 per 10

THOUSAND BEAUTIES (TAUSENDSCHON). Semidouble fragrant flowers, in various shades of pink. \$0.90 each \$7.50 per 10

Wichuriana Hybrid Climbing and Trailing Roses

DOROTHY PERKINS. Very fragrant and lasting, beautiful shell-pink flowers. Bright lustrous foliage. A great favorite.

\$0.90 each

\$7.50 per 10

DR. VAN FLEET. Flesh pink, shading rosy pink in the center. Very fragrant. A relatively new sort with excellent foliage and beautiful flowers. \$0.90 each \$7.50 per 10

GARDENIA. Hardy Marechal Neil. Beautiful rich buff when in bud; open flowers nearly white. \$0.90 each \$7.50 per 10

HIAWATHA. Color is brilliant, apple-blossom pink, with a clear white eye and a mass of golden stamens. \$0.60 each \$5.00 per 10

WICHURIANA "Memorial Rose." Beautiful small, glossy, evergreen foliage. Useful for trailing over banks and terraces as it lies close to the ground. Single wax-like flowers in profusion.

2-year field grown \$0.50 each \$4.00 per 10 5 to 6-inch pots.

\$0.75 each

\$6.00 per 10

\$50.00 per 100

EXCELSA. Red Dorothy Perkins. Si Dorothy Perkins, but darker in color Similar to the \$0.90 each \$7.50 per 10

MAY QUEEN. Large double flowers of a light rose pink. The largest individual flowers of any of our climbing roses. \$0.60 each \$5.00 per 10

NEWPORT FAIRY. Single pink, a strong grower and a prolific bloomer. \$0.60 each

PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER. A double, mediumsized rose extremely brilliant in color. A new sort of great merit. \$1.25 each \$10.00 per 10

SILVER MOON. Extra large single flowers of a brilliant silvery white with heavy yellow stamens. Fine foliage. \$0.90 each \$7.50 per 10 \$60.00 per 100

WHITE DOROTHY PERKINS. Very double, similar to Dorothy Perkins but pure white. \$0.90 each \$7.50 per 10

Rosa Rugosa and its Hybrids

JAPANESE ROSE. ROSA RUGOSA. Beautiful rich green wrinkled foliage. Brilliant single flowers in May and intermittently all Summer, changing to small tomato-like seed vessels.

Each Per 10 Per 100 \$0.80 \$6.00 1½ to 2 ft..... \$40.00 2 to 3 ft..... 7.50 1.00

CONRAD F. MEYERS. A clear, large double rose of silvery color. Strong, 2-year plants from pots. Price \$1.00 each \$9.00 per 10 \$85.00 per 100

MADAME GEORGE BRUANT. Large double white flowers. Strong, 2-year plants from pots. Price \$1.00 each \$9.00 per 10 \$85.00 per 100

R THOMAS LIPTON. (White Century), sidered the best double white Rugosa Hybrid. Strong, 2-year plants from pots. Price SIR THOMAS LIPTON. \$9.00 per 10 \$85.00 per 100 \$1.00 each



THINK OF the wonderful "first impression" that visitors to this home receive as they enter under this rose arch, and the equally favorable "last impression" they get as they pass under it when leaving. Perhaps your entrance—or your garden walk—might be as entrancing by such a canopy of Roses. Think of the wonderful "first impression" that visitors



MOON'S VINES



Ornamental Vines

LIMBING vines are as necessary to the comfort and beauty of a home as the trees and shrubs we plant about it. They mature quickly and tone down the stiff, bold angles of new buildings, and give shade and flowers over verandas and trellises. On steep slopes and banks they prevent erosion. They ramble over unsightly, neglected places and make them beautiful, some with fragrant and brilliant flowers. Vines are strong, robust growers that require little attention other than to occasionally train them.

Actinidia

ACTINIDIA ARGUTA. A vigorous, rapid-growing Japanese Vine, with glossy, leathery leaves and greenish-white flowers, succeeded by greenishyellow fruits.

\$0.90 each

\$7.50 per 10

Akebia

AKEBIA QUINATA. It is a hardy, quick-growing vine that is graceful and handsome. Has small, five-lobed, half-evergreen leaves and fragrant purplish-brown or chocolate-colored flowers.

\$0.90 each

\$7.50 per 10

Ampelopsis

AMPELOPSIS QUINQUEFOLIA. Virginia Creeper. This is the true Woodbine or "Five-fingered Ivy," Attractive leaves which turn a gorgeous crimson in Autumn.

\$0.90 each

\$7.50 per 10

A. TRICUSPIDATA VEITCHII. Japanese or Boston Ivy. The tendrils hold tenaciously to any support and the roots find nourishment in the poorest soils. Strong plants from 4-inch pots.

\$0.70 each

\$5.00 per 10

\$35.00 per 100

VAR. LOWII. A new Japanese Ivy, possessing all the good points of the popular Japanese or Boston Ivy. The foliage is much smaller and deeply cut, giving it a beauty not possessed by the old sort. Strong plants from 4-inch pots. \$6.00 per 10 \$0.80 each \$40.00 per 100

Bignonia—Trumpet Vine

BIGNONIA GRANDIFLORA. Trumpet Vine. July. Orange-red flowers.

\$1.00 each

\$8.50 per 10

B. RADICANS. Scarlet Trumpet Vine. July to September. Our native species, with deep scarlet flowers.

\$0.75 each

\$6.00 per 10

Celastrus—Bittersweet

CELASTRUS ORBICULATUS. Japanese Bittersweet. \$0.60 each \$4.50 per 10

Clematis

C. PANICULATA. It is a strong, luxuriant grower, with light green foliage that is handsome in itself. At the close of August innumerable star-like flowers cover the vine in a sheet of fragrant white. Strong plants from 4-inch pots.

\$0.70 each

\$5.00 per 10

\$35.00 per 100

C. VIRGINIANA. Virgin's Bower. A native variety with white flowers. Strong plants from 5-inch pots. \$0.90 each \$6.00 per 10

Hydrangea Petiolaris—Climbing Hydrangea

HYDRANGEA PETIOLARIS. SYN. SCANDENS. An odd and very showy vine with bright green leaves. Strong plants from 4-inch pots. \$0.75 each \$5.00 per 10 \$35.00 per 100 Euonymus

EUONYMUS RADICANS. Creeping Euonymus. An evergreen species, with small, glossy leaves. Strong plants from 4-inch pots.

\$0.60 each

\$4.50 per 10

\$30.00 per 100

VAR. VARIEGATA. Similar to "radicans," except it has pretty creamy-white markings on the leaves. It can be used for the same purposes. Strong plants from 4-inch pots. \$0.70 each \$5.00 per 10

VAR. VEGETA. This variety has beautiful glossy green leaves that are broader than the other varieties. Strong plants from 3-inch pots. \$35.00 per 100

\$0.70 each \$5.00 per 10

Hedera—English Ivy

HEDERA HELIX. English Ivy. A familiar ever-green vine, with thick, dark-green foliage. It grows in almost any soil, and is fond of shady places. Strong plants from 4-inch pots. \$5.00 per 10 \$35.00 per 100

\$0.70 each

Strong plants from 5-inch pots.

\$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10

\$50.00 per 100

The Honeysuckles—Lonicera

GOLDEN HONEYSUCKLE. LONICERA JAPONICA VAR. AUREA RETICULATA. Strong plants from 5-inch pots. \$0.90 each \$7.50 per 10 \$45.00 per 100

EVERGREEN HONEYSUCKLE. VAR. BRACHYPODA. Similar to the Hall's variety. Strong field-grown plants.

\$0.60 each

\$4.50 per 10

\$30.00 per 100

HALL'S JAPAN HONEYSUCKLE. VAR. HALLIANA. The favorite variety. Strong field-grown plants. \$0.50 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100 Strong plants from 5-inch and 6-inch pots. \$6.00 per 10 \$0.80 each \$40.00 per 100

Myrtle or Periwinkle—Vinca

VINCA MINOR. A familiar evergreen creeper.

\$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$22.00 per 100

Vitis—The Grapes

VITIS CORDIFOLIA. Frost or Winter Grape. Useful for producing natural effects.

\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

The Wisterias—Wisteria

WISTERIA SINENSIS. Pale blue fragrant flowers in large racemes. Most desirable for pergolas and to climb upon old trees.

\$1.00 each

\$7.50 per 10

VAR. ALBA. A beautiful white-flowering form.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft	\$1.50	\$12.50
4 to 5 ft		15.00
5 to 6-in, pots	1.25	10.00



MOON'S PERENNIALS





Just imagine a garden like this, your very own. What a restful place, and how bright and fragrant because of the myriads of flower faces that smile up at you as you stroll about. Most every lawn has room for a perennial garden, on a smaller scale, perhaps than this, but a garden that will give the same enjoyment, nevertheless, and provide abundant flowers for cutting for indoor decoration. If the details of a garden for your lawn puzzle you, remember, Moon's will gladly help.

Old-Fashioned Flowers—Hardy Perennials

T is no wonder that these old-fashioned, hardy garden flowers continue to increase in popularity, for there is not a time during the whole flowering season when some hardy Perennial is not in bloom, and when, during the late Summer, few flowering shrubs are in blossom, these little plants may be depended upon for an attractive display.

From the Columbines of early April, through the flower pageant of Paeonies, Larkspurs, Foxgloves, Coreopsis, and the Phlox, to the climax of Asters and Chrysanthemums, this story of fragrance and beauty repeats itself year after year, lavishly repaying the owner for the little care and attention which the plants require. With a judicious selection of hardy Perennials in the garden, you have a constant supply of flowers for table and house decoration. They can be planted almost anywhere-in beds or borders by themselves;

as a foreground for shrubbery plantings; in rockeries; and, of course, are indispensable in the formal garden. If several plants of one variety are massed together. you will find your Perennial planting much more effective than when a greater number of varieties are used, with only a few plants of each.

The size mentioned in the descriptions indicates the approximate height the plants may be expected to attain at maturity, the months represent the season of bloom. Color descriptions preceded by (R) are in accordance with Ridgeway's "Color and Nomenclature."

Because of their perishable nature, perennials should always be shipped by express, except when delivery within the zone of our auto truck is possible, and all orders for them are accepted by us with that understanding.

Prices of Perennials, except where otherwise noted, are 30 cents each; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100

- ACHILLEA Eupatorium. FERN-LEAVED YARROW. 4 to feet. Has delicately cut foliage; yellow flowers all Summer.
- A. Millefolium. var. Roseum. Rosy MILFOIL. 2 feet.
 June to August. Finely cut dark-green foliage;
 small flat heads of purplish-red flowers. (R)
 Amaranth Purple.
- A. Ptarmica. The Pearl. 2 feet. Irregular clusters of small, double white flowers, from June to October.
- ÆGOPODIUM Podagraria. var. Variegatum. GOUT-WEED. A small, creeping plant with white-margined foliage; especially good for shady places where grass will not grow.
- AGROSTEMMA Coronaria. MULLEIN PINK OR DUSTY MILLER. 1½ to 2 feet. June to August. Foliage a powdery silver-grey; velvet-like flowers resemble single garden pinks, varying in color from garnet to deep violet-pink. (R) Amaranth Purple to Phodoming Purple. Purple to Rhodamine Purple.
- ANCHUSA Italica. var. Dropmore. 4 to 5 feet. Tall spikes of gentian-blue flowers in June and July.
 (R) Smalt Blue. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100
- A. Italica. var. Opal. 11/2 to 2 feet. Pale blue, very large flowers. \$0.35 each \$18.00 per 100 \$2.50 per 10



MOON'S PERENNIALS



- ANEMONE Japonica. var. Alba. Japanese Wind Flower. 2 to 3 feet. Thrives in sun or semi-shade, has large, single rose-like flowers of pure white from August until frost; excellent for cutting. \$3.00 per 10 \$0.40 each
- A. Japonica. var. Queen Charlotte. 2 to 3 feet. Beautiful silvery-pink flowers from August until frost. \$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10
- A. Japonica. var. Rubra. 2 to 3 feet. Rosy red with yellow stamens. \$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10
- ANTHEMIS Tinctoria. var. Kelwayii. Golden Marguerite. 2 feet. Daisy-like yellow flowers from June to September. (R) Empire to Barium
- ALYSSUM Saxatile. var. Compactum. GOLDEN TUFT.

 1 foot. Showy, bright yellow flowers in April and May.

Aquilegia—Columbines

Popular old-fashioned flowers that are not particular as to soil, but do best in a moist but well-drained sandy loam. They flower best in a sunny location. The foliage is very attractive all season.

- AQUILEGIA California Hybrid. 2 to 2½ feet. May to July. A single long-spurred variety of mixed colors, including red, blue, white and yellow.
- A. Canadensis. 1½ feet. Late April to June. The native sort, bearing red and yellow flowers. Outside petals and spurs (R) Carmine; corolla (R) Citron Yellow.
- A. Chrysantha. 2 to 2½ feet. Long-spurred flowers of clear yellow from May to July. (R) Pinard Yellow to Baryta Yellow.
- A. Coerulea. 1½ feet. Large, long-spurred single white flowers, touched with blue. May.
- A. Flabellata. var. Nana Alba. 6 to 10 inches. Shortspurred, single white flowers in May.
- A. Helene. 11/2 to 2 feet. Large, short-spurred flowers of rather dark blue and white in May and June, (R) Deep, Soft Bluish Violet to Bradley's Violet. \$3.00 per 10 \$0.40 each
 - A. Nivea Grandiflora. 2 to 2½ feet. May and June. Large, single white flowers, with medium length spurs, which are slightly fragrant.
 - Vulgaris. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet. May and June. Single flowers with medium spurs, varying in color from (R) Dark Dull Purple to Deep Rose Pink, with inner petals lighter.

Who has not, sometime, searched the Spring woods for the Columbine and scaled the cliffs to pluck it from the crevices in the rocks. Bring back these memories by plant-ing Columbine in your perennial garden, especi-ally the varieties herewith offered with their varied colors and large blossoms.

ARABIS Alpina. ROCK CRESS. 6 inches. A very lowspreading plant completely covered with pure white flowers in April and May.

- ARMERIA formosa. SEA-PINK OR THRIFT. feet. Small, globular heads of tiny pink flowers, spring from rosettes of narrow evergreen leaves from April to August. Excellent for rock gardens or edgings. (R) "Mallow Pink."
- ARMERIA Maritima var. Alba. SEA THRIFT. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet. April to August. Tiny white flowers in dense heads, with tufts of narrow evergreen leaves.
- A. Maritima Splendens. Flowers a bright rose-pink. (R) Rose Color.
- ASCLEPIAS tuberosa. Butterfly Weed. 2 feet. A native plant bearing large, brilliant, orange-colored flowers in July and August. Attractive seed-pods appear in September. \$2.50 per 10 \$0.35 each

Asters

- ASTERS (Hardy Perennial Types). Showy plants that grow from 3 to 5 feet high, with myriads of tiny, bright-colored, daisy-like flowers in September and October. Very desirable for mass planting or for use in sylvan or natural landscapes.
- A. Gertrude. 1½ to 2 feet. More dwarf than the other varieties, with flowers of a clear lilac-blue.
 (R) Pale Campanula Blue to Light Campanula Blue.
 - \$0.35 each 2.50 per 10
- A. Grandiflora. 2½ to 3 feet. Large, dark violet-colored flowers. A late profuse bloomer. (R) Between a Petunia Violet and Negrosin Violet. \$0.35 each
- A. Novae Angliae. NEW ENGLAND ASTER OR STAR-WORT. 3 to 5 feet. Flowers of a rich violet, are very large and showy.
- A. Robert Parker. 2 to 2½ feet. Flowers a clear, pale lilac, with yellow centers. (R) Light Mauve to Pale Mauve. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10
- Tatarica. 4 to 6 feet. One of the showiest and best. Flower stems rigid, with flowers of clear. lilac. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100
- ASTILBE. (Meadow Sweet). The plume-like panicles of feathery bloom make these some of the most attractive of the Perennials. They thrive in sun or partial shade, and do best in rich, moist soils.
- ASTILBE Chinensis. 1½ feet. Bears light rose-pink flowers in August, (R) Pale Rhodonite Pink. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100
- Davidii. 2 to 3 feet. Long, slender panicles of light purplish-pink flowers during July and August. (R) Liseran Purple. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100
- A. Japonica. 1 to 2 feet. Feathery panicles of pure white flowers in June.
- A. Lemoinei Pyramidalis. 1 to 11/2 feet. Very attractive, small double white flowers in August.
- \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100 \$0.35 each A. Lobata. var. Venusta. 1½ to 2 feet. Irregular, spiky panicles of pink flowers in August. (R) Rose pink.
- \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 Palmatum. var. Elegans. $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet. Dainty,
- irregular panicles of pinkish-white bloom in August, which are slightly fragrant. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100
- A. Ulmaria alba plena. 11/2 to 2 feet. July. Double white flowers. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100

Five or more plants of any one variety at price per 10; 25 or more at price per 100





- AUBRIETIA Deltoides. PURPLE ROCK CRESS. 4 to 6 inches. Especially suited for rock or wall gardens, having quantities of small, pale violet flowers in April and May. (R) Hortense Violet.
- BOLTONIA asteroides. FALSE CHAMOMILE. In their season the Boltonias are one of our showiest herbaceous plants. They resemble the Asters in form, but bloom earlier and more profusely. White. August to September.
- B. Latisquama. 5 to 6 feet. A pale pink variety (R) Phlox Pink. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10

Campanula—Bellflowers

These hardy well-known herbaceous plants deserve a place in every Perennial planting, and especially in old-fashioned flower borders. They are of easy culture, and thrive in most any soil. Their bell-shaped flowers of various colors add a great deal to the appearance of your garden in June and July.

CAMPANULA Carpatica. CARPATHIAN HAREBELL. 6 to 8 inches. Blue bells borne delicately above tufts of attractive foliage in continuous profusion during the Summer. (R) Lavender Violet.

var. Alba. Pure white flowers.

- CAMPANULA Medium. CANTERBURY BELLS. Panicles of large bells in pink, blue and white. Plants assorted, cannot be supplied by color. 3 feet. June and July.
- CUP AND SAUCER CANTERBURY Calycanthema. Bells. 2 feet. Large, rather unusual flowers in purple, pink and white, which resemble a cup and saucer. Plants assorted. Cannot supply by color.

- C. Persicifolia. var. Alba. PEACH-LEAVED DELLI-FLOWER. 2 feet. Spikes of wide-open white flowers in June and July, resembling large bells.
- var. Grandiflora. Large, double white flowers.
- CARYOPTERIS mastacanthus. BLUE SPIREA OR VERBENA SHRUB. A shrubby plant growing about 1½ to 2 feet high. Valued for its wealth of clear, blue flowers during September. Needs Winter protection north of Washington, D. C. (R) Pale Violet Blue.

\$0.40 each

\$3.00 per 10

- CENTAUREA Dealbata. KNAPWEED. 12 to 18 inches. Bears thistle-like flowers, shading from lilac-pink to white at the center, in June. (R) Light Phlox Purple.
- C. Macrocephala. The most showy of the Centaureas, having large, thistle-like yellow flowers. 3 feet. July and August. (R) Lemon Chrome.
- Perennial Cornflower. 1½ feet. Violet-blue flowers from June to September. (R) Light Violet.

\$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10

\$18.00 per 100

var. Alba. Pure white flowers.

\$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100 \$0.35 each

- var. Rosea. Light purple flowers. (R) Chinese Violet. \$18.00 per 100 \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10
- CERASTIUM Tomentosum. 10 inches. Snow-in-Summer. The dense carpet of silvery foliage which this plant bears is almost covered by the myriads of tiny white flowers through May and June. Good for Rock Gardens.

Hardy Chrysanthemums

THESE showy and effective favorites will help to extend the flowering season of your Perennial garden, blooming profusely in October, and resisting the early frosts. They thrive best in a rich, welldrained soil, and attain a height of from 2 to 3 feet.

Pompon Chrysanthemums

Blushing Bride. Pale Pink.

A semi-double variety, cream white with Clara. yellow center.

Fashion. White, shading toward straw-colored near center.

Julia Lagravere. A late variety of rich garnet color. (R) Ox-blood Red.

\$0.35 each

\$2.50 per 10

Lagretto. Dull old-rose. (R) Hellebore Red.

May Suydam. A dwarf variety with beautiful old-gold flowers. (R) Ochraceous Buff. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10

Patterson. A clear yellow. (R) Lemon Chrome.

Queen of Whites. Large white flowers.

Sunset. Bronze yellow. (R) Empire Yellow, overlaid with bronze.

Early Flowering Chrysanthemums

Blanche Neige. Buds are (R) Lemon Yellow, opening into pure white flowers, with the palest of yellow centers.

They may be depended upon to bloom and are excellent as a cut flower for indoor decoration. For Winter protection, do not cover with a heavy mulch of manure, but rather use some light covering of straw or leaves.

- rgentenillois. Outer petals carmine red, inner petals old gold. (R) Carmine Red. L'Argentenillois.
- Ox-plood red, a beautiful variety. (R) La Garronne. Ox-blood Red.
- Lillian Doty. Compact flowers of a light lilac-pink. (R) Light Pinkish Lilac.
- Mrs. W. E. Buckingham. Single pink flowers, with daisy-like yellow centers. (R) Pale Rhodonite Pink.
- Pale pink flowers with yellow center. Normandie. (R) Pale Persian-Lilac.
- marere. Outer petals very pale yellow, centers lemon yellow. (R) Marguerite Yellow. Primarere.

Button Chrysanthemums

Brown Bessie. Mahogany brown.

Eagle d'Or. Clear yellow. (R) Lemon Chrome.

CHRYSANTHEMUM Hybridum. (Shasta Daisy). A very free-flowering plant with large and showy daisy-like flowers. Flowers are white, with yellow centers.

var. Nipponicum. A bushy variety, bearing large white flowers in late Autumn.

\$0.35 each

Prices of Perennials, except where otherwise noted, are 30 cents each; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100





- CLEMATIS Tubulosa. 2 to 3 feet. shrub-like plant, with large leaves and hyacinth-like clusters of small light blue flowers during August and
- September. (R) Pallid Bluish-Violet.

 var. Davidiana. 4 feet. Flowers of a darker blue and with the fragrance of orange blossoms. (R) Light Bluish-Violet. Stems need a slight support.
- NVALLARIA Majalis. LILY-OF-THE VALLEY. The old-time favorite, which loves the shade and deep rich soil, and grows successfully under the trees. CONVALLARIA Majalis. 6 inches. May.

\$2.50 per 10 \$0.35 each

COREOPSIS Lanceolata Grandiflora. 2 to 3 feet. Bright yellow flowers resembling those of the Cosmos in form. June and July. (R) Light Cadmium.

Delphinium—Larkspur

These stately flowers differ from all others in their appealing charm. The rare beauty of their varying shades that range through white and turquoise blue to the deepest indigo and violet would add a glory to any garden.

DELPHINIUM Belladonna. Tall stately spikes of beautiful light blue flowers. 2½ to 3 feet, in June and July. (R) Forget-me-not-Blue. \$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10

D. Chinense. 1 to 1½ feet. A dwarf variety, with finely cut foliage and flowers in varying shades of violet, blue and white. (R) Spectrum Violet, Smalt Blue, and Sky Blue. June and July. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10

D. Formosum. Dark blue, white-eyed flowers, on tall, straight spikes, 2 to 3 feet. June and July. (R) Phenyl Blue.

\$0.35 each

\$2.50 per 10

\$18.00 per 100

D. Gold Medal Hybrids. Single and double flowers on spikes 2 feet long, and in various shades of blue and purple.

\$0.35 each

\$2.50 per 10

- DIANTHUS Barbatus. SWEET WILLIAM. 11/2 to 2 feet. Flower clusters of red, pink and white, with many color variations in mixed colors.
- var. Newport Pink. Flower clusters are a clear, light salmon pink. (R) Eosine Pink.
- D. Deltoides. MAIDEN PINK. 6 to 10 inches. Tiny, single flowers like miniature pinks, borne above the dense carpet of foliage. (R) Tyrian Pink.
- D. Latifolius Atrococcineus Fl. Pl. Flowers are fragrant, and of a dark velvety carmine color. Bloom continuously throughout the Summer. 8 inches. (R) Pomegranate Purple.



In moist spots and partial shade the Yellow Day lilies add a touch of gold in mid-Summer, and require little caring for.

- ANTHUS. (The Hardy Pinks.) The good old-fashioned "Pinks" so frequently found in "Grand-mother's" garden. Of rather dwarf habit, and their delightfully spicy fragrance scents the garden in May and June. The foliage is attractive throughout the season, and they are especially useful for edging Perennial Borders. DIANTHUS.
- DIANTHUS Plumarius. var. Cyclops. Single violetpink flowers with carmine center. (R) Amaranth Pink.
- Diamond. Excellent foliage, and unusually fragrant white flowers, almost equal in size and beauty to the cultivated carnation. var. Diamond.
- var. Excelsior. Large, double flowers of lilac-pink. (R) Amaranth Pink.
- var. Her Majesty. Double white flowers, with fringed petals.
- var. Homer. Violet-pink flowers with fringed petals. (R) Amaranth Pink.
- var. Juliette. Double flowers, having white petals edged with maroon.
- var. Lord Byron. Small, very double flowers of deep violet-pink. (R) Tyrian Pink.
- DICENTRA Spectabilis. SYN. DIELYTRA. BLEEDING HEART. 1 to 2 feet. Another old-time favorite. Its arching stems bear drooping heart-shaped flowers of white and old rose. Valuable for planting in the shade. (R) Deep Rose Pink. May to July.
- DICTAMNUS Fraxinella. GAS PLANT. Racemes of curious red flowers from May to July. 2 to 21/2 feet. \$0.40 each

Digitalis—Foxgloves

The Foxgloves are stately old-fashioned biennials with tall spires of drooping bells that grow 4 to 5 feet in height. Effective at the back of the border or massed in semi-shady locations during June and July.

- D. Grandiflora. Spikes of palest yellow.
- D. Gloxinaeflora. Finely spotted varieties.
- var. Alba. White, finely spotted brown inside.
- var. Purpurea. Purple.
- var. Rosea. Rose color.
- EUPATORIUM Ageratoides. 3 to 4 feet. A native bushy plant, bearing clusters of tiny white flowers, which does well in shady borders and woodland plantings. August and September.
- E. Coelestinum. MIST FLOWER. 18 to 24 inches. Azure blue flowers from August until frost.
- E. Purpureum. 4 to 6 feet. August and September. Immense, flat clusters of soft grayish old-rose flowers. (R) Tourmaline Pink.
- EUPHORBIA Corrollata. FLOWERING SPURGE. 18 inches. June to August. White flowers with small green eye.

\$0.35 each

\$2.50 per 10

- FUNKIA. (The Plantain Lilies.) A very useful Perennial, which is suitable for almost any part of the garden—borders, rock-work or marshy ground. Both the foliage and flowers are conspicuous, so even when not in bloom, the plants are attractive. The flower spikes, borne in August, are about $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet high.
- F. Alba Marginiata. White margined leaves, and white flowers penciled with palest mauve. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100
- AureaVariegata.Variegated yellow and greenleaves, white flowers tinged with mauve.\$0.35 each\$2.50 per 10\$18.00 per 100 Aurea Variegata.





- 3 feet. Blue. Broad green leaves. June. \$18.00 per 100 \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10
- F. Lancifolia. Narrow leaves, panicles of white flowers overlaid with (R) Deep Lavender. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100
- F. Sieboldiana. Tinted white flowers. 2 to 3 feet. July. \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100 \$0.35 each
- F. Subcordata. var. Grandiflora. Large full clumps of handsome foliage, with large, fragrant, pure white flowers, distinguish this as the best of the Funkias. \$0.50 each \$3.50 per 10
- F. Undulata Media Picta. Variegated green and white leaves, with attractive purple flowers. \$18.00 per 100 \$2.50 per 10 \$0.35 each
- GAILLARDIA Grandiflora. BLANKET FLOWER. 2 feet. These daisy-shaped flowers with orange tipped petals shading to scarlet in the center are most attractive from June until frost. (R) Scarlet Red and Cadmium Yellow.
- GEUM coccineum. (AVENS.) 1 foot. Flowers (R) Scarlet Red, in May to July.
- GILLENIA Trifoliata. BOWMAN'S ROOT. May and June. Star-shaped white flowers. \$6 35 each \$2.50 per 10
- GYPSOPHILA Paniculata. BABY'S BREATH. 3 to 4 feet. Innumerable tiny white flowers, lightly touched with pink borne in light, feathery panicles during July and August.
- Stevenii. The same light feathery panicles of bloom, but the individual flowers are a little larger, G. Stevenii. and slightly fragrant.
- HELENIUM. (False Sunflower.) Very desirable as a background for Perennial borders, where in September their tall flower-laden stems show off to best advantage.
- H. Autumnale syn. gdfl. Sneeze Weed. 4 to 5 feet.
 Flowers yellow in September.
 \$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100
- H. Autumnale Superbum. 5 feet. Flowers a light orange, lightly touched with bronze, with prominent yellow centers. (R) Cadmium Yellow. \$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10
- var. Rubrum. Bronze colored flowers with center of dull orange. \$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100
- H. Riverton Beauty. 3 feet. Golden yellow flowers, with dark brown centers. \$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100
- HELIOPSIS Pitcheriana. 3 feet. A bushy plant, with orange colored flowers about 2 inches in diameter from July to October. (R) Light Cadmium.

HELIANTHUS. (Perennial Sunflowers.)

- H. Maximiliana. 5 to 6 feet. A late and most desirable sort, with large flowers in clusters, that are excellent for cutting.
- H. Mollis. HAIRY SUNFLOWER. 3 to 5 feet. solitary yellow flowers, with rough, grayish leaves. (R) Empire Yellow.
- H. Wolly Dod. A fine variety, bearing an abundance of single yellow flowers in September.
- HEMEROCALLIS. (The Yellow Day Lilies.) Popular, hardy plants that are a valuable addition to any collection. They thrive in most soils, but feel especially at home near streams or in partially shaded places.
- H. Flava. (Yellow Day Lily.) 2½ to 3 feet. Fragrant deep lemon-yellow flowers in June and July. \$2.50 per 10 \$0.35 each \$18.00 per 100
- H. Florham. $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet. Fragrant flowers of a clear (R) Amber Yellow in June and July. \$0.35 each \$2,50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100

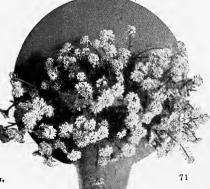
- H. Fulva. TAWNY DAY LILY. 2 to 3 feet. Flowers of (R) Salmon Orange, overlaid with (R) Coral Red. June and July.
- \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100 var. Flore Pleno. A double flowering variety of the above.
- \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100
- H. Thunbergii. 3 feet. Medium-sized flowers of bright. buttercup yellow in June and July. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100
- HARDY FERNS. These are especially valuable for shady locations and damp soils where other things will not grow. \$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100
- HESPERIS Matronalis. SWEET ROCKET. 21/2 feet. Showy spikes of fragrant purple flowers, which thrive in sun or semi-shade. (R) Phlox Purple.
- HEUCHERA sanguinea. 1½ feet. A graceful plant with tiny bell-shaped flowers drooping from an arched stem. Gay and pretty for rock or cultivated garden. Color varies from (R) Rose Red to Begonia Rose. May to September.
- HOLLYHOCKS. Everyone knows these garden plants with their colossal spikes of bloom, 4 to 6 feet high. They make a very effective background for the Perennial border, and are also good when planted among the shrubs. In colonies about the house foundation and in garden corners, they can scarcely be equaled.
- Double Flowering Hollyhocks. The flowers of these varieties are very perfect in form, and preferred by most planters; colors, Red, Pink, Yellow and White.
- \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100 Single Flowering Hollyhocks. The real old-fashioned sort, which some folks still prefer to use. We offer
- them in assorted colors. \$2.50 per 10 \$0.35 each \$18.00 per 100

Hypericum or St. John's Wort

These shrub-like plants are distinctive both in foliage and flower. Against the dark, glossy green of their leaves is set, in charming contrast, the gold of the large, waxy flowers. They grow in sun or semi-shade, and bloom during July and August. Not dependably hardy north of Philadelphia.

- H. Calycinum. Aaron's Beard. 1 foot. Spreads rapidly by suckers, and is good for low borders. \$25.00 per 100\$0.50 each \$3.50 per 10
- GOLDFLOWER. 2 feet. A bushy H. Moserianum. variety and handsome for use in the shrub border. \$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$22.00 per 100 \$22.00 per 100
- IBERIS Sempervirens. HARDY CANDYTUFT. A beautiful dwarf plant, with pure white flowers in April and May. Especially good for edging porders. 8 to 10 inches.

Bailey's En-cyclopedia of Horticulture says,
"They (Hardy
Candytufts)
are the best
spreading, dwarf plants th white flowers.''



Moon's Nurseries, Morrisville, Pa.





- IRIS (Fleur-de-lis). GERMAN IRIS. It is hardly necessary to describe this well-known family of Fleur-de-lis, which are sometimes called Hardy Orchids, because of the richness and beauty of the flowers. They vary in height from 2 to 3 feet, blossoming in June in exquisite shades of purple, lavender, blue, yellow and pure white.
- IRIS Kaempferi. JAPANESE IRIS. Their flowers are of the largest in cultivation, and sometimes measure 8 to 10 inches in diameter. They do best in rich, moist soil, which must be well drained, as water standing over them in Winter is fatal. When used in connection with the Fleur-de-lis, the flowering in connection with the Fleur-de-iis, the flowering season is greatly extended, as the Japanese varieties do not bloom until late in June. We offer these in separate varieties with flowers in varying shades of white, blue, purple and violet. Price of all varieties: \$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$22.00 per 100

Iris Siberica—Siberian Iris

A variety distinguished by its tall, grass-like foliage and clustered violet-colored flowers that are borne on numerous slender stems. They reach a height from 2 to 3 feet and bloom from May to June. Adapted for mass and water-side planting. (R) Raisin Purple, veined with white.

LATHYRUS Latifolius. PERENNIAL SWEET PEA. This vine-like plant, growing from 8 to 10 feet, has peashaped flowers of deep violet-pink, borne in loose clusters from July to September. (R) Mallow Purple.

\$0.40 each

\$3.00 per 10

- LIATRIS Elegans. BLAZING STAR OR GAY FEATHER. 4 to 5 feet. Tall spikes of deep lilac bloom which are very distinctive. July and August.
- LINUM Perenne. PERENNIAL FLAX. Foliage and bloom are light and feathery. Flowers of delicate blue, borne in profusion from mid-May to September. (R) Chicory Blue.
- LOBELIA Cardinalis. CARDINAL FLOWER. 2 to 3 feet. Spikes of deep carmine flowers, on erect, unbranching stems, during September. Does well in shady border, or moist woodland planting. (R) Carmine.
- LYCHNIS Chalcedonica. MALTESE CROSS. 3 feet. The flowers are borne in rounded terminal heads, the arrangement of the petals suggesting the Maltese Cross. (R) Scarlet Red.
- L. Viscaria Fl. Pl. 6 inches. Numerous spikes of light violet-red flowers in June, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet high.
- LYSIMACHIA Clethroides. Terminal spikes of small, white flowers. July and August.

\$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100

- L. Nummularia. A small creeping plant, bearing single flowers of light yellow in profusion, in May and
- MERTENSIA Virginica. BLUE BELLS. 1 to 11/2 feet. Blue flowers are borne in drooping panicles in May and June.

\$0.40 each

\$3.00 per 10

- MONARDA Didyma Splendens. OSWEGO TEA. 3 to 4 feet. June and July. Bright scarlet flower heads. Scarlet Red.
- var. Violaceae. Flowers are light violet-red, approaching (R) Rhodamine Purple.
- MYOSOTIS Palustris. var. florens. 8 to 10 inches. var. Semper-ches. The oldfashioned Forget-me-not which blooms so profusely from May to September, the tiny blue flowers having a very appealing charm.
- OENOTHERA Fruticosa. var. Youngii. 1 to 1½ feet. A bushy red-stemmed variety, distinguished by its dark, rich green leaves. The golden yellow flowers are very fragrant. June and July. (R) Lemon Chrome.
- O. Missouriensis. 1 to 1½ feet. June to August. Large golden yellow flowers. (R) Picric Yellow.
- O. Speciosa. 1½ feet. A pure white variety, with exceptionally large, slightly fragrant flowers.
- PACHYSANDRA Terminalis. JAPANESE Spurge. An evergreen ground cover with attractive dark green leaves, valuable for planting in shady places where grass will not grow. When once established, it becomes a veri-table mat, completely covering the ground.

\$0.20 each

\$1.50 per 10

\$12.00 per 100.

\$90.00 per 1000



An entrancing look into an outdoor room, where clothes may be dried out of sight on wash days and the children can play uninterrupted at other times. Very inexpensive and yet in splendid taste. J. Fletcher Street, Landscape Architect, designed this planting which was executed

Prices of Perennials, except where otherwise noted, are 30 cents each; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100







TEXT to Roses, these are certainly the most popular of the June flowers. They are well adapted for massing in beds, and particularly valuable for planting in groups throughout the Perennial and Shrub border. Their great flowers are perfectly formed, and some are as fragrant and as delicately

Red Paeonies

A very dark rose-red, one of Delachei. Medium. the best of the red varieties.

\$7.50 per 10 \$1.00 each

Felix Crousse. Exceptionally perfect in form and color, the clear brilliant red of the Jack Rose. \$10.00 per 10 \$1.25 each

L'Eclatante. Large, dark, rich rose-red, with slightly purplish tinge. \$1.00 each

\$7.50 per 10

Rubra Triumphans. Large globular flowers of dark garnet. \$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

White and Tinted Paeonies

Duchess de Nemours. Medium size. Center is tinted a pale lemon yellow, with guards of the purest white.

\$0.60 each \$5.00 per 10

Duke of Wellington. Large and double. Buds tinted like a Tea Rose, opening into white flowers, delicately shaded with pale yellow toward the center.

> \$0.60 each \$5.00 per 10

Festiva Maxima. Very large, very double and very full. The guard petals are faint pink, fading to white, center is cream prominently flecked with carmine.

\$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10

Carnea Elegans. Perfect shaped flowers, flesh-colored broad petals with small yellow flecks. \$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

Golden Harvest. Medium size. Large guard petals of delicate peach-blossom pink, center a clear cream

> \$0.60 each \$5.00 per 10

Plant Perennials this year in the flower bed where you have been using Annuals. Each year you have to replace the Annuals, whereas the Perennials come up season after season with very little extra work or expense.

colored as a Rose. They are perfectly hardy, increase in beauty year after year as they mature, and when planted in rich, deep soil and given a sunny position, they are sure to add a great deal to the attractiveness of your lawn or garden. Ultimate height of most varieties 2 to 3 feet.

La Tulipe. Medium to large. Compact blooms of pale lilac-pink sometimes marked with carmine. \$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10 \$50.00 per 100

Madame Coste. Medium to large. Guard petals a very pale pink, center yellowish cream, fading to cream white and flecked with carmine.

\$0.50 each \$4.00 per 10 \$30.00 per 100

Madame Jules Calot. Large, the center palest pink and cream white, the guards light cameo pink. \$0.60 each \$5.00 per 10 \$40.00 per 100

Large compact head, color a deep Marie Lemoine. cream, occasionally carmine tipped. A late flowering variety.

\$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10 \$60.00 per 100

Queen Victoria. Large loose heads, with a beautiful coloring of palest pink and yellow, fading to cream white.

\$4.00 per 10 \$0.50 each \$30.00 per 100

Pink Paeonies

Auguste Villaume. Very large, brilliant, deep rose-pink. Late flowering and valued for extending the season of bloom.

\$1.00 each

La Superba. Large. Guards a deep satiny rose, crown much lighter, fading gradually to a pale salmon. \$0.60 each \$5.00 per 10

Madam Ducel. Medium to large heads, guard petals cerise, crown white or silver, with faint salmon tinge \$50.00 per 100 \$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

Mons. Boucharlataine. Large, full, compact heads of deep rose pink and very slightly fragrant. \$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10

Souvenir de l'Exposition Universelle. Large flat heads, of a brilliant rose pink, very lightly tipped with silver.

\$7.50 per 10 \$1.00 each

Triumphe de l'Exposition de Lille. Large, compact heads of beautiful rose-pink, slightly fragrant. \$10,00 per 10 \$1.25 each

We invite your correspondence if in doubt as to the selection of varieties or their arrangement.





Phlox

HLOX DECUSSATA, syn. PANICULATA. During the dry, hot Summer weather, when vegetation generally looks at its worst, these plants can be depended upon to brighten the garden with their brilliant blooms.

Aurora Borealis. A very tall variety, with brilliant deep pink flowers. (R) Tyrian Rose.

Violet-red, between (R) Aster Champs Elysses. Purple, and Rhodamine Purple.

Coquilicot. Scarlet.

Coran d'Ache. Between (R) Tyrian Rose and Rose

Eclaireau. Light violet-pink, with red eye. Mallow Purple.

Elizabeth Campbell. An excellent, clear, deep pink with a pale violet eye. (R) Begonia Rose. \$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10

Europea. A beautiful variety; pure white flower with bright crimson eye. A tall variety.

F. G. van Lassburg. A beautiful pure white, one of the best white varieties that we offer. Tall growing.

Mrs. Jenkins. A fine pure white variety.

Peachblow. Delicate pink. (R) Rose Pink. Fine foliage and beautiful flowers.

Pearl. Beautiful pure white flowers in extra large heads. Widar. Violet flowers, with large white center. (R) Petunia Violet.

Rosenberg. Bright reddish viole center. (R) Rhodamine Purple. Bright reddish violet with a carmine

Moss or Mountain Pink—Phlox Subulata

A creeping variety with moss-like evergreen foliage, which is completely hidden during flowering time with masses of bloom. Splendid for ground cover in barren places, for rockeries, or for edging Perennial borders. Price of all varieties:

each Per 10 Per 100 Per 1000 \$0.20 \$1.70 \$14.00 \$100.00

PHLOX Subulata. Flowers dark pink. var. Alba. White.

var. Atropupurea. A purplish-pink. (R) Mallow Purple. var. Lilacina. Light Blue.

Various Phlox

PERRY'S VARIETY. Phlox Divaricata. var. Laphami. 1½ feet. A distinct variety of loose open habit of growth. Flowers (R) Light Chicory Blue, with purple eyes, throughout May and June.

P. Ovata. syn. Carolina. MOUNTAIN PHLOX. about 1 foot with masses of purplish-pink flowers in June.

P. Suffruticosa. var. Miss Lingard. A superior variety, with attractive foliage, and white flowers shading to delicate pink, borne in profusion during June. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100

PAPAVER Nudicaule. May to October. 1 foot. These fragile blossoms in white, yellow and deep orange are lovely when massed in border plantings.

P. Orientalis. ORIENTAL POPPY. 3 feet. Immense scarlet flowers, that contrast vividly with the green of shrubbery or Evergreen borders during June and July. (R) Scarlet.

PHYSOSTEGIA Virginica. OBEDIENT PLANT. 3 feet. (R) Soft Phlox Pink, in tall full spikes that bloom continually from July to September.

var. Alba. A white flowering variety.

PLATYCODON Grandiflora. BALLOON FLOWER OR CHINESE BELLFLOWER. Large wide open bellshaped flowers of violet-blue which are borne continuously from July to September. Unusually attractive, (R) Light Violet and darker. 2 feet.

P. Mariesi. 1 foot. More dwarf and bushy, color varying through (R) White, Light Violet, Dark Violet and Violet Ultramarine.

PLUMBAGO Larpentae. LEAD WORT. 8 inches. A low, spreading plant, with a profusion of (R) Dull Violet Blue flowers toward the latter part of the Thrives in shady places. Good for Rock Summer. Gardens.

\$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10

POLYGONUM compactum. 18 inches. Cream-white bloom. Reddish-green foliage. August and September.

PRIMULA veris. ENGLISH COWSLIP. 6 to 12 inches. Clustered flowers above tiny rosettes of foliage in yellows, bronze and reds.

PYRETHRUM hybridum. 2 feet. June and July. The plants we offer have flowers shading through whites and pinks to carmine. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100

P. Uliginosum. 4 to 5 feet. Large, pure white flowers that are almost 3 inches in diameter. July and August.

RANUNCULUS Acris Fl. Pl. BUTTERCUP. Similar in color and form to our native Buttercup, but with very double flowers. (R) Empire Yellow.



Your walk may not be as long or your place as large as this, but a flower arrangement suited to your conditions can be made by Moon's.

Prices of Perennials, except where otherwise noted, are 30 cents each; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100





- PENTSTEMON Barbatus Torreyi. 4 to 5 feet. Tall spikes of tubular, bearded blossoms of bright scarlet during July and August.
- RUDBECKIA Laciniata Fl. Pl. GOLDEN GLOW. From July to September golden-yellow dahlia-like flowers are borne on the tall swaying stems.
- R. Newmanii. 2 feet. Large orange-colored flowers with black centers, resembling the Black-eyed Susans. June to September. (R) Light Cadmium.
- R. Purpurea. GIANT PURPLE CONE-FLOWER. 3 to 4 feet. Large purplish-pink flowers 3 to 4 inches in diameter. July and October. (R) Rosolane Purple.
- Salvia Azure. var. Grandiflora. BLUE SAGE. 3 to 4 feet. A profusion of long spikes of blue flowers during August and September. (R) Campanula Blue. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100
- SAXIFRAGA Crassifolia. SAXIFRAGE. 12 inches. Clumps of broad, attractive foliage, with curving stems of drooping bell-shaped flowers during April and May. (R) Rose Pink. Splendid for rockeries. \$0.50 each \$3.50 per 10 \$25.00 per 100
- SEDUM Acre. 2 to 3 inches. A profusion of yellow flowers in June and July. (R) Lemon Yellow.
- Album. WHITE STONECROP. 3 inches. White flowers during July and August.
- S. Kamtschaticum. ORANGE STONECROP. 8 inches. Light Evergreen foliage, with flat clusters of bright yellow flowers during July and August.
- S. Sieboldi. 9 inches. Gray-green Evergreen foliage, with clustered flowers of soft pink. (R) Rhodonite Pink. August and September.
- S. Spectabilis. BRILLIANT STONECROP. 1 to 1½ feet. Broad, thick oval leaves of cactus-like appearance, and flat terminal clusters of light pink flowers in late Summer and Autumn.
- Sempervivum Tinctorium. Houseleek. A dwarf perennial with thick fleshy leaves arranged in rosettes. Flowers small, on long stems in May. Valuable for rock and wall gardens.

 \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100
- SILENE Schafta. AUTUMN CATCHFLY. 6 inches. A good plant for the rock garden, bearing small violet-pink flowers from June to September. (R) Light Mallow Purple.
- plume-like panicles of white flowers in June and July. GOAT'S BEARD. 3 feet. Large SPIREA Aruncus. \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100
- STATICE Latifolia. SEA LAVENDER. 18 inches. A profusion of tiny lavender flowers, borne in light airy panicles from July to September. (R) Deep Lavender.
- STOKESIA Cyanea. STOKE'S ASTER. 1½ feet. Large flowers, somewhat resembling the China Aster, from June to October, in shades of (R) Pale Violet.
- var. Alba. White flowers.
- TEUCRIUM Canadensis. 1 foot. Dark green foliage, with spikes of light purple flowers in July and August. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10
- THALICTRUM Adiantifolium. 2 feet. Foliage somewhat resembles that of the Maidenhair Fern, while the rounded heads of white feathery bloom during June and July are especially beautiful. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100
- T. Glaucum. 3 to 5 feet. Very good for wild gardens. Has fern-like foliage, and clusters of greenish-yellow flowers from June to August. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10

- THYMUS Serphyllum. var. Coccinea. SCARLET THYME. An old fashioned plant used for edgings and rockwork. Has sweetly-scented leaves, and a profusion of tiny scarlet flowers from May to mid-August. 2 inches.
- T. Vulgaris. COMMON GARDEN THYME. 1 to 2 feet. A plant of the herb garden, valued for cooking; with pale lilac flower spikes in June and July. (R) Pale Persian Lilac.
- TIARELIA Purpurea. var. Major. 3 feet. Terminal spikes of bell-shaped flowers of light yellow, tipped with salmon-rose, in June.
- TRANDESCANTIA Virginica. SPIDERWORT. 1 to 3 feet. Broad grass-like foliage, and racemes of soft violet flowers from May to September. Good for water side planting in sun or semi-shade, and suggestive of the Japanese garden.
- TRITOMA Pfitzerii. RED HOT POKER. Grows 3 to 4 feet high, and sends up stiff stems of orange-scarlet flowers from August to October. \$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10
- TUNICA Saxifraga. 6 to 10 inches. Delicate, tiny lilac-pink flowers borne at the tips of grass-like stems in June and July. (R) Pale Amaranth Pink.
- VALERIANA coccinea. 2 feet. Tiny flowers in loose, irregular heads suggesting the color of crushed strawberries. June to October. (R) Begonia Rose.
- VERONICA Incana. 1½ feet. June with flower spikes of bluish-violet. June. Grev foliage.
- V. Longifolia. var. Subsessilis. SPEEDWELL. 2 feet. A branching type with violet flowers from August to October. (R) Royal Purple. Splendid as a cut flower. \$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10
- V. Spicata. 2 feet. Light bluish-violet flowers in June and July. (R) Dauphin Violet.
- VIOLA. These little plants are especially useful for edging purposes. They are perfectly hardy, and produce large pansy-like flowers in Spring and early Summer.
- V. Cornuta, Blue Perfection. HORNED VIOLET OR BED-DING PANSY. Sweet-scented violet-colored flowers from April until frost.
- var. Lutea Splendens. Flowers like a small, yellow pansy. (R) Empire Yellow.
- var. White Perfection. White flowers.

Ornamental Reeds and Grasses

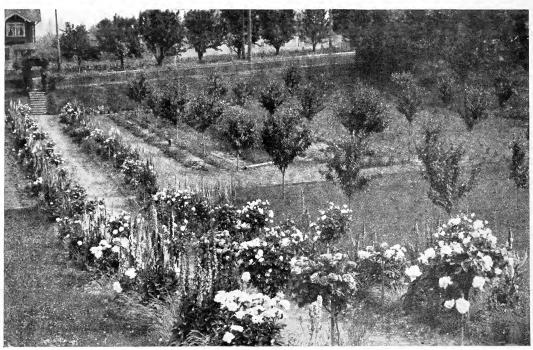
This class of plants is of great importance in land-scape work and have a value all their own. They are much used for planting as single specimens on the lawn, in groups, beds, or along streams.

- ARUNDO donax. GIANT REED. 8 to 10 feet. This tall-growing reed has most beautiful long, narrow \$0.50 each \$4.00 per 10
- EULALIA Japonica. 5 to 6 feet. Rather broad green leaves, and beautiful plumes in late Summer and early Fall. \$3.00 per 10 \$0.40 each \$20.00 per 100
- E. Japonica, var. Gracillima. JAPAN RUSH. 5 to 6 feet. A tall, swaying grass with narrow green leaves which has brown tassels in late Fall and Winter. \$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100
- var. Variegata. 4 to 5 feet. Long narrow leaves, striped with white. \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100 \$0.40 each
- PHALARIS Arundinacea Variegata. VARIEGATED RIB-BON GRASS. More dwarf than the Eulalias \$3.00 per 10 \$0.40 each \$20.00 per 100



MOON'S FRUITS





In the extremities of the lawn, or upon the adjoining lot, plant fruit trees. They will bountifully reward you in the fruit they yield and which you will enjoy eating right from the trees, or in Winter as preserves and jam. A flower-lined walk to the orchard will brighten the way and provide flowers for cutting.

Hardy Fruits for the Home Garden

THE home fruit garden combines utility and beauty. It is possible, by proper selection of varieties, to supply your table with fruit from the first cherries of early Summer to the spicy Winesap Apples, which you cut with your friends before the open fire in mid-Winter.

The snow-white cherry blossoms, the plum and the

APPLES

Strong, selected trees. Price of all varieties: Each, \$1.25 Per 10, \$10.00 Per 100, \$85.00 The number following the name denotes relative order of ripening in vicinity of Philadelphia.

Early Apples

RED ASTRACHAN. (2). An old popular variety, tart, juicy; flesh tinged with red.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT. (1). Medium size; pale yellow; flesh tender, juicy and sub-acid. Excellent for culinary purposes. Fruits when young.

Autumn Apples

FALL PIPPIN. (6). Large, yellow, rich and delicious. A good bearer when it reaches maturity. Likes a moist, well-drained soil.

GRAVENSTEIN. (4). Large, yellow, striped with red. Firm and fine flavored. Medium-heavy soil, well-drained.

MAIDEN BLUSH. (3). Large, yellow, with red cheek. Fine for cooking. Matures best south of New York.

SMOKEHOUSE. (7). Medium to large. Green or yellow, mottled with red. One of the best for home use because it ripens over a long period. Desirable for cooking or eating.

peach, and later the pear and the delicate pink of the apple blossoms vie with each other in profusion of bloom. The fruit garden can easily be made a part of the scheme for beautifying your property. There is much satisfaction in watching the growth of these trees that brighten the landscape in Spring, and later supply the delicacies to please both eye and palate.

WEALTHY. (5). White, yellow and red striped. Good dessert or cooking sort. Adapted to the North. A young and heavy bearer.

Winter Apples

BALDWIN. (9). Large, deep red; productive and desirable. A Winter apple north of New York; a Fall apple south. Medium to semi-light soil.

DELICIOUS. (14). Large, red, with a peculiar and distinct aroma. Juicy and rich.

GRIMES' GOLDEN. (10). Medium size, spicy, juicy and tender. One of the best early Winter varieties. Comes into bearing quite young. Matures best south of New York.

JONATHAN. (11). Beautiful red, of high quality. An early bearer, very popular.

McINTOSH. (8). A delicious, juicy, aromatic apple, with red or somewhat striped skin. Does best in the North.

NORTHERN SPY. (16). Pale yellow, striped with red. Excellent flavor and a good keeper. Does best in cold climates. Moderately heavy soil.

RHODE ISLAND GREENING. (12). Large greenish yellow. Prime quality. Popular north of New York.

ROME BEAUTY. (13). Yellow and red striped. Flesh yellow, crisp, sub-acid. A regular bearer, maturing best south of New York.



MOON'S FRUITS



STAYMAN WINESAP. (15). Large and prolific. Flesh yellow covered with red. Fine grained, tender, juicy, sub-acid. An early and heavy bearer. South of New York it is the standard mid-Winter apple. WINESAP. (17). Medium size, deep red; quality and

texture of flesh quite like the above. A good keeper.

Dwarf Apples

For small yards and limited areas, and for planting between standard trees, to be removed when the standards need the room. Come into bearing much younger than the large-growing trees.

Prices of all varieties:

Each, \$1.50

Per 10, \$12.50

Baldwin Maiden Blush McIntosh

Red Astrachan Stayman Winesap Yellow Transparent Wealthy

Crab Apples

The fruit of these varieties will make delicious jelly. Strong, selected trees. Price: Per 10, \$10.00 Each. \$1.25

HYSLOP. Large, crimson fruit. October.

TRANSCENDENT. Large; yellow and red. September.

CHERRIES

Strong, selected trees. Price, all varieties: Each, \$1.75 Per 10, \$16.00

Sweet Cherries

BLACK TARTARIAN. June. Big, dark red or black Splendid flavor. A favorite.

GOVERNOR WOOD. June. Large, white, shaded with red. Sweet and delicious.

YELLOW SPANISH. Late June. Yellow, red cheeks; firm, juicy and delicious. A popular light-colored cherry.

Sour Cherries

EARLY RICHMOND. June. Very productive. Useful cooking or preserving.

MONTMORENCY. Early July. Large, red, tart fruit.
Very productive and hardy. A better keeper than
Early Richmond.

PEACHES

Strong, selected trees. Prices of all varieties: Per 10, \$6.00 Per 100, \$50.00

The number following the name denotes relative order of ripening in the vicinity of Philadelphia.

Early Peaches

CARMEN. (2). August. Skin creamy-white with red cheek. Flesh white; fruit large and juicy. A most desirable variety when appearance and early ripening are taken into consideration. Semi-cling.

AMPION. (3). August. A magnificent white peach, extremely rich and juicy; very popular. Should be included in every home orchard. Free-CHAMPION. stone

GREENSBORO. (1). July. Red cheek, flesh white. Medium quality; a heavy and consistent bearer. Valued chiefly because of its early ripening. Clingstone.

Mid-Season

BELLE OF GEORGIA. (4). August and September. Large, rich, creamy-white flesh, with a bright red blush. Best white peach on the market. One of the best shippers. Popular as a commercial and home garden variety. Freestone.

ELBERTA. (5). Early September. The popular preserving peach, yellow skin, with deep red cheek. Flesh, golden yellow, firm and juicy. Unexcelled for commercial or home use. Has a distinctive flavor. Freestone.

J. H. HALE. (6). Mid-September. Large, yellow, freestone of excellent quality. An improvement over Elberta. Wonderful color, delicious flavor. Freestone.

OLD MIXON FREE. (7). September. An excellent flavored, large, white freestone. Red cheeked and productive.

Late

FOX SEEDLING. (8). Late September. Skin and flesh white. Freestone. Fruit large and of high quality.

IRON MOUNTAIN. (9). October. flesh. Freestone. An unusual White skin and Hesh. Freestone. An unusually good grower. Large fruit of good quality. Valuable for extending the peach season.

PEARS

It is well to remember that all varieties of pears are much better when picked a short time before they are ripe and matured in a cool, dark room.

Strong, selected trees. Price of all varieties: Each. \$1.75 Per 10, \$15.00

Summer Varieties

BARTLETT. Late August. A favorite in all orchards and markets. A large, rich, golden yellow pear; juicy and possessing a delicious flavor, making it most popular as an eating or canning pear.

CLAPP'S FAVORITE. August. Large, fine looking; yellow with crimson cheek. Fine grained; an excellent table pear.

Autumn Varieties

SECKEL. September and October. The standard of excellence among pears. Fruits medium in size, but make up for this in quality. Exceptionally sweet and juicy. Particularly valuable for home planting.

SHELDON. October. Large; russet and red, rich, melting and juicy, fine flavor. One of the best. A fine dessert variety.

WORDEN-SECKEL. September to October. Resembles the old-fashioned Seckel pear, just as good but

Winter Varieties

KIEFFER. November. Large, golden yellow. Vigorous and productive even when young. Fair in quality and excellent for canning. A good keeper.

LAWRENCE. November. Rather large, yellow pear of splendid flavor.

Dwarf Pears

Come into fruit sooner than the standard sorts, with fruit similar in quality. Adapted for small yards. Price:

Each. \$1.50 Per 10, \$12.50 We offer varieties BARTLETT and SECKEL.

A nicely stocked shelf of preserved fruit from your own home orchard, upon which to draw in winter, to the delight of yourself and your guests, is possible through the planting of a few fruit trees about your home grounds.



MOON'S FRUITS



PLUMS

Strong, selected trees. Price of all varieties: Per 10, \$15.00 Each, \$1.75

IMPERIAL GAGE. Middle of August. A delicious, good-sized freestone, sweet and juicy. Greenish in

LOMBARD. Last of August. One of the best plums for eating and preserving. Violet red skin, yellow flesh. A good commercial variety as well as being desirable for the home orchard.

SHROPSHIRE DAMSON. Last of September. A dark purple, medium-sized variety valued especially for preserving. One of the best sorts for Northern planting.

YELLOW GAGE. August. A particularly sweet and delicious variety, medium in size, with yellow skin and flesh.

Japan Plums

UNDANCE. August. Large, red; yellow flesh; sweet and rich. Valued for both cooking and eating. ABUNDANCE.

BURBANK. August. Good sized; red; valuable domestic sort; flesh sweet, rich and yellow.

QUINCE

Each, \$1.75 Per 10, \$15.00
ORANGE. September. Large and handsome fruit of good quality. Valued for preserving and jelly making.

Small Fruits

A few Blackberry and Raspberry Bushes set out in your garden rows, or along the boundary fence in the rear of the yard, will, for the little time and trouble entailed, amply repay you in the harvest of luscious fruits that they provide so soon after planting. As to Grapes, few homes there are indeed that have no room for a vine or two, and as they are ornamental as well as utilitarian can be used in conspicuous places.

Blackberries

Price of all varieties:

Each, \$0.20 Per 10, \$1.50 Per 100, \$10.00 ERIE. Early, hardy and productive; large sweet fruit of excellent quality.

ELDORADO. Sweet, melting and rich.

RATHBURN. Heavy bearer; extra large, jet black fruits of fine quality.





Raspberries and cream—whose mouth doesn't water at the very thought. Make sure of an abundant supply from your own garden by setting out some plants this year.

Raspberries

Price of all varieties:

Each, \$0.20 Per 10, \$1.50 Per 100, \$10.00

CUTHBERT. Late red; good quality and very hardy. One of the leading commercial varieties.

GREGG. Large, early black variety. Vigorous grower and a heavy yielder.

ST. REGIS. A new, ever-bearing red variety, valuable for any home garden.

Grapes

Each, \$0.60 Price of all varieties: Per 10, \$5.00 BRIGHTON. Excellent quality, red, similar in flavor to the better known Delaware. Will not bear if planted alone and should be used in combination with Worden.

CONCORD. Blue. The delicious, standard blue grape, adapted for most any location except the

extreme North. □ DELAWARE. Little red, sugary grapes of best quality. Not hardy in extreme Northern sections. Needs close pruning and good fertilization.

NIAGARA. The favorite white grape. For best flavor leave on the vine

until very ripe. WORDEN. A better grape than the Concord, especially in the extreme North, where it ripens two weeks earlier. Black, sweet and delicious.

Have you a grape arbor on your home-grounds? Think of the delicious clusters the vines bear in Autumn. Isn't it a satisfaction to treat your friends to Grapes from your own vines?



MOON'S TREES



Index

A	PAGE	C PAGE	PAGE
Abelia		Callicarpa47	Eulalia
Abies	14, 15	Calluna27	Euonymus
Acanthopanax	46	Calveanthus 47	Euonymus Vines
Acer	. 32, 33	Campanula69Candytuft, Hardy71Canterbury Bells69	Eupatorium70
Achillea	67	Candytuft, Hardy71	Evergreens
Achillea Actinidia Adam's Needle	66	Canterbury Bells69	Everhreens, Broad-leaved27
Adam's Needle	30	Cardinal Flower72	Exochorda
Aegopodium	94 46	Carpinus	F
Aesculus	. 54, 40	Caryopteris	•
Ailanthus	34	Catalpa35	Fagus
Akebia	66	Ceanothus48	Fire 14 15
Akebia Alder, Black Almonds, Flowering	55	Cedars Red 17	Fleur-de-lis 72
Almonds, Flowering	47	Cedrus	Forget-me-not72
Althea	53	Celastrus66	Fleur-de-lis
Alyssum	68	Celtis	
Amelanchier	46	Centaurea	Fraxinus 38 Fringe Tree 48 Fruits 76
Ampelopsis	66	Cephalotaxus	Fringe Tree
Amygdalus	47	Cerastium	Funkja70
Anchusa	67	Cerasus	runkia
AnchusaAndromeda	30	Cerasus 35 Cercidiphyllum 37	G
Anemone	68	Cercis 48	Gallardia71
Anthemis	68	Chamaedaphne 27 Chamaecyparis 16 Cherries, Flowering 35	Garland Flower
Apples	76	Chamaecyparis	Gas Plant
Apples, Crab	77	Cherries, Flowering	Gay Feather72
Apples, Dwarf		Cherries Ispanese Wooping 35	Geum
Arabic	68	Cherry Wild 49	Giant Reed
Arabis. Aralia. Arborvitæ.	46	Cherries, Fruit 77 Cherries, Japanese Weeping 35 Cherry, Wild 42 Chinese Yew 16	Gillenia71
Arborvitæ	25, 26		Ginkgo38
Arborvitæ, Chinese	lə	Chokeberry	Gleditsia
Arhutus Rush	27	Chokeberry 46 Chrysanthemums 69 Cinquefoil 56	Golden Bell
Armeria	68	Cinquefoil	Golden Chain
Aronia	46	Cladrastis 35 Clematis 66, 70	Golden Tuftb8
ArundoAsclepia	13	Clethre	Golden Glow
Ash	38	Clethra 48 Coffee Tree 38	Gold Flower
Ash, Mountain	44	Columbine	Grapes
Asters	68	Comptonia48	Grages, Wild
Astilbe	68	Coneflower	Gum, Sweet
Aubretia	69	Convallaria70	Gymnocladus38
Azaleas, Deciduous			
A -1 - T	41	Coralberry	Gout Weed67
Azaleas, Evergreen	28	Coreopsis	Gout Weed
Azaleas, Evergreen	28	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49	Gout Weed 67 Gypsophilla 71
Azaleas, EvergreenB	28	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49	Gout Weed
Azaleas, Evergreen B Baby's Breath	28	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corvlus 49	Gout Weed
Azaleas, Evergreen B Baby's Breath Baccharis	28	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corvlus 49	Gout Weed 67 Gypsophilla 71
Azaleas, Evergreen B Baby's Breath Baccharis	28	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hammelis 52
Azaleas, Evergreen B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood	28 71 47 74 47 45	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cottoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41	Gout Weed 67 Gypsophilla 71 H H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamamelis 52 Hardhack 59
Azaleas, Evergreen B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood	28 71 47 74 47 45	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratægus 50	Gout Weed 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry Halesia 52 Hamamelis 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49
Azaleas, Evergreen B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood	28 71 47 74 47 45	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratægus 50	Gout Weed 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamamelis 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut 49
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers	28 71 47 47 47 45 47 37, 38	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crabe, Flowering 41 Cratægus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamamelis 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin	28714774474547 37, 386947	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratægus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Curessus 16 Cydonia 49	Gout Weed 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Harmamelis 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris	2871477447474747 37, 386947	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratægus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Curessus 16 Cydonia 49	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamdhack 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris	2871477447474747 37, 386947	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratægus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Cuoressus 16	Gout Weed 67 Gypsophilla 71 H H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hammelis 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia	28714747474547 37, 3869474747474747	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crabe, Flowering 41 Cratægus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Cupressus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23	Gout Weed 67 Gypsophilla 71 H H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamamelis 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Heliosis 71
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Bigtonia	28714747445456947474869474748	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Cratægus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Cuoressus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23	Gout Weed 67 Gypsophilla 71 H H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hardmamelis 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Heliopsis 71 Hernerocallis 71 Hemlock 26
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Birches Bittersweet	28714774474547	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Corylus 49 Cotylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratzegus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Curessus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 D Daphne 27	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamamelis 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Heliopsis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemelock 26 Herperis 71
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Birches Bittersweet Blackberries	28714774474547	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Corylus 49 Cotylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratzegus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Curessus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 D Daphne 27	Gout Weed 67 Gypsophilla 71 H H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamamelis 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Heleinium 71 Heliopsis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemlock 26 Hesperis 71 Heuchera 71
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Birches Bittersweet Blackberries Blanket Flower	28714747474547 37, 3869474747461546154615474747	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Corylus 49 Cotylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratzegus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Curessus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 D Daphne 27	Gout Weed 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamdhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Helmock 26 Hesperis 71 Heuchera 71 Heuchera 71 Hibiscus 53
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Bitches Bittersweet Blackberries Blanket Flower Blazing Star	287147474547 3.4,38694747474748661566157878	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratægus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Curessus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 D Daphne 27 Day Lily 71 Delphinium 70 Deutzia 51	Gout Weed 67 Gypsophilla 71 H H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamamelis 52 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Heliopsis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemlock 26 Hesperis 71 Heuchera 71 Hibiscus 53 Hicoria 39
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Bitches Bittersweet Blackberries Blanket Flower Blazing Star	287147474547 3.4,38694747474748661566157878	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratægus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Curoressus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 D Daphne 27 Day Lily 71 Delptinium 70 Deutzia 51 Dianthus 70 Dicentra 70	Gout Weed 67 Gypsophilla 71 H H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamamelis 52 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Heliopsis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemlock 26 Hesperis 71 Heuchera 71 Hibiscus 53 Hicoria 39
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Bitches Bittersweet Blackberries Blanket Flower Blazing Star	287147474547 3.4,38694747474748661566157878	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratægus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Cupressus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 D Daphne Day Lily 71 Delphinium 70 Deutzia 51 Dianthus 70 Dicentra 70 Dictamnus 70	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hammelis 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Hemorecallis 71 Hemock 26 Hesperis 71 Heuchera 71 Hibiscus 53 Hicoria 39 High Bush Cranberry 62 Holly 29
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Birches Bittersweet Blackberries Blanket Flower Blazing Star Bleeding Heart Blueberry, High Bush Blue Bells	28714774474547 37, 38694747474647	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Crab, Flowering 41 Crab, Flowering 41 Crab, Flowering 41 Crab, Flowering 42 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Curoressus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 D D Daphne 27 Day Lily 71 Delphinium 70 Deutzia 51 Dicentra 70 Dictamnus 70 Diertzilla 51	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamamelis 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Heliopsis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemelock 26 Hesperis 71 Heuchera 71 Hubiscus 38 Hickory 39 Hickory 39 High Bush Cranberry 62 Holly 29 Hollyhocks 71
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Bitches Bittersweet Blackberries Blanket Flower Blazing Star Bleeding Heart Blueberry, High Bush Blue Bells Blue Spirea Blotonia	28714747474547 3.7, 3869474734661566717063707063706969	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratægus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Curessus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 D Daphne 27 Day Lily 71 Delptinium 70 Deutzia 51 Dianthus 70 Dicentra 70 Dictamnus 70 Dictamnus 70 Digitalis 70	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamamelis 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Heliopsis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemelock 26 Hesperis 71 Heuchera 71 Hubiscus 33 Hickory 39 Hickory 39 High Bush Cranberry 62 Hollyhocks 71
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Birches Bittersweet Blackberries Blanket Flower Blazing Star Bleeding Heart Blueberry, High Bush Blue Bells Bule Spirea Boltonia Boston Iyy		Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Cotyplus 49 Cotyplus 49 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Crab, Flowering 41 Crab, Flowering 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Cucressus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 D Daphne 27 Day Lily 71 Delphinium 70 Deutzia 51 Dianthus 70 Dicentra 70 Diervilla 51 Digitalis 70 Diospyros 38	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamdhack 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Helinopsis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemelock 26 Hesperis 71 Heuchera 71 Hibiscus 33 Hicoria 33 Hicoria 33 Hicoria 39 Hickory 39 High Bush Cranberry 62 Holly 29 Hollyhocks 71 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Bush 56
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Birches Bittersweet Blackberries Blanket Flower Blazing Star Bleeding Heart Blueberry, High Bush Blue Bells Blue Spirea Boltonia Boston Ivy Box Elder	28714747474748694734661534667871726072606969696969	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratsegus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Cupressus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 D D Daphne 27 Day Lily 71 Delptinium 70 Deutzia 51 Dianthus 70 Dicentra 70 Diervilla 51 Digitalis 70 Diospyros 38 Dogwood 36, 49	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamdhack 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Helinopsis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemelock 26 Hesperis 71 Heuchera 71 Hibiscus 33 Hicoria 33 Hicoria 33 Hicoria 39 Hickory 39 High Bush Cranberry 62 Holly 29 Hollyhocks 71 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Bush 56
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Birches Bittersweet Blackberries Blanket Flower Blazing Star Bleeding Heart Blue Bells Blue Spirea Bottonia Boston Ivy Box Elder Boxwood		Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Cotyplus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratybromeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Cupressus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 D Daphne Day Lily 71 Delphinium 70 Deitzia 51 Dianthus 70 Dictamnus 70 Dietrilla 51 Digitalis 70 Diospyros 38 Dowlas Spruce 21	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hardhack 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Helinopsis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hempock 26 Hesperis 71 Hesperis 71 Hesperis 71 Heuchera 71 Holy 29 High Bush Cranberry 62 Holly 29 Hollyhocks 71 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Ge
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Baswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Birches Bittersweet Blackberries Blanket Flower Blazing Star Bleeding Heart Blueberry, High Bush Blue Bells Bus Bives Boston Ivy Box Elder Boxwood Bridal Wreath		Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Cotyplus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratybromeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Cupressus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 D Daphne Day Lily 71 Delphinium 70 Deitzia 51 Dianthus 70 Dictamnus 70 Dietrilla 51 Digitalis 70 Diospyros 38 Dowlas Spruce 21	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hardhack 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Helinopsis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hempock 26 Hesperis 71 Hewelber 71 Hesperis 71 Hewelber 71 Hewelber 71 Hewelber 71 Hewelber 71 Honlock 26 Hosperis 71 Honeysuckle, 96 Holly 29 High Bush Cranberry 62 Holly 29 Hollyhocks 71 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Une 66 Hornbeam 35
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Birches Bittersweet Blackberries Blanket Flower Blazing Star Bleeding Heart Blueberry, High Bush Blue Bells Blue Spirea Bottonia Boston Ivy Box Elder Boxwood Bridal Wreath Boxwood Bridal Wreath Buckeye.	28714747474547 37, 3869473466153466717063727063726969696969696969696969696969	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Crab, Flowering 42 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Curoressus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 Daphne 27 Day Lily 71 Delphinium 70 Deutzia 51 Dianthus 70 Dietamhus 70 Dietzia 51 Digitalis 70 Diospyros 38	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamamelis 52 Hamdhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Heliopsis 71 Heliopsis 71 Hembock 26 Hesperis 71 Hembock 26 Hesperis 71 Hembock 26 Hesperis 71 Heuchera 71 Hibiscus 53 Hickory 39 High Bush Cranberry 62 Hollyhocks 71 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Une 66 Hornbeam 35 Horsechestnut 34 Houseleek 76 Horsechestnut 34 Houseleek 76 Hydrangeas 54 Hydrangeas
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Baswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Birches Bittersweet Blackberries Blakekerries Blakekerries Blanket Flower Blazing Star Bleeding Heart Blueberry, High Bush Blue Bells Boston Ivy Box Elder Boxwood Bridal Wreath Buckeye. Bouckeye. Buckthorn		Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Cotyplus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratybromeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Cupressus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 D Daphne Day Lily 71 Delphinium 70 Deitzia 51 Dianthus 70 Dictamnus 70 Dietrilla 51 Digitalis 70 Diospyros 38 Dowlas Spruce 21	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hardhack 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Helinopsis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hempock 26 Hesperis 71 Hesperis 71 Hesperis 71 Heuchera 71 Holy 29 High Bush Cranberry 62 Holly 29 Hollyhocks 71 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Ge
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bijonnia Biota Birches Bittersweet Blackberries Blakekberries Blakek Flower Blazing Star Bleeding Heart Blueberry, High Bush Blue Sells Blue Spirea Boltonia Boston Ivy Box Elder Boxwood Bridal Wreath Buckeye. Buckthorn Buddleia Bush Arbutus	28714749	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratsegus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Curoressus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 D D Daphne 27 Day Lily 71 Delphinium 70 Deutzia 51 Dianthus 70 Dicentra 70 Dicertmaus 70 Diervilla 51 Digitalis 70 Dougydood 36, 49 Douglas Spruce 21 Dusty Miller 67 Dwarf Horsechestnut 46 <td>Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hardhack 52 Hardhack 55 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Helianthus 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hempock 26 Hesperis 71 Hesperis 71 Hesperis 71 Henchera 71 Holiovis 53 Hicoria 339 Hickory 39 Hickory 39 High Bush Cranberry 62 Holly 29 Hollyhocks 71 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Une 66 Hornbeam 35 Horsechestnut 34 Houseleek 75 Hydrangeas 54, 66 Hypericum 55, 71</td>	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hardhack 52 Hardhack 55 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Helianthus 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hempock 26 Hesperis 71 Hesperis 71 Hesperis 71 Henchera 71 Holiovis 53 Hicoria 339 Hickory 39 Hickory 39 High Bush Cranberry 62 Holly 29 Hollyhocks 71 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Une 66 Hornbeam 35 Horsechestnut 34 Houseleek 75 Hydrangeas 54, 66 Hypericum 55, 71
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Beech Beelflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Birches Bittersweet Blackberries Blanket Flower Blazing Star Bleeding Heart Blueberry, High Bush Blue Bells Blue Spirea Boltonia Boston Ivy Box Elder Boxwood Bridal Wreath Buckeye. Buckthorn Buddleia Bush Arbutus Butterfy Bush Butterfy Bush	28714747474748694734661534667872706372637269	Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Corylus 49 Cotylus 49 Cotylus 49 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Crab, Flowering 42 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Curoressus 16 Cyptomeria 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 Daphne 27 Day Lily 71 Delphinium 70 Delphinium 70 Deutzia 51 Dieanthus 70 Dietamhus 70 Dietamhus 70 Dietziamus 70 <td>Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamamelis 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Helianthus 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemck 26 Hesperis 71 Heuchera 71 Heuchera 71 Heuchera 71 Holyosis 71 Hence 926 Holyosis 73 Horosus 53 Hickory 39 Hickory 39 Hickory 39 High Bush Cranberry 62 Holly 62 Hollyhocks 71 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Wine 66 Hornbeam 35 Horsechestnut 34 Houseleek 75 Hydrangeas 54, 66 Hypericum 55, 71</td>	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamamelis 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Helianthus 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemck 26 Hesperis 71 Heuchera 71 Heuchera 71 Heuchera 71 Holyosis 71 Hence 926 Holyosis 73 Horosus 53 Hickory 39 Hickory 39 Hickory 39 High Bush Cranberry 62 Holly 62 Hollyhocks 71 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Wine 66 Hornbeam 35 Horsechestnut 34 Houseleek 75 Hydrangeas 54, 66 Hypericum 55, 71
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Birches Bittersweet Blackberries Blanket Flower Blazing Star Bleeding Heart Blueberry, High Bush Blue Spirea Boston Ivy Box Elder Boxwood Bridal Wreath Boxwood Bridal Wreath Buckeye Buckthorn Buddleia Bush Arbutus Butterfly Bush Blutterfly Bush Butterfly Weed		Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratægus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Curessus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 D Daphne 27 Day Lily 71 Delptinium 70 Deutzia 51 Dianthus 70 Dicentra 70 Dictamnus 70 Dictamnus 70 Dicyrilla 51 Digitalis 70 Douglas Spruce 21 Dwarf Horsechestnut 46 E E Eleagnus 58 <td>Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hardhack 52 Hardhack 55 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Helianthus 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Homerocallis 75 Homerocallis 77 Liberis 77 Liberis 75</td>	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hardhack 52 Hardhack 55 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Helianthus 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Homerocallis 75 Homerocallis 77 Liberis 77 Liberis 75
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Baswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Birches Bittersweet Blackberries Blanket Flower Blazing Star Bleeding Heart Blueberry, High Bush Blue Bells Boston Ivy Box Elder Boxwood Bridal Wreath Buckeye, Buckthorn Buddleia Bush Arbutus Butterfly Weed Butterfly Wee		Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Crab, Flowering 44 Cuberossus 16 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22 Daphne 27 Day Lily 71 Delphinium 70 Deutzia 51 Dieanthus 70 Dietambus 70 Dietam	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamdhack 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Helianthus 71 Helianthus 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Houchera 71 Holianthus 53 Hickory 39 Hickory 39 Hickory 39 Hickory 39 Hickory 62 Holly 29 Hollyhocks 71 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Wine 66 Hornbeam 35 Horsechestnut 34 Houseleek 75 Hydrangeas 54, 66 Hypericum 55, 71 Iberis 71 Iberis 71 Ilex 29, 55 Iris 772
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Baswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Birches Bittersweet Blackberries Blanket Flower Blazing Star Bleeding Heart Blueberry, High Bush Blue Bells Boston Ivy Box Elder Boxwood Bridal Wreath Buckeye, Buckthorn Buddleia Bush Arbutus Butterfly Weed Butterfly Wee		Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Cratsegus 50 Cryptomeria 16 Cucumber Tree 40 Cupressus 16 Cydonia 49 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22, 23 D D Daphne 27 Day Lily 71 Delptian 70 Deutzia 51 Dianthus 70 Dictamnus 70 Dictamnus 70 Dictamnus 51 Digitalis 70 Dowylas Spruce 21 Dusty Miller 67 Dwarf Horsechestnut 46 E E	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hamdhack 52 Hardhack 59 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Helianthus 71 Helianthus 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Houchera 71 Holianthus 53 Hickory 39 Hickory 39 Hickory 39 Hickory 39 Hickory 62 Holly 29 Hollyhocks 71 Honeysuckle, Bush 56 Honeysuckle, Wine 66 Hornbeam 35 Horsechestnut 34 Houseleek 75 Hydrangeas 54, 66 Hypericum 55, 71 Iberis 71 Iberis 71 Ilex 29, 55 Iris 772
B Baby's Breath Baccharis Balloon Flower Barberries Balloon Flower Barberries Basswood Beauty Fruit Beech Bellflowers Benzoin Berberris Betula Bignonia Biota Birches Bittersweet Blackberries Blanket Flower Blazing Star Bleeding Heart Blueberry, High Bush Blue Spirea Boston Ivy Box Elder Boxwood Bridal Wreath Boxwood Bridal Wreath Buckeye Buckthorn Buddleia Bush Arbutus Butterfly Bush Blutterfly Bush Butterfly Weed		Coralberry 61 Coreopsis 70 Cork Tree, Chinese 42 Cornel Dogwoods 49 Cornus 36, 49 Corylus 49 Cotoneaster 28, 50 Cowslip, English 74 Crab, Flowering 41 Crab, Flowering 44 Cuberossus 16 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Bald 44 Cypress, Japan 22 Daphne 27 Day Lily 71 Delphinium 70 Deutzia 51 Dieanthus 70 Dietambus 70 Dietam	Gout Weed. 67 Gypsophilla 71 H Hackberry 37 Halesia 52 Hardhack 52 Hardhack 55 Hawthorne 50 Hazelnut 49 Hazelnut, Purple 49 Heather 27 Hedera 66 Helenium 71 Helianthus 71 Helianthus 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Hemerocallis 71 Homerocallis 75 Homerocallis 77 Liberis 77 Liberis 75

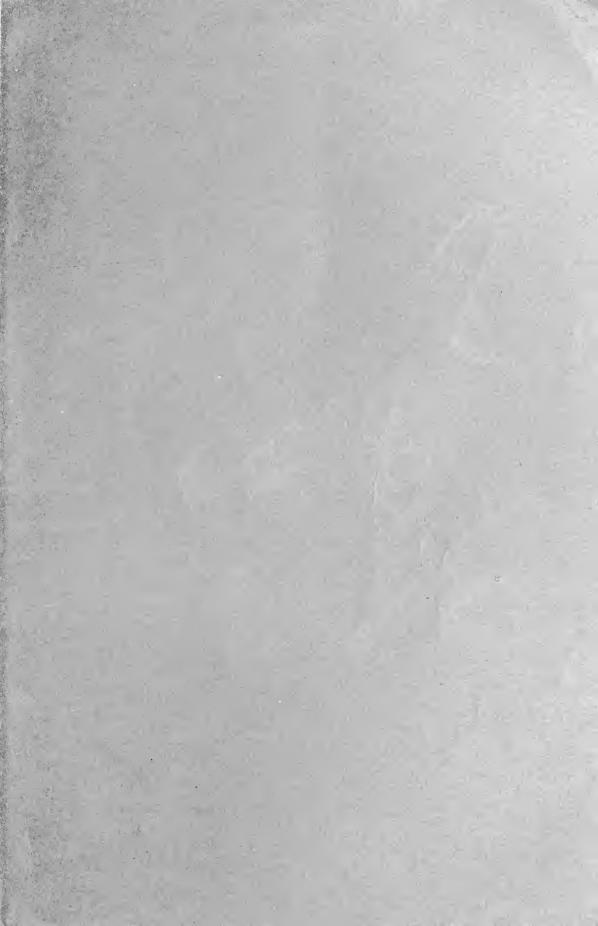


MOON'S TREES



INDEX—Continued

J	PAGE		PAGE		PAGE
Japan Maple		Picea	18, 19	Spiderwort. Spirea. Spirea, Blue. Spirea, Herbaceous. Spruces. St. John's Wort. Statice. Stephanandra	75
Japan Judas Japan Rush Juglans Junipers Juniperus		Picea. Pieris. Pines. Pine, Umbrella. Pine, White. Pinks, Hardy. Pinus. Plane, Oriental. Plantain Lily. Platanus.	20.21	Spirea Dluc	59, 60, 75
Juglans.	39	Pine, Umbrella	23	Spirea, Herbaceous	
Junipers	16, 17	Pine, White	21	Spruces	18, 19
Juniperus	16, 17	Pinks, Hardy	20. 21	St. John's Wort	55, 71
K		Plane, Oriental	42	Stephanandra	
Kadsura Tree	37	Plantain Lily	70	Stephanandra Stokesia Stonecrop Styrax Sumae	
Kalmia	30	Platanus Platycodon Plum, Fruit	42	Stonecrop	
Kentucky Coffee Tree Kerria, White		Plum Fruit	78	Sumae	58
	0.	Plumbago Poplars Polygonum Poppy	74	Sumac, Chinese. Sunflowers. Sweet Fern. Sweet Gum. Sweet Pea, Perennial Sweet Shrub.	34
L		Poplars	42	Sunflowers	71
Lapurnum	39	Polygonum	74	Sweet Fern	
Larix	39	Populus	1	Sweet Pea, Perennial	
Larkspur		Potentilla.	56	Sweet Shrub	47
Lathyrus	72	Populus Potentilla Primula Privet	74	Sweet William Symphoricarpos	
Laburnum Larch Larch Larix Larkspur Lathyrus Laurl, Mountain Lead Plant Leucothoe		Prunus	42. 56	Syringa, Lilaes	60
Lead Wort	74	Pseudotsuga Douglasi	21	Syringa, Mock Orange	57
Leac Wort. Leucothoe Liatris Ligustrum Lilacs Lily-of-the-Valley. Linden. Linum. Liquidamber. Lirindendron		Pseudolarix	40		
Ligustrum	55	Purple Fringe Pyrethrum	74	Т	
Lilacs	60, 61	1 yredijam		Tamarisk	61
Lily-of-the-Valley	70	Q	10.11	Tamarix Taxodium	44
Linden		Quercus	43, 44	Taxus	24
Liquidamber	. 39	Quince, Fruit	78	Teucrium	
				Thalictrum	68
Lobella		Ranunculus	7.4	Thrift. Thorn.	50
Locust, Honey Lonicera, Shrub	56	Ranunculus	58	Thuya	25, 26
Lonicera, Vine	66	Raspberries, Fruit	78	Thymus	
Lychnis Lysimachia	$\frac{72}{72}$	Red Bud	48	Tilia Tradescantia	75
Lysimachia		Red Cedar	17	Tree of Heaven	34
М		Retinospora	22, 23	Trees, Deciduous	31-45
Magnolias	40	Rhamnus	57	Tritoma Trumpet Vine	66
Mahonia		Rhododendrons	30	Tsuga	
Maidenhair Tree Malus	41	Rhododendron, Hybrid Rhododendron, Native	30	Tufted Pansy	75
Monlog	20 22	Rhodotypus		Tulip Tree	39
Maples, Japanese Maple, Japanese Mertensia Mist Tree Mock Orange Monardia		Rhus	58	I unica	
Mertensia	72	Rock Cress	64 65	U	
Mock Orange	57	Rose, Japanese	65	Ulmus	
Monardia	72	Roses, Baby Rambler	65	Umbrella Pine	23
Morus		Roses, Hardy Garden	64	Umbrella Tree	35
Mountain Ash	74	Roses, Moss	64	v	
Mountain Pink Mulberries	39	Roses, Wichuriana Hybrids	65	Vaccinium	69
Myosotis	72	Rose of Sharon	53	Valeriana	
Myrica Myrtle	66	Rubis	75	Varnish Tree	39
Wigitie		Rush, Japan	75	Verbena Shrub Veronica	69
N		· -		Viburnum	62
New Jersey Tea	48	Sage, Blue	75	Vinca	66
Nettle Tree Nyssa		Sassafras	44	Vines, Ornamental	66
Nyssa	41	Salisburia	38	ViolaViolets	75
O		Salix	44	Virginia Creeper	66
O Oaks Oenothera Olear Dogwood	43, 44	Salt Bush		Virgin's Bower	66
Oenothera		Sambucus	58	Vitis	66
Osier Dogwood		Scarlet Thyme		w	
Osier Dogwood Oxydendrum		Sciadopitys	75	Walnuts	39
-		Sedum	75	Wayfaring Tree	62
P	70	Sempervivum		Weigelas	63
Pachysandra		Shad BushShagbark	39	White Fringe Tree	48
Papaver		Shasta Daisy	69	Windflower	68
Peaches, Fruit	<u>77</u>	Shrubs, Deciduous	46-63	Winterberry	
Pears		Shrubs, Deciduous Shrubs, Evergreen Siberian Pea	27-30	Withe Rod Wisteria	66
Peonies		Silene		Witch Hazel	52
Pepper Bush	48	Silver Bell	52	Woodbine	66
Perennial Pea		Silver Thorn	51	·	
Perennial Flax	67	Smoke Tree	62	X	60
Periwinkle.		Snowberry	61	Xanthorrhiza	63
Persimmon	38	Snowberry Snow-in-Summer	69	Y	
Phalaris		Sophora	44 58	Yarrow	67
Philadelphus	57	Sorbus	44	Yellow Day Lily	
Phlox		Sorrel Tree	41	Yellow Root	63
Pachysandra Pagoda Tree Pagoda Tree Papaver Peaches, Fruit Pears Pentstemon Peonies Pepper Bush Perennial Pea Perennial Flax Perennials, Hardy Periwinkle Persimmon Phalaris Phellodendron Philadelphus Phox Photinia Physocarpus Physostegia		Sour GumSpeedwell		Yellow WoodYews	
r nysocarpus Physostegia	74	Spice Bush	47	Yucca	30
- 11 00000B100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				



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